

POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"It bears no passport, no parole, But free and careless as the air, My thought despises all control, And wanders everywhere."

Shortly before dawn at 10 o'clock yesterday morning Jimmy Walker, the hustling mayor, with a pocket flashlight in each hand made his way to the White House and was sitting on the front steps when the milkman came. Come again, Jimmy, but don't get us up so early!

The Goodyear company may decide to manufacture Zeppelins right here in Washington. Two large funnels will be run, one from the Senate and the other from the House.

The gold gilders and lily painters of the House will take up the "lame duck" bill today for amendment with the view of making it a little more amiable if possible.

"I'm thankful that the sun and moon Are both hung up so high, That no presumptuous hand can stretch

And pull them from the sky. If they were not, I have no doubt But some reforming ass Would recommend to take them down

And light the world with gas."

"It seems to me," says Mr. Caraway, "that the Chief of Police has been getting a good deal of liquor himself if I should believe the reports emanating from the other end of the Capitol." The Constitutional freedom of speech enjoyed by Senators and Representatives is put to an unfair use when employed to convict any man in advance of his trial, but to the average dry everybody is guilty even if he proves himself innocent.

Russian concert will be dodgast this evening, so don't blame everything on static.

It's hard to tell whether the movies are suffering from block booking or blockhead booking.

A little shooting in Arlington County reminds one that "hell hath no fury" like what was it the poet said?

The frantic demands of the Anti-Saloon League upon all political parties for prohibition enforcement is a damaging admission that a decade after it was incorporated within the organic law prohibition isn't being enforced. Why not put Dr. F. Scott McBride in complete charge of this work and let him hold himself responsible?

It's understood that Secretary Hoover's board of strategy—if any—hasn't quite made up his mind yet about barking at Jim Watson. As Mark Twain improved on Bill Shakespeare—

"To be, or not to be; that is the bare bodkin That makes calamity of so long life."

The Donkey stands quite merry-eyed, Courageous, bold, unterrified;

No sheriff's writ Scares him a bit— The deficit Is paid.

The campaign pot begins to boil Without a single drop of oil O. K'd.

PSYCHO-PATHETIC NOTE. Loudens nets the delegates-at-large in Iowa.

It is encouraging to the candidates to note that the Democratic party still has a few members capable, thanks to Republican policies, of coming across for \$50,000.

We advise that Mexican assassin who charges only 5 pesos for a murder to keep out of Chicago if he doesn't want to get in bad with the Amalgamated Bandits and Highway-men's union.

Ralph Strassburger photo-radiographs his signature from London and it may be accepted and get him on the list of Pennsylvania delegates, but if it looks like the balance of the television pictures we've seen it would never get by a bank cashier.

But, Senator Caraway, why should anybody believe the reports emanating from "the other end of the Capitol," regardless of which end you happen to be standing in?

John L. uncorrs his big wallop and has the railroads hanging on the ropes. Lewis looks like good material for Tex Rickard to negotiate with.

Senator Ferris, of Michigan, declines to run again for reasons which disclose his utter unfitness for public life—he is suffering from intellectual integrity.

Force school is branded a "pest house" by a doctor, and if we could only hear from the kids we'd find we have a heap more.

But what puzzles us is how reporters can get so smart as to be able to tell whether Mayor Jimmy Walker is coming or going.

ROBERTS PROPOSES CUTTING \$14,500,000 OFF MERGER VALUES

Citizen Counsel Starts Slicing, With Attack on Depreciation.

BARS ARE LET DOWN FOR ANY QUESTIONING

Ham and Hanna on Stand at Hearing; Clayton Brings Up One-Man Cars.

The bars were let down in the street car merger hearing yesterday when the Public Utilities Commission ruled that representatives of the Federation of Citizens' Associations might cross-examine at will, on almost any topic the witnesses placed on the stand by the car companies. At once the hearing began to wander off into a maze of figures. Questions flew on what the commission called, in its ruling, matters of fact, but many of which seemed to non-technical observers to have reared their flight from realms of fancy. Hard-headed traction operators had to call for repetition of abstruse inquiries. Questioners had to essay two or three trials to get their searching riddles into understandable terms.

W. A. Roberts, vice chairman of the federation's public utilities committee who is a valuation lawyer, leaped at the gap opened by the commission and at one fell swoop ripped \$14,500,000 from the \$62,500,000 claimed by the companies as a proper rate base value of their properties. Or at least he said he had done so. When arguments occur at the end of the hearing company lawyers promise to get the \$14,500,000 back.

Ham Content With \$50,000,000. Tuesday, William F. Ham, president of the Washington Railway & Electric Co., said that merger negotiations would be declared off unless the proposed agreement on \$50,000,000 as initial merger valuation was accepted by the commission. And yesterday he said that although the companies claimed \$62,500,000 of value, they had only to prove value to the amount of \$50,000,000 since they were offering to forego \$12,500,000 and accept \$50,000,000 to start with. Roberts says that he has by one item already reduced the \$62,500,000 to \$48,000,000, or nearly 2,000,000 less than the \$50,000,000 and has therefore wiped out the ground on which Ham stood.

All of which emphasized what has been evident from the start, that valuation is figured and depends on who does the figuring.

Combined Depreciation \$7,249,000. The commission's ruling, specifically was that cross-examination could be extended to embrace "items in the adjudicated valuation of the Capital Traction Co. The company lawyers had sought to prevent such cross-examination, stating that the courts had already established that valuation and the principles it involved and that the commission was bound by the courts' action. One of the questions was depreciation. The court had not ruled depreciation out of the valuation for rate making. Roberts will argue to the commission that depreciation is no proper part of valuation for rate making.

Basing his point on several preliminary technical questions, Roberts drew

CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 2.

EMPEROR OF JAPAN LOSES BABY DAUGHTER

Pneumonia, Following Upon Influenza Attack, Is Contributory Cause.

Tokyo, March 7 (A.P.).—The 6-month-old daughter of Emperor Hirohito of Japan died today. "Complications following pneumonia" was assigned as the cause of the death of the imperial baby, who had been critically ill for several days.

The child originally was attacked by influenza, from which the emperor himself also suffered, together with thousands of Japanese people. It was announced yesterday that the emperor was convalescent.

At the bedside of little Princess Hishi were the emperor and other members of the royal family. There will be no official mourning, as the child was under 7 years of age, and no public mourning. Interment will be under Shinto rites at Asakawa, near Tokyo, where the late Emperor Taisho is buried.

400 Sicilians Seized In Mafia Dragnet

Palermo, Sicily, March 7 (A.P.).—Four hundred alleged Mafia delinquents were today rounded up by a police dragnet in the provinces of Agrigento and Caltanissetta.

The operation, which was carried on by 500 carabinieri, was undertaken in an effort to find the persons responsible for 62 murders and 417 other offenses ranging from felonies to simple thefts.

Termini Imerese, Sicily, March 7 (A.P.).—Sixty-seven persons accused of various crimes in connection with the Mafia or of aiding various Mafia leaders have been sentenced to imprisonment of from 2 years to 27 years.

TO TRY SEA HOP



Underwood & Underwood. THE HONORABLE ELSIE MACKAY.

TITLED ENGLISHWOMAN PLANS OCEAN HOP TODAY

Viscount Incheape's Daughter Has Capt. Hinchcliffe as Her Pilot.

AMERICAN PLANE TESTED

London, March 7 (A.P.).—The Daily Express says that the Honorable Elsie Mackay, third daughter of Viscount Incheape, well known shipowner, intends to start at noon tomorrow with Capt. Walter G. R. Hinchcliffe in an attempt to fly to America.

The start will be made, weather permitting, from the Cranwell airfield, Lincolnshire. Hinchcliffe will pilot an American Stinson monoplane, similar in type to the plane used by Lindbergh in crossing the Atlantic. It was brought here from New York on the Aquitania in January.

Preparations have been in progress for some months, says the Express, and rumors have been current, but the closest friends of Miss Mackay and Capt. Hinchcliffe have been unable to confirm the report, owing to the extraordinary precautions for concealment.

A golden winged airplane circled over the Cranwell airfield today, making various tests. It had the name Adventure painted on the fuselage, and the union jack below.

Extra gasoline tanks, the Express correspondent says, have been installed in the wings, so that there will be no shortage, and more gasoline is to be carried in special aluminum cans, their lightness saving 2½ pounds weight on every 4-gallon can.

Capt. Walter Hinchcliffe last fall was associated with Charles A. Levine and was granted leave of absence by the Imperial Airways, to which he was attached, for the purpose of piloting Levine's plane Columbia back to the United States from England.

Friction developed, and the prospective flight was delayed from time to time, and finally abandoned. Eventually a flight to India was begun, but it ended in Europe.

The Honorable Elsie Mackay is a qualified air pilot, having received her certificate about five years ago. She is a member of the British Air Legion and was elected to the advisory committee of pilots of the Air League in 1925.

3, Blasting Stumps, Killed by Dynamite

Central Islip, N. Y., March 7 (A.P.).—Three men dynamiting stumps from a field were killed today when a charge exploded prematurely. They were Julius Dunn and Edward Dixon, of this village, and Walter Berg, of Islip.

ITALIAN EARTHQUAKE CAUSES WIDE DAMAGE

Heaviest Tremors Felt in Messina, Scene of Historic Calamity in 1908.

Rome, March 7 (A.P.).—Southern Italy, as well as eastern and northern Sicily, was rocked by earthquake shocks at noon today. Throughout the affected area the shocks lasted from 10 to 30 seconds, but so far as is known there have been no casualties.

Reggio Calabria was badly shaken and considerable damage was done, with an accompanying panic.

Strong tremors were felt throughout the provinces of Basilicata and Calabria, while Messina, on the opposite shore of the straits, the scene of one of the greatest disasters in the history of the country, in 1908, felt the shock more severely than any other place in Sicily.

At Reggio Calabria people rushed from their homes into the streets. The walls of one hotel were badly cracked and a neighboring business block was badly damaged. Telegraphic communication was almost completely cut off, and details are lacking. In Sicily the shocks spread from Messina westward to Palermo, but were slight in the latter city.

FIRM BRITISH NOTE OF WARNING BRINGS ANXIETY TO EGYPT

Cairo Is Told Sternly No Curb on Suez Will Be Tolerated.

EFFECT IS COUPLED WITH THE HOLY WAR

Acuteness of Deadlock Now Up to New Regime in the Nile Capital.

Cairo, Egypt, March 7 (A.P.).—Publication of the British note dealing with the maintenance of public order and the protection of life and property in Egypt, caused considerable excitement here. Nahas Pasha, nationalist leader was closeted with King Fuad for an hour. He explained that the interview had nothing to do with formation of a new cabinet, but was simply an examination of the entire present situation. The newspaper Balagh, commenting on the British note, says that if England's ideas were carried out, not only parliamentary authority but the authority of the Egyptian government itself would be canceled. The newspaper adds:

"There are indications that the future is not so black as some think. Some means will be found to preserve parliamentary freedom and governmental authority."

Coupled With "Holy War."

London, March 7 (A.P.).—The stern note which Great Britain presented to Egypt, stating in effect that the British will not grant full independence to that country at present has been coupled with the "holy war" in Arabia to create a situation which may affect British relations throughout the Near East to the borders of India.

Dispatches tonight from Egypt assert that the political situation there is fraught with confusion, uncertainty and excitement.

The British note, which apparently dropped like a bombshell in Cairo political circles after the breakdown of negotiations for an Anglo-Egyptian alliance, makes it clear to the Nile country that Great Britain will not tolerate any legislation that is likely to hinder English power in protecting foreign life and property in Egypt. The note reveals that the British government for some time has feared such legislation would be adopted by the Egyptian Parliament. So long as there was prospect of a treaty of alliance, however, Britain refrained from expressing these fears.

Well-informed British observers believe that the home government now has said its final word and that the burden of the next move in the imbroglio rests on Egypt. Shorn of diplomatic verbiage, the position is about as follows:

Egypt declines to sign any treaty of alliance which does not accord absolute independence to her. She rejects the right of England to maintain troops in Egypt or to have any control over the Egyptian police.

Britain to Keep Troops.

Britain, on the other hand, firmly intends to keep her troops there, believing the soldiers are necessary for protection of the Suez Canal. She also insists on maintaining a measure of control on maintaining a measure of control on maintaining a measure of control.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 20, COLUMN 1.

NAVY JUMPER STOPS WIFE'S BRIDGE LEAP

W. J. Scott, Parachute Expert, Saves Woman as She Climbs on Key Span Rail.

William F. Scott, a parachute jumper attached to the Aracostia Naval Air Station, yesterday afternoon prevented his wife, Mrs. Stella E. Scott, 25 years old, from leaping from the Key Bridge after she had climbed to the railing, according to a police report. Mrs. Scott was sent to Gullinger Hospital for mental observation.

According to the husband, Mrs. Scott left their home at 528 Ninth street southeast yesterday afternoon, and he followed her. She went by a street car to the Key Bridge, alighting from the car on the Georgetown side. Followed by her husband, she walked over to the middle of the bridge and then "climbed the railing."

Scott says that he rushed up and grabbed her and, with the assistance of a passerby pulled her back to safety.

Husband and Wife Hold Parliament Seats

Penzance, England, March 7 (A.P.).—The first woman Liberal in the present British Parliament and the first husband and wife combination in the house of commons have resulted from Tuesday's by-election in St. Ives.

Mrs. Walter Runciman, wife of the Liberal member from Swansea West, not only became the first woman Liberal in the present house, but succeeded in capturing the St. Ives constituency from the Conservatives.

The district formerly was a Liberal stronghold, but returned a Conservative at the last general election in 1924. This was J. A. Hawke, who was recently elevated to the bench, leaving the seat vacant.

Index to Today's Issue.

- Pages.
- 1—Democratic Surplus Announced.
 - 2—British Note Alarms Egypt.
 - 3—Proposed Slashing Merger Values.
 - 4—Arlington Prosecutor Shot.
 - 5—Douthitt Called in Police Inquiry.
 - 6—Letters Seized in Ship Probe.
 - 7—More of Lost Plane Found.
 - 8—Sharp Words Pass at League Meet.
 - 9—Drys War on Wet Candidate.
 - 10—Senator Ferris Not to Run Again.
 - 11—Railroads Blamed for Mine Troubles.
 - 12—The Day in Congress.
 - 13—5 Witnesses Called in Oil Inquiry.
 - 14—Nicaraguan Occupation Upheld.
 - 15—Editorials.
 - 16—Society.
 - 17—Behind the Screens.
 - 18—Next Week in the Theaters.
 - 19—Magazine Page.
 - 20—12-17-19—Finance.
 - 21—14-15—Sports.
 - 22—Radio and Comic.
 - 23—18-19—Classified Advertisements.
 - 24—Weather and Legal Record.
 - 25—House Passes Bridge Bill.
 - 26—Lindbergh Sees Kellogg.
 - 27—Center Market Bill Reported.

TRIAL OF WISE IS BEGUN IN DEATH OF LUMBERMAN

Two Witnesses Testify Capital Dairyman Told Them He Hit Livers.

COURTROOM IS CROWDED

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

Martinsburg, W. Va., March 7.—The State today began its case against Spencer Wise, wealthy Washington dairyman, who went on trial in the circuit court on a murder charge growing out of the death of Leo Livers, Martinsburg lumberman, November 17 last.

In the opening address to the jury, defense counsel, including E. C. Brandenburg and Louis M. Denit, of Washington, declared they would show Livers died from a fractured skull resulting from a cause other than that of a blow from Wise in a hallway of the Shenandoah Hotel here, following an argument over a dice game, as alleged by the prosecution.

Clyde E. Smith, insurance agent of Martinsburg, and one of Livers' three companions during the game at the hotel, testified for the prosecution that he saw Wise leaning over Livers who was lying on the floor in the hotel corridor in a seeming dazed condition.

While wiping the blood from Livers' face, Smith testified Wise said, "Livers called me a ———, and he made a pass at me, and I hit him." State and defense counsel became involved in frequent verbal clashes during Smith's stay on the stand.

Elizabeth Livers, widow of the dead man, was the second witness. She said she was sleeping when her husband came home, about 4 o'clock the morning of November 16, but was awakened by a light in the hall upstairs. She went to her husband's room, and found him in bed breathing hard and pawing at the window curtains near his bed.

Mrs. Livers said she believed her husband had been intoxicated and paid no more attention to him until awakened several hours later by one of her three children. Mrs. Livers said she went to her husband's room and found him lying on the floor.

Velma West in Tears As Life Term Begins

Marysville, Ohio, March 7 (A.P.).—Mrs. Velma West, sentenced yesterday to life imprisonment in the State reformatory for women here, arrived today after a five and a half hour automobile trip from Painesville, where she was convicted of killing her husband, T. Edward West, with a hammer. Mrs. West went up the steps of the prison with a smile but once inside, she gave way to tears.

She was composed and cheerful during most of the drive, however, officers said. No work will be assigned to her for the present.

Mexican Slayer Asks 5 Pesos Per Murder

Mexico City, March 7 (A.P.).—A price of only 5 pesos for a murder, which modest figure attracted a considerable clientele, was charged by Gregorio Sanchez, a professional assassin, who has just been wounded and captured near Choluta, state of Puebla.

A dispatch to El Excelsior says Sanchez had no occupation except assassination, and was ready to kill anybody at any time, provided the 5 pesos were forthcoming. He had enough customers to enable him to earn a good living. The dispatches neglect to give any total.

Mayor Walker Has Witty Time in Crowded Day Here

Speeds From New York, Hurries About Capital, Exchanging "Wise Cracks," Keeps Coolidge and Others Waiting. Also Train He Departs On.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

The last impression that Washington had of Mayor "Jimmie" Walker of New York yesterday was a vivid personality in a dapper black, gray pin-striped suit, tight-fitting blue overcoat, derby, gray spats and with a swinging cane—hot footing it to catch the train. Stationmaster Harry Marks, desecrated by telephone a few minutes before to hold the train, was there at the station entrance beckoning the mayor to hurry.

This was the climax to a hectic day for the mayor on his first official visit to the capital, but there is every reason to believe that it is the way with him all the time. He is the spirit of New York.

He rushed down here between developments in the threatened strike back home to see about having the Federal Building removed so that a plaza may be built around the city hall from which he administers to the greatest city on earth. He rushed, and was rushed, while he was here, and not once was he on time in meeting his series of engagements. He was late 35 minutes in his engagement to meet the

DEMOCRATS BUILD CAMPAIGN SURPLUS ON \$508,500 GIFTS

Shaver Announces That Deficit of Party Has Been Wiped Out.

\$50,000 IS DONATED BY THOMAS F. RYAN

Same Amount Given by Jesse H. Jones, of Texas; Many Contributors Listed.

(Associated Press.)

The word went out last night from headquarters of the Democratic national committee that its entire indebtedness had been paid or underwritten and a surplus accumulated with which to begin the 1928 campaign.

Chairman Clem Shaver made public a report from Jesse H. Jones, the committee's director of finance, which showed contributions and pledges of slightly more than \$500,000.

Included in the total of \$508,500 was the \$200,000 contributed by citizens of Houston for the June convention fund, a \$50,000 contribution from Thomas F. Ryan, of New York, a heavy contributor to Democratic party campaign chests in the past, and one of like amount by Mr. Jones, who had a big hand in landing the convention for Houston, "his home city."

List of Large Contributions.

C. H. Watson, of Fairmont, W. Va., and William F. Kenny, of New York City, were down on Jones' list for \$25,000 contributions each, and John Henry Kirby, of Houston, \$15,000, while the \$10,000 donors included John W. Davis, of New York, at one time Undersecretary of State, and Herbert H. Lehman, of New York.

In addition to the \$200,000 Houston contribution which Jones said he was holding as chairman and treasurer of the committee on convention arrangements, he reported that the cash balance since the last report of James W. Gerard, treasurer of the Democratic national committee, totaled \$141,250.

To Start With \$250,000 Fund.

"When the other pledges are paid your committee will be entirely out of debt and have probably \$250,000 with which to start the next campaign," Jones advised Shaver. "In addition to the above, several members of the committee have indicated their willingness to raise a fair quota for their several localities."

Recalling that the Democratic party came out of the campaign four years ago "considerably in debt," Mr. Jones said it "seemed inadvisable immediately to undertake to raise the money with which to pay the committee's indebtedness from that campaign, and it has not appeared advisable to make a canvass for funds since that time."

Wales Nearly Thrown at Last Fence in the Grenadier Guards' Contest.

Bicester, England, March 7 (A.P.).—A near accident spoiled the chances of the Prince of Wales to win his second point-to-point race within a week.

The prince was almost thrown when his mount, Lady Doone, stumbled at the last fence in the Grenadier guards' contest for the Lord Major's Cup. The mishap permitted Lieut. Heywood-Lonsdale to sweep over the finish line in first place, with the help to the British, throne a close second. Riding his own mare, Lady Doone, the prince led at the half way mark in the 4-mile course requiring 24 jumps. Near the finish Lieut. Lonsdale spurred abreast of Wales and the horses raced down the course until the final obstacle, where Lady Doone stumbled.

The prince was thrown on his mount's neck and lost his stirrup leathers. Holding to the saddle with one hand he aided his mount to recover with the other and got back into full stride without the use of his stirrups. Quickly as this happened, however, the prince's rival seized the opportunity and swept to victory.

The prince, who won this race last year, rode to a victory in the St. David Day run at Tetbury March 1. There were fourteen entries in today's race.

Triplets, Two Joined, All Given One Name

La Paz, Bolivia, March 7 (A.P.).—A 17-year-old mother gave birth to girl triplets here, two of them being joined together. The parents have given all three one name—Mary.

PROSECUTOR SHOT



WILLIAM C. GLOTH, Arlington County prosecuting attorney, who was shot and seriously wounded. His wife is held by police.

IOWA G.O.P. CONVENTION VOTES LOWDEN SUPPORT

Delegates at Large Instructed and Others Strongly Urged to Back Candidacy.

COOLIDGE CRITICS LOSE

Des Moines, Iowa, March 7 (A.P.).—Iowa's seven delegates at large to the Republican national convention at Kansas City were instructed today by the State Republican convention to support former Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois for the Republican presidential nomination.

The State's 22 district delegates, two from each of the eleven congressional districts, "were strongly urged" to cast their votes for Mr. Lowden.

Under the rules of the State Republican convention, only the delegates at large can be instructed by the State convention.

Many of the district delegates, however, in the district caucuses held prior to the State convention, had been instructed for Mr. Lowden. Others were uninstructed and one district, the fifth, instructed its two delegates for Herbert Hoover. The preponderance of the districts instructed for Lowden.

Instruction of Iowa's delegates-at-large for Mr. Lowden was expressed in a majority report of the convention's resolutions committee. A minority report also was submitted, containing the following:

CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 5.

Candidate Pays \$388 To Radio Signature

Special To The Washington Post.

New York, March 7.—It cost Ralph Beaver Strassburger, publisher of the Norristown, Pa., Times-Herald, \$388 today to send his signature by photoradiogram from London to the New York offices of the Radio Corporation of America, 66 Broad street, where it was received at 1:05 p. m.

Strassburger is a candidate for delegate at large from Pennsylvania to the Republican national convention. The signature was part of an original petition made out in London and witnessed by the American vice consul there, the picture of which will be submitted at a hearing in the Dauphin County court, Harrisburg, on Friday, in an effort to establish Strassburger's candidacy, which was refused because his first petition was signed by his attorney.

Judge Thomas went immediately from the house to Emergency Hospital, where he sought vainly to converse with Gloth. Physicians at the institution refused to allow any one to see the stricken man.

PRINCE LOSES RACE AS HORSE STUMBLES

Wales Nearly Thrown at Last Fence in the Grenadier Guards' Contest.

Bicester, England, March 7 (A.P.).—A near accident spoiled the chances of the Prince of Wales to win his second point-to-point race within a week.

The prince was almost thrown when his mount, Lady Doone, stumbled at the last fence in the Grenadier guards' contest for the Lord Major's Cup. The mishap permitted Lieut. Heywood-Lonsdale to sweep over the finish line in first place, with the help to the British, throne a close second. Riding his own mare, Lady Doone, the prince led at the half way mark in the 4-mile course requiring 24 jumps. Near the finish Lieut. Lonsdale spurred abreast of Wales and the horses raced down the course until the final obstacle, where Lady Doone stumbled.

The prince was thrown on his mount's neck and lost his stirrup leathers. Holding to the saddle with one hand he aided his mount to recover with the other and got back into full stride without the use of his stirrups. Quickly as this happened, however, the prince's rival seized the opportunity and swept to victory.

The prince, who won this race last year, rode to a victory in the St. David Day run at Tetbury March 1. There were fourteen entries in today's race.

Triplets, Two Joined, All Given One Name

La Paz, Bolivia, March 7 (A.P.).—A 17-year-old mother gave birth to girl triplets here, two of them being joined together. The parents have given all three one name—Mary.

WILLIAM C. GLOTH SHOT AS HE VISITS HIS DIVORCED WIFE

Bullet Pierces Chest of Arlington County Prosecutor.

SHOOTING IS CLIMAX OF MARITAL CLASHES

Injured Man Hurried to Capital Hospital—Woman Freed Under \$10,000 Bond.

Coolidge's Father's
Portrait Attached

Benjamin M. Kaye, an attorney, of 149 Broadway, New York, yesterday attached, under a writ issued by the Municipal Court of the District of Columbia, a portrait of the late John Coolidge, father of President Coolidge. The portrait will remain in the York Galleries, 2000 S Street northwest, where it has been on exhibition.

Mr. Kaye sued Pierre Tartoue, the artist, on a promissory note for \$425. The artist is the owner of the picture, according to Jacob N. Halper, counsel for Mr. Kaye, the artist painted it on his own initiative. Mr. Tartoue lives in a hotel at Seventh Avenue and Thirty-fourth street, New York.

Maintenance Suit Dropped.
The bill for maintenance filed February 21 by Mrs. Emma J. Granger against O. C. Granger was dismissed yesterday by Justice Hitz in Equity Court at the request of the plaintiff through Attorneys Yeaman & Biglow.

Lindsey and Simon
To Debate Tonight

Judge Ben B. Lindsey, the country's foremost exponent of companionate marriage and Rabbi Abraham Simon, of the Washington Hebrew Congregation, will meet tonight at the Washington auditorium at 8:15 o'clock to debate the subject, "Shall Companionate Marriage Be Legalized?"

The audience will judge the debate. Lindsey has lost the verdict in two cities, Boston and Philadelphia. Jesse C. Adkins, president of the District of Columbia Bar Association, yesterday consented to preside at the debate.

Theta Chi Fraternity Dance.
The Washington Alumni Chapter of the Theta Chi Fraternity last night celebrated "ladies night" with a dinner and dance at the Hotel Mayflower. Addresses were made at the dinner by Capt. D. C. Webb, Rollin Clark, Maxwell McDowell and S. W. Mendum, secretary. J. G. Lewis, grand counselor of the fraternity, was guest of honor.

FORE!
A New
Golf Season

MEYER'S SHOP COURSE,
is full of the newest and smartest sport wear, waiting for you to play.

Hole No. 1
Haddington Four-Piece Golf Suits
Par \$35

Hole No. 2
Sportocasin Golf Shoes
Par \$12.50

Hole No. 3
Irish Poplin Collar Attached Shirts
Par \$2.50

Hole No. 4
New Spring Golf Sweaters
Par \$6.50

Hole No. 5
New Golf Hose to Match Your Sweater
Par \$3.50

Hole No. 6
Caps, Made by Schoble
Par \$3.50

Hole No. 7
New Spring Neckties
Par \$1.50

Hole No. 8
Lewis Golf Union Suits
Par \$2.50

Hole No. 9
Martin's English Spring Belts
Par \$3.50

MEYER'S SHOP
Everything Men Wear 1331 F Street

DRY AID DOUTHITT
CALLED TO TESTIFY
IN POLICE INQUIRY

Gibson Subcommittee Will
Also Hear Grand Jury Fore-
man This Morning.

LAW-AND-ORDER AGENT
OFFERS HIS EVIDENCE

Caraway Refers to Charges
Against Hesse in Debate
on Senate Floor.

Harry N. Douthitt, the Capital's unofficial prohibition agent, will be the star witness when the Gibson subcommittee meets this morning to continue its investigation of charges made against the Police Department by Representative Blanton (Democrat) of Texas.

Martin D. McQuade, foreman of the grand jury, will appear before the subcommittee tomorrow morning. He asked for a hearing after two policemen had accused him of being friendly to a bookmaker named Killen.

The charges made by Blanton five days ago that Maj. Edwin B. Hesse, superintendent of police, had been drinking in a local saloon, had an echo in the Senate yesterday when Senator Caraway, dry Democrat, of Arkansas, said that it seemed that the chief of police has been getting a good deal of liquor himself.

Douthitt Asks Hearing.
In announcing last yesterday that Douthitt would appear before the subcommittee this morning, Representative Gibson (Republican) of Vermont, explained that Douthitt had asked for an opportunity to describe conditions here with regard to prohibition enforcement.

Douthitt, who, at one time, was a paid informer for the prohibitionists, is now employed as a "field agent" for the Citizens Service Association for Law and Order, an organization composed of volunteer prohibition agents.

Douthitt's present job is to spy out bootleg "joints" and cooperate with the police in closing them up. The head of the service association, the Rev. Dr. W. S. Abernethy, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, has said that he still has faith in Maj. Hesse despite the charges of drinking that have been made against him.

Bruce Talks in Senate.
The discussion of local conditions was started in the Senate yesterday by Senator Bruce, wet Democrat, of Maryland. Bruce cited figures to show that the number of arrests for drunkenness in Washington had increased 168 per cent since 1910, while the population in that time had increased only 40 per cent.

Senator Caraway, dry Democrat, of Arkansas, interrupted Bruce. "I do not care what the police reports may be," said Caraway. "It seems to me that the chief of police has been getting a good deal of liquor himself. If I should believe the reports emanating from the other end of the Capitol,"

Mr. McQuade, foreman of the grand jury, called upon Chief Justice Walter L. Mc Coy of the District Supreme Court yesterday in connection with the charges made by the police before the Gibson subcommittee. The foreman was closeted with the Chief Justice for a few minutes, but nothing that either of them said was made public.

The Chief Justice of the court when the transcript of the proceedings before the subcommittee reach the court-house.

CITIZENS DEDICATE
NEW HIGH SCHOOL

Hundreds Attend Exercises at
Bethesda-Chevy Chase
Building at Leland.

The new Bethesda-Chevy Chase High School at Leland was formally dedicated last night with exercises conducted by the Parent Teacher Association. Several hundred persons were unable to gain admission so large was the crowd which attended.

The opening was about three weeks ago when the relationship between the school and the parents of pupils, and urged continued cooperation among all interests of the community in support of the institution. Dr. George W. Lewis, supervisor of the school property, in pointing of physical improvements in the school, directed attention to the fact that the school population of this section of Montgomery County had increased by 1,000 in the last year.

Dr. George W. Edmunds, of Rockville, a member of the county board of education, spoke on relation of the board to the Parent-Teacher Association. George P. Sacks, of Bethesda, thanked the various organizations which have aided in equipping the school both through contributions of funds and of materials.

Campaign Launched
For Memorial Here

New York, March 7 (A.P.)—A campaign to raise \$350,000 to construct the Navy and Marine Memorial on the banks of the Potomac River at Washington, was launched tonight at a dinner in the Hotel Roosevelt.

Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, Commander Richard E. Byrd, W. Fellows Morgan, Commodore Herbert Hartley and Reginald Platt, sculptor of the memorial, spoke. The dinner was attended by 150 representing business and marine interests in the country. The memorial is to be dedicated to all "Americans who have lost their lives at sea."

FIRE RECORD.

6:08 a. m.—228 Sixth street northwest; chime.
7:07 a. m.—1501 Ninth street northwest; chime.
10:57 a. m.—Benning road and G street northeast; grass.
12:10 p. m.—Columbia Country Club; brush.
1:11 p. m.—Thirteenth and L streets southeast; chime.
1:30 p. m.—Buenos Vista Heights; woods.
1:34 p. m.—3801 Military road northwest; bed.
2:07 p. m.—Silgo Mill road; grass.
2:08 p. m.—Rear 620 G street southwest; grass.
2:13 p. m.—Thirtieth and O streets northwest; auto truck.
3:40 p. m.—Western avenue and Beach drive; woods.
3:53 p. m.—Eastern avenue and Queens Chapel road; brush.
4:03 p. m.—Rear 2415 G street northwest; trash.
4:16 p. m.—Seventh street and Rhode Island avenue northeast; woods.
7:04 p. m.—1911 B street northwest; incinerator.
8:16 p. m.—613-615-617 Elliott street northeast; sheds.
8:22 p. m.—Near Bellevue Magazine; woods.
9:34 p. m.—Head of Morris road southeast; chime.
9:40 p. m.—809 Warder street northeast; cellar.

High Living Makes Garbage
Here "Richest" in Country

Dr. Harrison E. Rowe Also Tells Senators Modern Disposal Plant Would Increase Value—Citizens, Heard on Various Sites, Divide in Opinions.

Washington has the "richest" garbage of any city in the country, Dr. Harrison E. Rowe, a chemical engineer, declared at a hearing yesterday on two bills to provide for the disposal of garbage and refuse here. The hearing was conducted by Senator Copeland (Democrat), of New York, of the public health subcommittee of the Senate district committee.

On this city's garbage is so rich, Dr. Rowe said, is because of the "high living" here and the small foreign element. Foreigners, he explained, conserve more than Americans.

Dr. Rowe, who represented the Cathedral Heights Citizens Association, mentioned in his pleading for modernization of the city's garbage disposal plant at Cherry Hill, Va. If the plant were modernized, he said, it would result in the salvaging and sale of much more grease and animal food. The grease is used for making soap and the other is given to hogs and chickens.

One of the bills considered at the hearing provides for the creation of a refuse disposal plant at Occoquan, Va. The other provides for three modern incinerators in the city.

The city to take care of both refuse and garbage. Both bills were introduced by Senator Capper (Republican), of Kansas.

Evan H. Tucker, president of the Northeast Citizens Association, endorsed the Occoquan bill. He said he was opposed to disposing of refuse anywhere within the city. He complained bitterly of the disposal plant near the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, saying that it sent a stench and smoke over the Northeast section.

Senator Copeland read a report from Herbert D. Brown, chief of the Bureau of Efficiency, condemning the proposal to take refuse to Occoquan and endorsing the bill to provide high temperature incinerators here.

Prof. Percival Hall, of the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, told Copeland that the stench from the plant near the institution frequently was wafted into his house.

David Babb, secretary of the Federation of Citizens Associations, told Senator Copeland that odors from the dump on Benning Road and near Congressional Cemetery could be detected frequently. He said that these odors interfere with funerals in Congressional Cemetery.

J. S. Hefty, chairman of the special committee appointed by the Federation of Citizens Associations, endorsed the bill providing for the three garbage and refuse incinerators in the city.

Charges that the Force School, near Seventeenth and Massachusetts avenues, is "another kind of pest house," and "in no manner fitted for its present purpose" were made in a letter from Dr. Everett M. Ellison, read before a meeting of the Board of Education yesterday at the Franklin Administration Building.

The board immediately requested the Health Department to make an investigation of conditions at the school, and report back to the members. A further report was asked on the methods now in use of fumigating textbooks and desks of children taken ill with contagious disease.

Although Charles F. Carnall, president of the board, expressed the opinion that Dr. Ellison "probably meant the letter as a joke," this inference could not be drawn from anything in its text.

"It might be a blessing in disguise if the 'pyromaniac' of this commission made an official visit to the Force School," the secretary of the Citizens Service Association for Law and Order declared in the letter. Since the school, Dr. Ellison said, his two daughters have contracted scarlet fever, measles and chicken pox. "To say nothing of numerous attacks of upper respiratory infections."

The second daughter, 8 years old, is now suffering her second attack of measles," he said. "Although quite ill she told me this afternoon that she had been occupying at school a desk which was not long ago vacated by a child suffering from measles, which report speaks for itself and is submitted for your information."

"This ancient building has surely served its day and generation, several times over," Dr. Ellison continued in his letter. "And it does seem to be unfair to us all that it can not soon be displaced by a modern building large enough to take care of its pupils, including those of the fifth and sixth grades. This old structure does probably harbor disease and, in spite of the best efforts of the health department, is a menace to the present-day needs."

Following reading of the letter, Superintendent of Schools Frank B. Ball informed the board members that an appropriation had been made under the new budget to replace the old Force structure.

Would Fumigate Books.

Mrs. Mary McNeil suggested that the trouble might be traced to textbooks long in use, and at her instance the Health Department was asked to investigate this phase.

Mrs. McNeil stated that it had been her observation that children contract different diseases in different grades, and expressed the belief that proper fumigation of books and papers would furnish a solution to this problem.

In a communication to the Federation of Citizens Associations, the board promised her to give notice to citizens' associations likely to be affected by the transfer of schools, in advance of the transfer.

It declined, however, to furnish notice of proposals to establish school sites, holding this the function of the commissioners. It was stated that under the present arrangement, citizens' associations are notified "informally" of proposals to acquire sites.

89 TELEGRAMS SEIZED
IN SHIP BOARD INQUIRY

Bley Messages Impounded by
Siddons for Use in Hill
Loan Case.

GRAND JURY IS AT WORK

Justice Frederick L. Siddons in the District Supreme Court yesterday signed an order impounding 89 telegrams which passed between Joseph L. Bley, representative here of West Coast shipping interests, and persons outside the city, and said to deal largely with a loan made by Bley to W. S. Hill, former member of the United States Shipping Board.

Impounding of the telegrams, which also are said to deal largely with the stand which Hill and Commissioner P. S. Egan took in Shipping Board deliberations to the effect that West Coast lines should not be sold on less than a ten-year operating contract, is taken as definite indication that the Federal grand jury will be asked to investigate the matter. The district attorney's office, in pending the order, impounded original and copies of telegrams which the grand jury was investigating the matter on allegations that the conspiracy section of the criminal code had been violated by a loan of \$15,000 made by Bley to Hill.

One of the telegrams is from Hill to Lloyd Sway, and mentions the loan for the first time in August, 1927. Bley said he could see no reason why he should not make the loan, and said that he had given Sway a guarantee that the firm would loan him the \$15,000 personally. Hill's resignation from the board followed investigation by the Department of Justice of a \$15,000 loan made to him by Bley.

WISE TRIAL BEGUN
IN LIVERS' DEATH

Continued from page 1.

band's room and found him lying on the floor.

"I tried to get him back to bed, but he was too heavy, Mrs. Livers testified. "I saw blood on his face and thought he had been in an automobile accident," she said.

Later, Mrs. Livers testified, she again went to her husband's room. He was getting stiff and still breathing very hard, and she called a doctor, the witness said.

Mrs. Livers testified her husband's bed was streaked with blood and her husband's clothes were also soiled with blood.

Dr. O. G. Tonkin, who first treated Livers, told the jury Livers was suffering from a severe concussion when he treated him, after being summoned by Mrs. Livers.

Dr. Tonkin later told the jury of the statements made to him by Wise several hours after he had been called in to treat Livers. "Mr. Wise told me he had struck Livers in the hotel corridor only after he had been called an unprintable name by Livers, and had been struck at by the deceased," Dr. Tonkin said.

Smith told the jury he met Livers, a West Virginia insurance investment broker, and Wise outside the Shenandoah Hotel the night of November 15 and that Livers and Pittsmons asked him to join a dice game with them in the hotel as they wanted to "give Wise some excitement."

Livers, Wise and Pittsmons had been drinking when they met them outside the hotel, Smith said, and later, during the game, more liquor was procured. "They had a very heavy half gallon of liquor during the game which lasted from 11 o'clock until 3:30 o'clock next morning," Smith declared.

Smith testified that he saw Livers during the progress of the game, Smith testified, Wise and Livers became embroiled in an argument over a \$10 side bet. Smith told the jury Livers pocketed the \$10 and shortly thereafter left the room. Smith testified, Wise left immediately behind Livers and the two started down the long hotel corridor.

Pittsmons and I looked the room, took some liquor that was left and started down the hall," Smith said. "We heard a commotion around the corner of the corridor near the elevator and hurried there."

Smith was asked to get on the floor and show the jury the position he discovered Livers and Wise in as he started down the hall. Smith drove home with Livers, he said, and then went to a restaurant and left \$40 with a friend to keep for him until next morning. "I took \$3, the remainder of my money, home with me," Smith said. When defense counsel asked Smith why he left the \$40 with a friend instead of taking it home with him, the witness replied, "I always do that after gambling."

In his opening statement to the jury H. E. Hannin, the prosecuting attorney, did not ask the death penalty for Mr. Wise. If he is convicted, it is the opinion of those here that the State's case against the defendant is "not so strong" and it is understood the State will be glad to get a conviction of involuntary manslaughter against Wise.

Experienced ad-takers will help you construct a new production in the Washington Post when you call Main 4205.

OLD FORCE SCHOOL
LIKE 'PEST HOUSE,'
PHYSICIAN ASSERTS

Dr. E. M. Ellison's Letter Stirs
Board of Education to
Start Investigation.

DAUGHTER STRICKEN
BY MEASLES, CHARGE

Health Department Called On
to See if Disease Lurks
in Deks and Books.

Charges that the Force School, near Seventeenth and Massachusetts avenues, is "another kind of pest house," and "in no manner fitted for its present purpose" were made in a letter from Dr. Everett M. Ellison, read before a meeting of the Board of Education yesterday at the Franklin Administration Building.

The board immediately requested the Health Department to make an investigation of conditions at the school, and report back to the members. A further report was asked on the methods now in use of fumigating textbooks and desks of children taken ill with contagious disease.

Although Charles F. Carnall, president of the board, expressed the opinion that Dr. Ellison "probably meant the letter as a joke," this inference could not be drawn from anything in its text.

"It might be a blessing in disguise if the 'pyromaniac' of this commission made an official visit to the Force School," the secretary of the Citizens Service Association for Law and Order declared in the letter. Since the school, Dr. Ellison said, his two daughters have contracted scarlet fever, measles and chicken pox. "To say nothing of numerous attacks of upper respiratory infections."

The second daughter, 8 years old, is now suffering her second attack of measles," he said. "Although quite ill she told me this afternoon that she had been occupying at school a desk which was not long ago vacated by a child suffering from measles, which report speaks for itself and is submitted for your information."

"This ancient building has surely served its day and generation, several times over," Dr. Ellison continued in his letter. "And it does seem to be unfair to us all that it can not soon be displaced by a modern building large enough to take care of its pupils, including those of the fifth and sixth grades. This old structure does probably harbor disease and, in spite of the best efforts of the health department, is a menace to the present-day needs."

Following reading of the letter, Superintendent of Schools Frank B. Ball informed the board members that an appropriation had been made under the new budget to replace the old Force structure.

Would Fumigate Books.

Mrs. Mary McNeil suggested that the trouble might be traced to textbooks long in use, and at her instance the Health Department was asked to investigate this phase.

Mrs. McNeil stated that it had been her observation that children contract different diseases in different grades, and expressed the belief that proper fumigation of books and papers would furnish a solution to this problem.

In a communication to the Federation of Citizens Associations, the board promised her to give notice to citizens' associations likely to be affected by the transfer of schools, in advance of the transfer.

It declined, however, to furnish notice of proposals to establish school sites, holding this the function of the commissioners. It was stated that under the present arrangement, citizens' associations are notified "informally" of proposals to acquire sites.

GUEST AT HOTEL DEAD
WITH BULLET IN HEART

Police Look for Brother and
Friend After the Death of
Philadelphia Man.

CORONER ORDERS INQUIRY

The body of a man who had registered as Joe Hoffman, of Philadelphia, was found about 4 o'clock yesterday morning in his room in the Houston Hotel, with a bullet wound through the heart. A pistol, believed to have fired the fatal shot, was found nearby.

Hoffman, with Frank Hoffman, believed to be a brother, and Art Murphy drove up to the hotel about 3 o'clock Monday morning in an automobile and registered. They were given two rooms.

Yesterday morning Murphy and Frank Hoffman left the hotel and had not returned last night.

When a subject went to the room yesterday afternoon to apprise Hoffman of the delivery of a telegraphic money order, he found the man's body lying on the floor. Investigation revealed that the dead man was friends in Chicago for funds Tuesday. Only 10 cents was found in the room.

Detective Lieut. Edward Kelly, in charge of the investigation, stated that the baggage of the men who accompanied Hoffman to the hotel was found in the room. A hypodermic syringe and a spoon wrapped in tissue paper were found in the pocket of a coat in the room.

Hotel employees said that Hoffman, who remained in his room Tuesday, made telephone calls to numerous persons, several of whom telephoned him. A New York address was found among his effects. The two rooms occupied by the men were communicating, and an outside door was fastened with a chain. The other was latched and the key was found on the inside.

The companions of the dead man are being sought in the hope that they may be able to shed some light on his identity and motives for what the coroner believes is a suicide.

Mr. J. Ramon Nevitt, coroner, announced, however, that he will withhold a certificate until the police investigation is complete.

ARLINGTON CITIZENS
ARGUE ENABLING ACT

Jesse Opposes 18 From Civic
Federation Before State
House Group.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)
Richmond, Va., March 7.—Arlington County, through 18 members of the Arlington County Civic Federation representing the sentiments, they said, of 2,500 voters, argued their case for the Arlington enabling act this afternoon before the house committee on counties, cities and towns, but the measure seems still doomed to defeat.

The defeat will come, if it does, tomorrow morning on a technicality, for the speaker of the house will be asked, it is understood, if the bill, creating it, does a new judicial district within the State highway system of fourteen miles of roadway, is not a general incorporation of local bill and therefore, improperly before the committee.

L. C. McNemar, president of the Civic Federation, appeared as chief proponent of the measure, which would give the county the right to vote on whether it should remain as it is or vote to incorporate itself as a city of the first class.

Charles T. Jesse, of counsel for the county in the annexation case, was the sole opponent.

Ivy City Association
Asks Capital Suffrage

Suffrage for District of Columbia residents was endorsed last night at a meeting of the Ivy City Civic Association in the Crumwell school.

The association asked the Commissioners for better care of trees and of sidewalks in the community.

A letter of thanks was directed to be sent to the Board of Education for painting and repairs at the Crumwell school. A committee was appointed to urge before the Board of Education the opening of the New York avenue bridge and extension of the avenue to Ivy City. Levi Wright presided.

CARDINAL HAYES
HENRY L. MENCKEN

Agree With Simon
CLARENCE DARROW
BERTRAND RUSSELL

Agree With Lindsey
About Companionate Marriage
Attend Tonight's Debate and
Find Out Why.

Call Auditorium Box
Office, Main 6129, for
Reservations.

THE HAY-ADAMS HOUSE

16th Street at La Fayette Square
Telephone Main 3510
WARDMAN MANAGEMENT

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

MORE OF LOST PLANE
WRECKAGE DISCOVERED

Part of Craft in Which Three
Navy Officers Died Found
at Cape Charles, Va.

ELLYSON'S POST FILLED

Finding of another part of the Navy amphibian plane on which Commander T. G. Ellyson, Lieut. Comdr. Hugo Schmidt and Lieut. Zogr. Ranshousen, lost their lives, February 27, on a Hampton Roads-Annapolis flight, was reported to the Navy Department yesterday by Rear Admiral R. E. Coontz, commander of the Naval District, directing search for the plane and bodies of its occupants.

His report stated a two-foot section of the main spar of the right lower wing was washed up on the beach near Cape Charles City, Va., about 3 miles north of the road which "Ben" the first plane wreckage was found Friday.

Rear Admiral Coontz also stated he was investigating a rumor that the plane had been sighted at the mouth of the Potomac River. Dragging operations have been suspended pending further and more definite information.

Commander Newton H. White, Jr., was appointed executive officer of the airplane carrier Lexington yesterday, to succeed Commander Ellyson. Commander White is now in charge of the plans division, Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department.

White was born in Wales, Tenn., in August, 1884, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1903 from that State. He entered aviation in 1918, served as executive officer and commander of the naval air station at Hampton Roads, Va., during that year and 1919.

In 1921, he was under instruction at Kelly Field, Tex., for advance training in aviation and in March, 1922, he sailed for England where he was naval attaché at London, Paris and Rome. In 1923, he was appointed fleet aviation officer, and as such, he was in the command of the commander in chief of the United States fleet.

Delegates to Legion
Convention Elected

Delegates to the convention of the District of Columbia Department, American Legion, which will be held here April 11 and 12, were appointed by the District of Columbia Department of the Legion. The delegates are: John J. Frailley and James E. Callahan.

Motion pictures of the Paris American Legion Convention were shown at the meeting. New members of the legion were William E. Share, James J. Barton, Claude G. Elmore and John J. Allen.

Potomac Yards Death
Declared Accidental

A certificate of accidental death was issued last night at a coroner's inquest into the death of William N. Studds, 63 years old, of Potomac, Va., who was dragged to his death yesterday by an automobile in the classification yards at Potomac.

Studds died from a crushed skull 45 minutes after the accident at the Alexandria Hospital. Studds, a car inspector at the Potomac yards, is survived by a son, Ernest M. Studds, and a daughter, Miss Mildred L. Studds.

Rockville Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued at Rockville yesterday: Charles T. Robinson, of Indian Springs, Md., and Isabelle P. Carr, of Washington; Worthington B. McKnew, and Iona Marie Walker, both of Washington; Broadus E. Hill and Dorothy M. Payne, both of Charlottesville, Va.; and Earl A. Gilliar and Beatrice R. Farley, both of Washington.

SPECIAL NOTICES

WILL THE CREDITORS OF HARRY W. GOLDBERG file their claims with him at 1035 15th st. n.w. on or before March 15th.

WILLIAM R. MC CALL, JEWELER
Watch and Clock Specialist
NEW ADDRESS 1542 EYE ST. N.W.

NASH
LEADS THE WORLD IN MOTOR CAR VALUE

BEING and driving
a Nash Standard Six
Sedan is an experience
which will show you a
real opportunity to save
money.

For it is one car you can
buy economically, without
sacrificing a bit of the
luxury and performance
that usually cost hundreds more.

Wallace Motor Company
Distributors
Retail Salesroom, 1709 L Street N. W.—Main 7612

ASSOCIATE DEALERS
HAWKINS-NASH MOTOR COMPANY, 1500 14th Street N. W.
NASH-RUNKER MOTOR COMPANY, 1410 Irving Street N. W.
HALL-KERR MOTOR COMPANY, 131 B Street S. E., Washington, D. C.
BIRVON NASH MOTOR COMPANY, Clarendon, Virginia.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.

AN apartment hotel of unusual distinction. Overlooking La Fayette Park, the White House and the distant Potomac.

From one room and bath to suites of seven rooms, three baths, furnished or unfurnished. The ultimate in living comfort and privacy.



The 1928 Caronia and Carmania... Bring New Comfort To Cunard Cabin Service

Over a half a million dollars in improvements and the popular Caronia and Carmania are now equipped like de luxe cruise ships!... hot and cold running water in every room... enlarged cabins... real beds instead of berths... crack gymnasium... glass enclosed decks... winter garden.

It's the Cunard Line's recognition of the deserved popularity among intelligent, fastidious people of the "cabin" way to Europe... the 7½ day way abroad which costs so much less because it takes a day or two longer.

The same old charm... the same faultless service prevails on the 1928 Caronia and Carmania... and the same moderate rates. \$152.50 Cabin... \$107.50 Tourist Third Cabin.

SAILINGS—

NEW YORK / QUEENSTOWN
LIVERPOOL

Carmania March 31
Caronia April 14

NEW YORK / PLYMOUTH
HAVRE LONDON

Carmania April 27 May 25
Caronia May 11 June 8

CUNARD LINE



See Your Local Agent or

1406 H ST. N.W. Washington, D. C.

RAILROADS BLAMED BY LEWIS FOR COAL MINERS' TROUBLES

Union President Files Allegations of Conspiring at Senate Hearing.

URGES CONGRESS ACT
TO CURB INJUNCTION

Would Amend Interstate Commerce Law to Prevent Depressing Wages.

(Associated Press.)

Depicting deplorable economic conditions in the central competitive bituminous fields, John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, yesterday laid the situation primarily to what he termed a conspiracy among the railroads.

This conspiracy has a two-fold purpose, to reduce coal costs to the carriers and to keep down the level of wages for miners and railroad men, Lewis charged, as he presented the opening statement for the unemployed union miners, in the Senate investigation ordered under the Johnson resolution.

While making this the primary foundation for his complaint, Lewis detailed many other factors entering into the whole equation of the ill that beset operators and union and non-union miners alike. He protested vigorously against the use of iron and coal and other private police clothed with the sovereign powers of the State and against the operation of injunctions issued by the Federal courts to restrain the union men.

Accuses Two Companies.

Abrogation of the Jacksonville wage agreement before its expiration also was dwelt upon at length, and Lewis called attention that among the first two companies to break the wage contract were the Consolidation Coal Co. of West Virginia and the Pittsburgh Coal Co. of Pennsylvania.

He asserted that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is a controlling factor in the former, while the latter is generally recognized in financial circles as a Mellon concern.

In connection with this action by the two companies, Lewis disclosed through correspondence that after the wage agreement had been broken he asked President Coolidge whether the Federal Government, which had been instrumental in bringing about the Jacksonville conference intended to interfere, and he received a negative reply. This was in November and December, 1925.

Reply by Coolidge.

The President wrote that the Government was not a party to the contract and consequently had no status in enforcement. He suggested that the unions take the matter into the courts, adding that if no enforcement could be found there "the law-making powers should enact the legislative measures necessary to enable the courts to give such relief in the future."

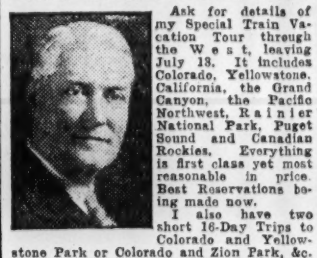
On the stand before the Interstate Commerce committee all day, Lewis read into the record a 36-page statement of conditions and wound up with suggestions for remedies. Chief among these was the curbing of the power of Federal courts to issue injunctions in labor disputes, and an amendment of the interstate commerce act "so as to prevent the railroads from practicing methods designed to exploit the bituminous industry, further depress wages and destroy the miners' union."

Other suggestions were that consolidations of mining units be permitted so that the industry might be operated more economically by providing better machinery and through other improvements. Lewis called attention to the appalling loss of life in American mines and laid much of it to faulty equipment.

Condition Breeds Reds, Claim.

Taking up injunctive processes, Lewis surprised the committee with a statement that there are communities in West Virginia and other States where

See EUROPE if you will
But SEE AMERICA FIRST



Ask for illustrated itinerary.
E. R. ROCHESTER'S TOURS
Main 3880, 1406 G St. N.W.
Or Chesapeake & Ohio Ticket Office
Main 748, 714 14th St. N.W.

Over the Coffee Cup

"HE is the benefactor of mankind who makes two grins grow where there was only a frown before."
—Elbert Hubbard.

If you are in the habit of feeling blue most all the time, or even part of the time, you aren't a user of Wilkins Coffee. Wilkins has the pleasant faculty of making life worth while.



representatives of the miners' union may not go and where the right of assembly is denied the miners. "Surely this is an invasion of rights that are the common inheritance of the American citizens," he declared.

"These communities that have thus nullified constitutional guarantees should be kept under constant observation by Federal agents, and we ask that a law to that effect be enacted."

Declaring that the system of armed and uniformed private police operating in the bituminous districts promoted disturbance, and not peace, Lewis declared this situation "has its spawn in syndicalism, communism and other movements with which the Government deals summarily and effectively."

Accuses Atterbury.

Accusing W. W. Atterbury, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, with initiating the conspiracy against the mines and union miners, Lewis explained that the carriers could control prices of coal through their enormous purchases.

"They play one field against another, for they can change from one to the other instantly," Lewis said. "An operator will contract to supply coal to a railroad at less than the production cost because he loses less money than he would if he did not have the contract."

Day in Congress

SENATE.

Met at noon and recessed at 5:25 to meet at noon today.

Discussed unemployment in the United States, with Senator Smoot (Republican), Utah, denying that conditions were as bad as pictured by the Democrats.

Senator Smoot, chairman of the finance committee, said he "hoped" there would be tax revision at this session.

Hearings were begun on conditions in the soft coal fields of Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio. John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, charged a conspiracy among the railroads, misuse of judicial powers and criticized the activities of private police in the strike regions.

Foreign relations committee made an adverse report on the Heflin resolution to withdraw American Marines from Nicaragua.

Debate continued on the Norris Muscle Shoals resolution.

HOUSE.

Met at noon and adjourned at 5:10 to meet at noon today.

Passed a bill expanding activities and adjusting pay rates of the Public Health Service.

Representative Cole (Democrat), Maryland, sworn in. He had been ill since Congress convened.

Passed a bill authorizing the construction of a toll bridge across the Potomac River below Great Falls.

Irrigation committee reported favorably on the Summers bill to provide for Federal development of the Columbia Basin project.

House immigration committee was told that white citizens were leaving Texas because of the heavy influx of Mexicans.

Doctor Dies in Eighth-Floor Plunge.

Sarasota, Fla., March 7 (A.P.).—Dr. C. P. Stringfield, formerly house physician at the old Palmer House in Chicago, and once rated among south Florida's wealthiest citizens, today leaped or fell to his death from the roof on an eight-story building here in which his office was located.



Pure, Clear Water through BRASS PIPE

DOES the water in your home come to you pure and clear through Brass pipe? Or is it discolored and made unwholesome by corrodible water pipe?

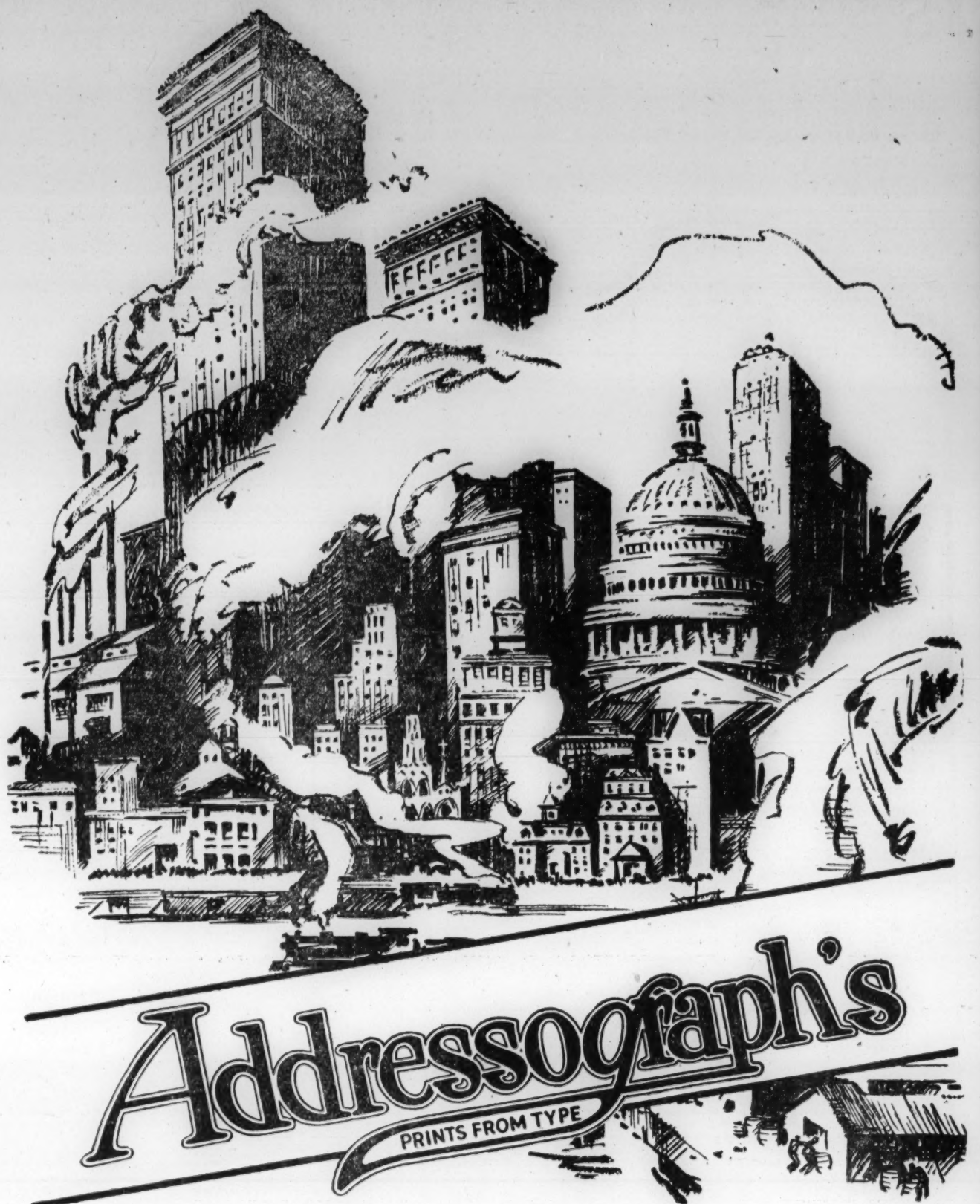
Water that flows through Brass pipe is free from the danger of rust contamination. It is pure and sparkling—safe for every purpose. For Brass cannot rust.

Yet Brass pipe is not expensive.

A house costing \$15,000 can be equipped with Brass pipe at the small additional cost, including installation, of about \$75 as compared with the first cost of the best corrodible pipe. To safeguard your health and for economy insist on Brass pipe.

Write for a free copy of our illustrated booklet, "Brass Pipe and Health."

COPPER & BRASS
RESEARCH ASSOCIATION
25 Broadway, New York



Addressograph's

PRINTS FROM TYPE

Contribution to Business Progress!

UPON the foundation of Addressograph pioneering has grown the greatest institution of its kind in the world. From a mere addressing machine of thirty-five years ago, the Addressograph has become indispensable as the speedy, accurate, economical means of imprinting, listing and addressing business forms and communications.

Through years of meritorious service, Addressograph has been able to parallel and contribute to the greatness of modern business. Counties become neighborhoods for the merchants who can speed their well-timed sales messages through the mail. Corporations, large and small, eliminate the costly mistakes and the needless overhead expense of hand-written names in every department of their business.

From the byways of the nation to the highways of world trade, the Addressograph is fighting the battle for greater speed, lower costs and increased efficiency.

Years of study and investigation were spent in developing the hundreds of combinations of Addressograph machines, and their uses, to meet every requirement of business.

The many mechanical developments have been conceived not alone in the minds of Addressograph designers. Suggestions and ideas have come from various businesses which have recognized the Addressograph Company's leadership in its field. Through a third of a century of continuous growth, the Addressograph Company has rigidly maintained standards of manufacture and business practice that have gained the confidence of world wide business.

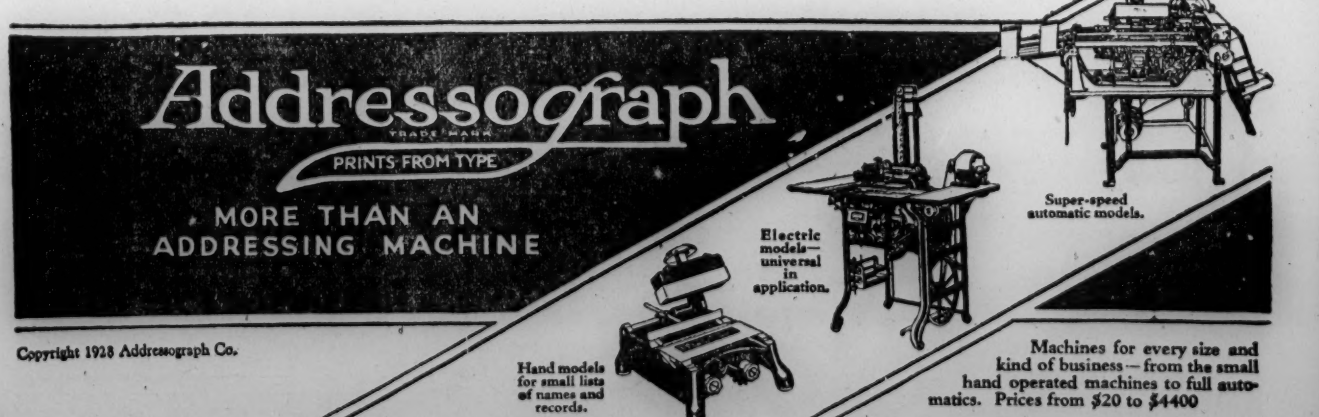
There are thousands upon thousands of Addressograph users, representing over three thousand lines of business and non-commercial activities.

In every business, large or small, where quick, accurate reproduction or recording of names and data is important, there is need for Addressograph equipment.

Right in your city is a completely equipped Addressograph sales and service agency serving thousands of Addressograph users and increasing the profitable uses of their equipment. And here at your command, without cost or obligation, is a staff of specialists to survey your business and recommend speedy, accurate, economical methods for imprinting, listing and addressing your business forms and communications.

ADDRESSOGRAPH COMPANY

511 11th St. N.W., Washington, D. C.
James A. Bailey, District Manager
Telephone Main 367-368



Addressograph

PRINTS FROM TYPE

MORE THAN AN
ADDRESSING MACHINE

Copyright 1928 Addressograph Co.

Hand models for small lists of names and records.

Electric models—universal in application.

Super-speed automatic models.

Machines for every size and kind of business—from the small hand-operated machines to full automatics. Prices from \$20 to \$4400.

SORETHROAT
Gargle with warm salt water
—then apply over throat—
VICKS
VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

STUDEBAKER
Ask Us to Let You Drive It
Phone Potomac 1631

Safeguard your Home
your Property
your Valuables
We Insure Everything Insurable
BOSS & PHELPS
7417 K St. N.W. Main 9300

Hotel Houston Washington, D. C.
90 Rooms With Bath, \$2.50
Double, \$3.50 and \$4.
Brand New, Fireproof, Excellent Fur-
nished, in Downtown Section. Garage in
Basement.

SILVER and NICKEL PLATING
D. L. BROMWELL
Established Over Fifty Years
1212-1214 Penna. Ave. N.W.

COAL
Dependable Fuel
Prompt Service
GRIFFITH COAL CORP.
Main Office 1319 G St. N.W.
Franklin 4849
COAL FUEL OIL

Semi-Antique Oriental Rugs,
Antique Furniture, Valuable
Paintings, Etc.
At Public Auction
At **SLOAN'S**
Galleries
715 13th St.
Today and Friday
March 8th and 9th
At 2 P. M. Each Day
From the Styles estate, the
Porter estate, the Princess Bon-
compagni and other prominent
owners.

PAPERING
AND
PAINTING
ESTIMATES GIVEN
CHEERFULLY
CITY AND OUT OF
TOWN CONTRACTS
ACCEPTED
"40 Years Experience"
EDWIN S. RUCKER
1210-H ST. N.W.
Main 333

FIVE WITNESSES CALLED TO OIL HEARING TODAY

Will Be Questioned as to the
Bonds Received by G. O. P.
Committee.

HODGES IS AMONG THEM

(Associated Press.)
Reopening its inquiry into the
Liberty bond profits of the extinct Con-
tinental Trading Co., the Senate Tensot
Dome committee will call five witnesses
today, all of whom are to be questioned
as to what bonds were received by the
Republican national committee.
Those called are William V. Hodges,
of Denver, treasurer of the Republican
national committee; M. J. Pessin, a
New York advertising man; James A.
Patten, Chicago grain commissioner;
Walter J. Malatesta, an associate of
the late Fred W. Upham, one time
treasurer of the Republican commit-
tee; and Miss F. H. Johnson, Chicago,
private secretary to E. B. Eckhart, a
Chicago miller.

Hodges is to be questioned about
what became of the Liberty bonds
which Harry F. Sinclair turned over to
the Republican organization in 1923
to help wipe out the deficit coming
over from the 1920 presidential cam-
paign. Miss Johnson, Patten and Ma-
latesta are to be interrogated along the
same lines.

Information received by the com-
mittee is that Pessin handled the for-
eign, language newspaper advertising
in New York for the Republican na-
tional committee in 1920 and the Sen-
ate investigators want to know whether
any of the continental bonds figured
in his transaction with those papers.

Do 4 Things

Opens
Checks the Bowels
the Fever
Tones
Stops the Cough
the System
To End a Cold

To End a Cold

HILL'S does all four at one time.
That's why HILL'S breaks up a cold
in a day. And that's the speed you want,
for a cold may end in Grippe or Flu.

Take no chances. At first sign of a
cold take HILL'S Cascara-Bromide-
Quinine tablets. That means safety, as
millions know.

HILL'S
Cascara - Bromide - Quinine
Be sure you get HILL'S, in the red box
with portrait. At all drug stores—30c.

LOTOS
LANTERN
731-733 17th St.
Try LUNCH or DINNER
at Our Cafeteria
Also Business Lunch 75c
And Club Lunch \$1.00
In the Tea Room
REAL SOUTHERN COOKING

ROBERTS PROPOSES \$14,500,000 CUT OFF TRACTION VALUATION

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

from Ham that the combined ac-
count of the two car companies
was \$7,249,050 and that since the car
properties were to go into the merger
undepreciated all depreciation should
be removed from valuation. But he
went even farther and said that twice
the sum of actual book depreciation
should be deducted from the companies'
claim of value because accrued depre-
ciation was based on 1914 prices which
have doubled since that year and be-
cause in every other respect than de-
preciation the companies have multi-
plied every cost by two, approximately,
to bring values up to reproduction cost
at current prices, as the court told the
Capital Traction Co. it could do. That
was how he laid the foundation for
later arguing that \$14,498,000 must
come out of the \$23,500,000 claim for
value, reducing it to \$48,002,900.

It sounded fanciful, treating value of
property in so undignified a way, but
the company lawyers did not laugh.
And Ham had his excurious into
theory too. He said that the merger
plan proposed purchase by the new car
company of the Capital Traction Co.,
but not purchase by it of the Washing-
ton Railway & Electric Co. and that
what was to be done with reference to
the Washington Rapid Transit Co., was
still a third thing.

"Buy it?" he said. "No, not buy it.
Buy its stock. Did you hear? I said
its stock." And he emphasized stock
every time he said it with note as well
as increased vocal volume.

Good Natured Day.

Altogether it was the least argu-
mentative and best natured day of the hear-
ing thus far.

"Are you going to get the physical
property of the bus company and ef-
fectually merge it?" asked Roberts.

"Not so far as this plan goes," said
Ham. "What the new company will do
after it gets a controlling holding of
the stock I don't know. If it under-
takes to merge with the bus company
I suppose it will need additional legis-
lation."

Ham introduced a statement of the
persons holding 1 per cent or more each
of the capital stock of his company.
There were five of these, the North
American Co., with 48,550 shares; Crane,
Parris & Co., with 13,802 shares; Arthur
W. Fisher, having 2,117; Edwin Gruhl,
1,850, and John J. Noonan, 1,500. It
was said that the Crane, Parris shares
were held for the North American Co.,
making that corporation's holding not
less than 62,352 of the 150,000 shares.
This was said by others than Ham.
Gruhl is a member of the board of
directors of the North American Co.,
but the shares ascribed to him were said
to be his own personal property.

John H. Hanna, president of the
Capital Traction Co., was put back on
the stand for further cross-examina-
tion after the commissioners' ruling
opening Roberts' path. It appeared
from Hanna's answers, among other
things, that the cars operated by his
company include 98 that have been in
service for more than five years held
to be the life of a car, and which had
not been written off of the valuation.
These included one aged car that
has been used to haul passengers con-
tinuously since 1899.

Hanna was defending the multipli-
cation of 1914 costs by two to coincide
with present prices, and he said:
"This is an exaggerated case and I
don't want to be understood as using
it except for illustration, but we laid
one unit of underground-ferd track in
U street in 1899 at a cost of \$6,000. After
the war we replaced it with identi-
cal equipment, except that it was
slightly heavier, and it cost \$62,000, or
ten times as much."

William McK. Clayton, chairman of
the federation committee, arose to ad-
vert to his favorite theme one-man
cars. Hanna said that use of one-
man cars, advised in the Hansen merger
plan, had not been considered by the
makers of the pending plan. Clayton
asked:

"But if your charter entitled you to
7 per cent return and you had prac-
ticed every economy you could think of

with two-man cars and you then asked
the commission to let you substitute
one-man cars for the two-man opera-
tion, do you not believe the commission
would be obliged to let you do it?"

One-Man Cars or Higher Fare.

"I think the commission would have
to give us one-man cars or a higher
fare," frankly replied Hanna.

The text of the ruling of the com-
mission eliminating restrictions as to
the field of questioning was as follows:
"As we have expressed ourselves on
several occasions, we believe that this
is a hearing in the broad sense of the
term and should not be bound by legal
technicalities. The commission is de-
sirous of obtaining all the information
possible both from the proponents of
the agreement and those who are op-
posed to it, as well as listening to ex-
pressions of opinion from all interested
parties."

"While we do not believe that the
questions propounded by Mr. Roberts
and Mr. Clayton are at all times rele-
vant to the issue, still we believe that
any question asked tending to view the
bringing out of the fullest and most
complete information and data cover-
ing all points at issue should be per-
mitted, and we have decided that such
questions may be gone into by them,
with the provision only that any ques-
tions involving legal matters should
be covered in briefs filed during the
hearing or in the summing up at the
end of the case; also that such ques-
tions should cover ground, if possible,
which has not already been taken up
by the people's counsel and, as far as
possible, only that brought out on di-
rect examination."

Wisconsin Avenue Extra Cars Ordered Rescheduled

Acting on a protest from the Devo-
tionists' Citizens Association that
street car service on Wisconsin
avenue during working hours is un-
satisfactory and inadequate, the Pub-
lic Utilities Commission has requested
the Washington Railway & Electric Co.
to reschedule two of the extra cars
recently placed on that line.

The request followed a survey and
traffic count made by the engineer
bureau of the commission, which
showed that the two extra cars had
not been advantageously placed.

The commission has also requested
the Director W. H. Harland to either
obliterate or reschedule car stop safety
zones on Wisconsin avenue between
Massachusetts avenue and River road
and between the 15th and 16th street
crossings.

The Benning-Glendale-Oakland Cit-
izens Association, yesterday requested
the commission to authorize the Cap-
ital Traction Co. to operate bus service
along Benning road, from Benning sta-
tion to the District line.

Federation Is Explained To Foxhall Association

The Federation of Citizens Associa-
tions stand on the Harley P. Wilson
merger proposal was outlined last night
to the Foxhall Citizens Association
by William A. Roberts in the
parish hall of St. Patrick's Church.

Roberts is vice chairman of the fed-
eration's utilities committee, and is re-
presenting the body at the merger hear-
ings before the Public Utilities Com-
mission. Dr. George C. Haverner discussed
the history and working organization of
the federation in an address to the as-
sociation, and J. Louis Gelman dis-
cussed the federation from the stand-
point of the individual citizens' asso-
ciation.

Although the organization is not yet
eligible to membership in the federa-
tion, President Clarence A. Miller last
night appointed a committee of five to
consider application. The association
instructed F. M. Woodrow, chairman of
its utilities committee, to investigate
the Wilson merger proposal and report
back to the association.

Federal Pay Raise Hearings March 19

Hearings on the Welch bill to in-
crease the salaries of Federal employees
will begin before the House Civil Service
Committee March 19, Chairman Lehi-
bach, of New Jersey, announced yester-
day.

The bill proposes an average salary
increase of about \$300 a year for all
classes of employees; the Federal ser-
vice. A large number of members have
indorsed it.

Two Free Lectures —ON— CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Entitled
"Christian Science: Its
Mission and Leader"

by
Prof. Hermann S. Hering, C.S.B.
of Boston, Mass.

Member of the board of Lectur-
ship of The Mother Church, The
First Church of Christ, Scientist,
in Boston, Massachusetts.

In Keith's Theater, Friday, March
9, at 12:15 noon, and in First
Church of Christ, Scientist, Co-
lumbia Rd. and Euclid St., Friday
evening at 8 o'clock.

Under the Auspices of
First Church of Christ,
Scientist

No Collection. All Welcome

Open 8:30 A.M. Every Business Day

3% on Savings Accounts

4% on Time Deposits

Banking Service That
Insures Business Men

—every up-to-the-minute facility
for all legitimate requirements, is
at the disposal of our customers.
Do you bank at "Franklin?"

Franklin National Bank
Penna. Ave. at 10th St. N.W.
1111 Connecticut Avenue
JOHN B. COCHRAN THOS. P. HICKMAN
President V. P. and Cashier

MARINES IN NICARAGUA UPHELD BY SENATORS

Foreign Relations Group Re-
ports Adversely on Proposal
to Withdraw Them.

BORAH SEES OBLIGATION

(Associated Press.)

The Senate foreign relations com-
mittee went on record yesterday against
withdrawal of American marines from
Nicaragua until after the fulfillment
of the agreement entered into with the
contending factions there for a super-
vision of the presidential election next
October.

With but two or three dissenting
votes, the committee, after weeks of
hearings and discussion, ordered an ad-
verse report on the Heflin resolution
which would declare it to be the sense
of the Senate that the marines be with-
drawn immediately to prevent the loss
of more American lives in the conflicts
with the "Sandino" force.

Speaking for a majority of the com-
mittee, Chairman Borah issued a state-
ment saying that the agreement to su-
pervise elections "places an obligation
upon us that we can not at this time
escape."

"I think the entire committee would
like to see us get out of Nicaragua," he
added. "If we could hold a fair elec-
tion and recognize the government re-
sulting from that election, there would
be some chance of getting out and stay-
ing out."

Senator Borah expressed his own view
that if a fair election is held the Lib-
erals will win because they constitute
75 to 80 per cent of the popula-
tion.

IOWA G. O. P. VOTES SUPPORT OF LOWDEN

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

Lowden instruction to delegates, and
criticizing the administration's policy
toward agriculture and Mr. Hoover, as
a candidate because of his pledge to sup-
port the present objectives of the Cool-
idge administration.

After a night in the convention, the
delegates refused, by a vote of 905 7-10
to 514 3-10 to substitute the minority
report. After the defeat of the minority
report the majority report was made
unanimous.

The resolutions as adopted felicitated
the present administration at Washing-
ton for the country's financial stability
and the administration generally for its
economical conduct of governmental
affairs, especially reduction of the pub-
lic debt and the tax burden.

One exception was taken to the
Coolidge administration, the resolutions
declaring that it had failed to keep the
party pledge made in the 1924 platform
in respect to equality for agriculture.

The resolutions further demanded for
agriculture the same equality and pro-
tection afforded other industries; urged
an American market for farm products
and declared for a protective tariff on
agriculture. They criticized the admin-
istration policy of maintaining reclama-
tion and irrigation projects which would
tend to furnish agricultural land in
competition with present production.

DOCTORS SAY FOR Fevers—Chills Colds—Grippe—Malaria

GET A BOTTLE OF

ELIXIR
BABEK

ALL DRUGGISTS 65c

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

Ruddy cheeks — sparkling eyes — most
women can have. Dr. F. P. Edwards
for 20 years treated scores of women
for liver and bowel ailments. During
these years he gave his patients a sub-
stitute for calomel made of a few well-
known vegetable ingredients mixed with
olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards'
Olive Tablets. Know them by their
olive color.

These tablets are wonder-workers on
the liver and bowels, which cause a
normal action, carrying off the waste
and poisonous matter in one's system.
If you have a pale face, yellow look,
dull eyes, pinched tongue, headache,
aches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out
of sorts, inactive bowels, you take one
of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets nightly
for a time and note the pleasing results.

Thousands of women and men take
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—now and
then to keep fit. 15c 30c and 60c.

UNITED STATES STORAGE CO.

FIRE-PROOF
WAREHOUSE
STORAGE—MOVING CRATING
418-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

618-20 10th N.W. Main 4229 Ph. 2628

**A Specially Selected Group
of 150 "ERLE-MAID"
NEW SPRING FROCKS**

—for
STREET
—for
AFTERNOON

Very Specially Priced at
\$19.00
Regularly
\$25.00 to \$29.50

UNUSUAL models of exceptional quality and ap-
pealing style in Crepe de Chine,orgette, Crepe
Elizabeth, Crepe Roma and Canton Smartly
conceived frocks, some with the new Vionnet neckline,
others with triangular scarfs Cleverly pleated
skirts effectively versioning drapes, uneven hemlines,
tiers, monograms and fagotting Colors run the
full range of modish desire: Honey Beige, Marine,
Navy, Black, Rouge Cerise, Lanvin Green, Tan, Chin-
chin Included also are many Printed Crepes,
in the new floral designs, polka dots, confetti-trimmed
with plain colors.

Erlebacher
Feminine Apparel of Individuality
TWELVE-TEN TWELVE-TWELVE F STREET

**LACTOBACILLUS
ACIDOPHILUS MILK**
For intestinal dis-
orders. Ask your
physician about it.
Send for booklet.
National Vaccine & Antitoxin Institute
Phone North 10
1515 Van Ness N.W.

**Go by Bus to
BALTIMORE
PHILADELPHIA**
Stopping at Aberdeen, Havre de Grace,
Baltimore, Pikesville, Westminster, Chester
Milton Tour
Broad & Locust, Phila.
Write for Schedule and
Booklet A
Phone Gray Line, Main 600.

SMITH'S
TRANSFER & STORAGE
LOCAL & LONG DISTANCE MOVERS
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING
WE CRATE PACK AND SHIP
HOURS NO. 10 334-3
1313 YOU STREET N.W.

COOKING SCHOOL NEWS

3 Cup Cake Recipes and Mrs. Singleton's tasting experience

IN making cup cakes be sure that your shortening is so pure and sweet that
it will not detract from the delicate flavor of the cakes themselves. But, how
to tell? Simply taste your shortening.

Mrs. Singleton did this, and wrote us:

"I have used Crisco for years, but never thought of tasting it before. So
I closed my eyes and tasted first some of my butter, then Crisco.

"I was amazed at the delicious sweetness and freshness of Crisco. It seemed
so much like sweet, unsalted butter."

There—that's the message one taste of Crisco gave Mrs. Singleton—and will
give you!

Cup Cakes

1/2 cup Crisco 2 teaspoons baking
1 cup sugar 1/2 cup powder
3 eggs 1/2 teaspoon salt
1 1/2 cups flour 1/2 cup milk
1 teaspoon vanilla

Cream Crisco and sugar. Add beaten eggs
and mix well. Mix and sift flour, baking
powder and salt and add alternately with the
milk to the first mixture. Add vanilla and
beat thoroughly. Pour into greased muffin or
cup cake pans and bake in quick oven (425
degrees F.) 15 to 20 minutes.

The Washington Post.

THE WASHINGTON POST CO.

Washington, D. C.

EDWARD B. MCLAN, President and Publisher.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Washington Post is a member of the Associated Press, receiving the complete service of the world's greatest news-gathering organization.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Delivered by Carrier in Washington and Alexandria.
Daily, Sunday included, one year..... \$8.40
Daily, Sunday excluded, one year..... 7.00
Sunday only, one year..... 2.00
Daily, Sunday included, one month..... .70
Daily, Sunday excluded, one month..... .50
Sunday only, one month (with four Sundays)..... .25
Sunday only, one month (with five Sundays)..... .30

BY MAIL, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Outside District of Columbia.
Daily, Sunday included, one year..... \$8.40
Daily, Sunday excluded, one year..... 7.00
Sunday only, one year..... 2.00
Daily, Sunday included, one month..... .70
Daily, Sunday excluded, one month..... .50
Sunday only, one month (with four Sundays)..... .25
Sunday only, one month (with five Sundays)..... .30

District of Columbia.
Daily, Sunday included, one year..... \$8.40
Daily, Sunday excluded, one year..... 7.00
Sunday only, one year..... 2.00
Daily, Sunday included, one month..... .70
Daily, Sunday excluded, one month..... .50
Sunday only, one month (with four Sundays)..... .25
Sunday only, one month (with five Sundays)..... .30

New subscriptions for The Post or renewals will not be accepted unless payment accompanies the order. Remittances should be made by draft, check, postoffice order, registered letter or express order, payable to The Washington Post Co.

Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

National Advertising Representatives—PAUL BLOCH, Inc., 100 Lexington Building, New York; Century Building, Chicago; Little Building, Boston; General Motors Building, Detroit; Guaranty Trust Building, Philadelphia; Chancery Building, San Francisco.

Thursday, March 8, 1928.

MAKING FOR CHAOS.

The prime object of the proposed constitutional amendment under discussion in the House is to bring about the meeting of a new Congress soon after election. The excuse put forth for the attempted tinkering with the Constitution is that the country demands immediate action after a general election, and objects to the present system whereby "lame ducks" remain in Congress from election day until March 4.

There is no general demand on the part of the people, such as is alleged. On the contrary, the public is "fed up" with Constitution-tinkering, after the two unfortunate experiences in which prohibition was made the fundamental law and provision made for electing senators by popular vote. The deterioration of the Senate under the new rule is universally perceived. The instability of the Senate warns the people against acceptance of proposals which it approves as the instance of such solons as Norris, of Nebraska.

The fact is that the percentage of "lame ducks" in each Congress is very small. The political turnover of the House averages only 12 per cent.

The advantage of having the last session of a Congress extend from December to March in an inauguration year is that Congress is organized and can infallibly meet in joint session and count the electoral vote and declare the result; and if the election is thrown into the House there is time to elect a President before March 4.

Under the pending resolution a new Congress would meet on January 4, and inauguration day would fall on January 24. The House would be required to organize by electing a Speaker before Congress could meet in joint session to count the electoral vote. On several occasions the House has been deadlocked over the election of a Speaker, postponing the organization of the House. In 1849 the House was deadlocked 19 days, electing Howell Cobb after 62 ballots; in 1855 the House was deadlocked, and not until February 2, 1856, after 137 ballots, was Nathaniel P. Banks elected Speaker; and in 1859-60 the House was deadlocked two months before it elected William Pennington as Speaker.

The deadlocks occurred because no political party commanded a majority in the House. With the growth of blocs, which was recently deprecated by Speaker Longworth as a danger to the stability of the Union, deadlocks in the House are more probable than ever. If the proposed constitutional amendment were adopted it is quite likely that after the first presidential election thereafter Congress would be unable to meet in joint session to count the electoral vote before inauguration day. The country would be without a President, for the resolution makes no provision for such a contingency.

Twenty days is entirely too brief a period in which to provide for organization of the House, count the electoral vote, and elect a President in case the election is thrown into the House. The resolution as it stands works toward chaos in the Government.

MORE TRANSATLANTIC TRIALS.

Plans are under way in at least eight nations to send airplane expeditions westward across the Atlantic during the coming summer. In several instances the plans are well advanced, the personnel has been selected, and the planes are now under test. There is reason to believe that the feat will be accomplished this summer if the added knowledge in airplane design gained through the experience with recent long distance flights is utilized.

The westward flight is much more of a test than the eastward flight because of the fact that the prevailing winds are eastward. The planes that have flown from the United States to Europe were none too well suited for the task. A new type plane is needed to successfully fly from Europe to the United States.

and each of the European expeditions is planning to use "mystery" ships.

A plane embodying "startling" improvements is nearing completion at Meudon, just outside the gates of Paris. Only meager details of its design have been divulged. It will be powered with three Hispano-Suiza motors similar to those used by Costes and Lebrun. The body of the plane is said to provide space for sleeping bunks and other conveniences. The plane is equipped with a system of stabilization that automatically comes into play when any of the three engines stops, so that if engine trouble develops during the transatlantic flight the plane will maintain an even balance while repairs are being made.

MR. ESCH'S CASE.

It remains for the full Senate to decide whether it will be bound in considering the reappointment of John J. Esch, of Wisconsin, to the Interstate Commerce Commission by the sectional and political issues which obscure the main point and threaten to rob the regulatory body of its usefulness. The Senate, as the representative of all the people, can and should disregard the sectional dispute which influenced the interstate commerce committee of the Senate in its unfavorable report on the confirmation of Mr. Esch.

The public would judge from the outcry that has been raised with respect to the decision of the commission in the lake cargo case that it involved some new question and a startling departure from accepted principle. This is far from being the case. The controversy between the coal-carrying roads of the Southeast and those serving the central competitive field had its beginning almost twenty years ago. It has been before the Interstate Commerce Commission in various forms for more than ten years. Locally, among the States directly affected, it is a matter of some importance. Nationally it is not of paramount importance. Moreover, the case in all its aspects has been determined by the same general principle that has guided the commission in other similar controversies, namely, the relative of just and reasonable rates in this instance to just and reasonable rates in other fields.

The Interstate Commerce Commission, generally, and Mr. Esch, particularly, followed this principle in 1925, when a nonprejudicial relationship was prescribed for the rates on coal from Alabama mines and those of western Kentucky and southern Illinois. In essence this case involved the issues and principles present in the lake cargo case. It was decided along the lines laid down by the commission in the case for which Mr. Esch is now being attacked. There was not then, nor has there been since, any such outburst as that in which the Senate is now engaged.

Political considerations have had far too much to do with the attitude of the Senate, both with regard to the lake cargo case and the Interstate Commerce Commission. Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, sowed the seed for such a conflict when he openly and publicly made a political and sectional issue of Interstate Commerce Commission patronage. His demand that Pennsylvania be represented upon that body aroused intense antagonism. Sectionalism and politics now threaten to wreck a semi-judicial body which should at all cost be kept free of partisan spirit. Ability and integrity, not politics, should be the controlling factor in appointments to the commission, but unless the Senate as a whole takes control of the present situation the reverse is likely to be true. Mr. Esch should be confirmed.

SMOKY MOUNTAINS PARK.

The gift of \$5,000,000 from the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial Fund makes certain that the Great Smoky Mountains National Park will soon become a national asset. The amount, given as a memorial to Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, sr., will complete the \$10,000,000 needed to purchase and turn the 700,000-acre tract over to the Federal Government. Within a few years a pleasure ground and beauty spot within easy reach of three-fourths of the population will be thrown open.

Although much of Great Smoky Mountains National Park is virgin forest land, it lies in a region already famous. It is a part of the Land of the Skies, which has been so successfully capitalized by North Carolina. Even before that section of the country became popular as a resort and vacation ground, it was selected by some of the Nation's earliest settlers as a place for their homes in the new dance of game and the accessibility of water and fuel compensated the pioneers for the fact that they were forced to cling to the sides of the hills for their dwellings. Some of the purest American stock still lives in the mountain territory.

The boundaries of Great Smoky Mountains National Park will cover portions of Tennessee as well as North Carolina. It should, and no doubt will, attract residents of the entire Eastern section. Its appeal may not be quite as varied as Yellowstone, but should prove fully as attractive to those unable to make the longer journey West. Linked with the Shenandoah National Park, the Great Smoky Mountains reservation will form an outlet almost at the gates of the National Capital for those who find pleasure and recreation in visiting nature at its best.

PLATO, FEMINIST.

The power of newly discovered manuscripts to let in light on the dark places of antiquity is truly remarkable. Here is a lost book of Plato's, discovered in the Vatican library last summer by an American professor and confidently heralded to the world as containing proof that, away back in 300 B. C., or thereabouts, Plato, the great Greek philosopher, went on record as being in favor of votes for women. This view of the Athenian is so much at variance with other opinions regarding women, which he is known to have expressed in other works of his, that one is tempted to examine into the question of the manuscript itself a little more closely.

This mysterious document, which has lain unrecorded for centuries on a shelf in the Vatican library, while scholars searched for it in vain, was apparently removed to France with other spoils by Napoleon, and then formed part of the reparations made to Rome on the conclusion of the Napoleonic War. Through the most criminal negligence, however, it was not listed, when it was restored, as a Plato manuscript, and so was soon lost. Librarians, of course, are like that.

This particular manuscript has been identified (by its finder) as the work of a famous

scribe who, about 1,000 years ago, copied ancient masterpieces for Bishop Arethas, of Patras. This scribe always dated his works on the last page, but there is no date on the manuscript now under examination, because the last few pages are missing. This is unfortunate; but it was found, by comparing the writing and general make-up of the manuscript with a manuscript dated in 914 by this same scribe, that it is his work.

There may, it is evident, be some doubt both as to who was the copyist and as to who was the original author. If the work is a genuine Plato, and if it is established that that philosopher held, as we are told, that "for political purposes there is no more reason for classing women apart than for refusing to give the privileges of citizenship to bald-headed men," it would be no more than proper for some one to send word to Sir Philip Sidney to recall the howling out which, in his "Defence of Poesie," he gave to Plato for his attitude toward women.

In any case, one is forced to the conclusion that great is the art of paleography.

BLOCK BOOKING.

The Paramount-Famous Players-Lasky Corporation has served notice on the Federal Trade Commission that it will not comply with the order directing it to cease the block booking of motion pictures, upon the ground that the industry at its recent trade practice conference in New York failed to eliminate the practice and because no better method of distribution has yet been devised. The Trade Commission has indicated that it will resort to prompt court action to enforce the order.

Nothing is to be gained through a long-drawn-out legal battle between the commission and the moving picture industry. The controversy over block booking is one that should be ironed out by the industry itself. Certain aspects of it undoubtedly are pernicious. Possibly it does make for a simplified and economical distribution system, yet under it the exhibitor and the public suffer. The commission has declared block booking to be in restraint of trade. The industry, by revising the system at its trade practice conference, admits that there is something in the stand taken by the commission. Somewhere a middle ground is to be found upon which an economically sound and legal distribution system can be built.

The moving picture industry is powerful and wealthy. It can carry along the contest in court interminably. The commission, of course, can not recede from its position, and in the meantime the moving picture industry will continue as it has in the past. Yet it is significant that the Paramount-Famous Players-Lasky decision not to comply with the commission's order came just after conclusion of a Senate committee hearing on the Brookhart bill to make block booking illegal. Possibly the final chapter in the controversy will be written by Congress.

RECENT APPOINTMENTS.

Significant political inferences have been drawn this week from the fact that President Coolidge disregarded the preferences of the Republican organization in two Southern States in appointments to the Federal bench. Commentators have seen in the action of the Chief Executive "unmistakable evidence of his desire to disassociate himself completely from politics." The appointments were those involving Gov. John E. Martin of Arkansas, a Democrat, to the Eastern district of Arkansas, and Bascom Deaver, of Georgia, a Republican, to the middle district of Georgia.

Gov. Martin has already been confirmed. There is no Senate opposition to the Georgia selection. In fact the charge is nowhere made that the President's selections are not thoroughly fitted for the high honor conferred upon them. President Coolidge and many of his predecessors have in other instances ignored partisan considerations in their appointments. This has been particularly true where the Federal judiciary has been concerned.

The only apparent reason for so much surmise and speculation is that this is the season of the Presidential campaign, and there are still those who search for means by which they may go behind the President's declaration that he is not a candidate. Federal appointments based on merit ought to occasion no surprise at any time. A Federal bench free of the accustomed workings of the patronage system is a thing to be desired. It might be so regarded and accepted in other years, but now it must be viewed through a political glass, darkly.

TEACHING TEMPERANCE.

The New York City Board of Education has issued a general order to all school principals calling their attention to article 26, section 690, of the education law. The article, adopted about 25 years ago, largely at the insistence of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, provides that all children in public schools be instructed regularly regarding the effects of alcoholic drinks and tobacco. Complaint had been received from unofficial dry investigators that this subject is not taught with thoroughness in the New York schools.

In a way the incident illustrates a partial return to common sense. When the prohibition movement was first started it contented itself largely with bringing about reform through educational methods. The cause of temperance was advanced materially as a result of the indications were that this method of causing reform would in time create an outstanding temperate country. But fanaticism crept into the councils of the prohibition societies. It was not willing to await gradual betterment. "There ought to be a law" became its keynote and a law eventually was enacted.

The subsequent story needs no retelling. The law has failed to accomplish what education was certain to accomplish.

Unquestionably, the nature and effect of alcohol and tobacco should be taught to school children, but such teachings today can not prove as effective as they were formerly. Children learn most by example, and temperance will not be learned easily in communities that have become intemperate.

New regulations now being formulated for the licensing of all sightseeing guides in Washington are sorely needed. Those who visit their Capital should not be stuffed full of misinformation. Not many guides in the past have painted fanciful and inaccurate pictures, but in order to drive charlatans out of business careful regulation is necessary.



The Pursued and the Pursuers.

PRESS COMMENT

Then Who Is?

Boston Transcript: Police Commissioner Wilson lets it be known that even a taxicab driver is not sufficiently skilful to disobey speed and traffic laws with safety.

Bowlegs and Health.

New Orleans Times Picayune: "Bowlegs are an indication of health," says a distinguished pediatric. What a healthy bunch of flappers America does have!

Sounds Incredible.

Topeka Capital: A Los Angeles court fined a young woman of that town \$1 for shooting her lover. As the lover was not fatally injured the wonder is that the court didn't fine him.

World Markets.

Lansing State Journal: Atlanta boasts of being the leading mule market of the world. Houston is edging in on Atlanta's fame by becoming the world's greatest donkey market.

Embarrassing.

Ohio State Journal: The embarrassing situation which the Democrats face in this grave crisis is this, that, if they nominate a wet, the Antisoon League will support the Republican ticket and if they nominate a dry, it will anyway.

Business Wrecker.

Indianapolis News: That constitutional amendment which will prevent a congressman who is defeated for reelection from going back to the House and making a few trades before he loses his congressional power may seriously interfere with some political—and other—business.

Safe Prediction.

New Orleans States: A French astrologist announces that next summer this country will suffer from intense heat which will be followed by a terrific explosion. Evidently the news has reached him that Houston has been selected as the place for the Democratic national convention.

Today's Spirits.

Baltimore Sun: All of those persons who feel that since prohibition went into effect America has been lacking a vital something, may take hope from the story of a Long Beach (Calif.) policeman. Attending a seance for which the admission fee was only \$1, the patrolman, becoming inquisitive, over-turned the cabinet in which some shades were lurking. The reaction was immediate and sensational. The policeman was floored by a nicely placed left hook. Then he arrested the ghost. Of course, the story's real importance is that the spirits which inhabit cabinets at seances are equal in knockout power with the spirits which once graced cabinets in cellars.

Infant Pneumonia.

Philadelphia Ledger: The increase in deaths during the week just past has prompted the department of public health to issue new warnings against the dangers of pneumonia. Particular emphasis has been placed on the susceptibility of infants to this disease and the necessity of protecting them adequately. Adults, it is explained, must, in the course of their daily work, subject themselves to the dangers of infection. Children, however, remain in the home during most of the cold weather, and the disease germs reach them only when brought in by others. For this reason, department physicians suggest that the nursery be kept as free as possible from the presence of visitors. This seems a reasonable precaution, whose observance could do much to safeguard child health.

Freedom of the Air

By T. H. CARAWAY

United States Senator from Arkansas

DOWN South we used to say, "There is nothing free but air, but since the Federal Radio Commission has given all the air to a few big broadcasting stations up North, the air no longer is free down South."

Whether the present Radio Commission is without information or without desire to be just is a question that is very largely being decided in public opinion in favor of the later conclusion. It seems unthinkable that any men of reasonable intelligence actuated by a sense of justice could have so allotted the wave lengths as to give a monopoly, or practically a monopoly, to one concern.

When Congress created the Radio Commission it had grave doubts as to what the commission would do. And when the members of the commission as now composed were nominated by the President it was more apprehensive. The results justify these apprehensions.

As the commission has appropriated the privilege of broadcasting it has made it possible by hook-ups by one concern to destroy all other broadcasting stations throughout the country.

It is commercializing, of course, this privilege by turning the air into a bill board to advertise "soda," "ginger ale," cars, and every other junk, including "Smith Brothers Whiskers." It is needless to rail—like the advertisement of the Victrola, the commission "hears its master's voice." Congress, therefore, will have to reform the commission or abolish it and establish something else in its stead.

The present commission is either hopelessly without information or hopelessly without desire to be just. One condition is as fatal to the rights of the public as the other, and this commission must go.

Necessity and Industry

By ROBERT QUILLEN

THERE is a common belief in America that "hick" districts produce the country's great men. There is some foundation for the belief, but the explanation isn't the one commonly given.

Rural atmosphere doesn't develop any better brains than metropolitan atmosphere—or finer character. But rural youngsters of average ability go to town filled with ambition. The dull ones remain in the country. The result, in one Indiana school district, is that 27 per cent of the children of school age are mental defectives.

Tom, Dick and Harry leave the "sticks" because they are ashamed of being "rubes." Shame fills them with a determination to be somebody, and when they get to town they buckle down to work and pass city boys of equal ability.

That's the whole explanation. Observe two boys in school, one brilliant and the other ordinary. People predict a great future for the brilliant boy, but usually they are wrong. The kid knows he is a wonder and is content to take things easy and rest on his laurels. The other boy, conscious of being a second-rate, is spurred to great industry and becomes a prominent citizen.

Why do Americans strive harder than the British? Because Americans begin at the bottom. Every man covets a place in the sun—honors, glory, the admiration of his fellows. The Britisher of the upper class is born to honors. His family name gives him high rank. But the American must win what he enjoys. Whoever he may be, he starts with nothing so far as the world's respect is concerned. He tries harder than the Britisher because he has more to try for.

The poet eating crusts in a garret writes masterpieces. When the world recognizes his genius, he grows fat and dull-witted. Genius sprouts in an empty stomach. Necessity is the mother of industry.

The poor man's son has a better chance than the rich man's son because his hatred of poverty serves as an inspiration. A man doesn't yearn to conquer the world if he inherits a generous section of it.

The saints are men who once were great sinners. The big jobs are held by men who had to fight for a chance to begin at the bottom. Only those appreciate liberty who once were slaves. If you would make a boy great, make him ashamed of his present worthlessness.

Americanism: Neglecting a cigarette lighter; growing—because it doesn't work. Doing the same thing about government.

Election year: A time when the voter is kidded into the belief that somebody cares a darn what he thinks.

Naughty plays are losing popularity—not because people are getting better, but because nothing is appetizing if you get it for supper every night.

One reason why villages have fewer scandals and killings than cities have is because Central doesn't tell all she knows.

(Copyright, 1925.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Vilifying Public Men.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I do not like the comments of some of your correspondents on the character of some of the presidential aspirants and on politics in general. I am not one of those who believe all officeholders are corrupt and look at every public question with a partisan eye. I take it all Americans want to see the country prosper and that good government is necessary to that prosperity. The difference is one as to the methods. All men can not think alike on any given subject. Great lawyers differ—and very materially differ—when the constitutionality of a law is questioned. Great divines differ radically on questions of religion. Great scientists differ greatly on most of the scientific problems of the day. Yet they are all true men. They do not deserve to be vilified.

C. BAXTER.

Diamond Smuggling.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The startling facts which were recently disclosed before the ways and means committee in Washington on diamond smuggling, and the magnitude which it has attained, are of unusual interest.

The sensational statements made by United States Consul General to Belgium George S. Messersmith, the commissioner of customs, the collector of the Port of New York, the special agent and representatives of the diamond industry have opened up a matter of great importance, not alone to the jewelers of this country, but which affects the finances and the morale of the United States Government.

When facts tend to corroborate the statement that nearly half of the diamonds coming into this country are smuggled, it is something that can not be lightly cast aside.

MEYER D. ROTHCHILD, President American Jewelers Protective Association, New York, March 3.

The Antisoon League Tactics.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The heads of the Antisoon League and their allies tremble at the thought of going before the country on the proposition that the administration of the Volstead act has been wise, honest and effective and that the terms of the act are just what they ought to be. The nomination of Al Smith or any other Democrat who is seriously talked about would challenge these pretensions. But the prohibitionists campaigners are not making any serious fight at this stage on any Democrat but Smith; and for this they have their own sufficient reason, to wit: that the factors in Smith's popularity and the likelihood of his election are unique.

Naturally the first battle line in the fight on Smith will be the Democratic primaries and conventions; and so P. Scott McBride, general superintendent of the Antisoon League, addressing the legal convention at St. Petersburg, Fla., the other day said:

"If he (Smith) heads the ticket, not a Democratic congressman will be elected in the doubtful States. Tammany claims that Smith will carry Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Wisconsin, Illinois and Missouri, which are more nearly solidly Republican than the South is solidly Democratic. If Smith is nominated, however, there is more chance that such States as Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina and possibly Georgia and Florida will go Republican than that the others will go Democratic."

Mr. McBride knows, as every other man knows who reads the newspapers, that Smith, above any other Democrat, is likely to carry Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Wisconsin and Missouri, which are more nearly solidly Republican than the South is solidly Democratic. If Smith is nominated, however, there is more chance that such States as Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina and possibly Georgia and Florida will go Republican than that the others will go Democratic.

BENJ. CARTER.

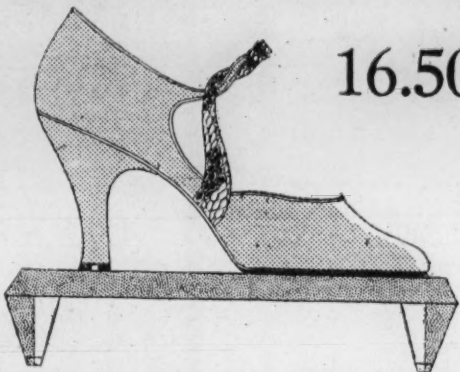
UNDER RALEIGH HABERDASHER MANAGEMENT

STETSON SHOE SHOP
1305 F Street

presents

THE NEW
"TWIRL" STRAP
SLIPPER IN TAN KID

16.50



THIS new model has graceful lines and beauty of detail, which make it a perfect choice for the feminine fashions of the Spring season. The twist strap of beige Python entwines tan kid.

Also in patent leather with black and white Python

J. F. SHAW & Co.
UNIQUE JEWELRY
1516 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
Just Above Dupont Circle

An Inspiration

Originality at the source of creation, distinction in design and beauty of workmanship have guided us in selecting our stock—factors which should guide your selection also.



IT'S NEW!



Hand Drawn
Rose-Beige
Georgette
Dress---

\$39.75

—A youthfully smart, two-piece afternoon frock, with the new Vionnet neckline, long sleeves, full skirt pleated all around, and wide belt of material finished with fancy brass buckle and brass eyelets.

Misses' Sizes
14 to 20

Second Floor.

at KANN'S

CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

THE President was joined yesterday by Mrs. Coolidge, who returned from Northampton, Mass., with Mrs. R. B. Hills, who will visit at the White House. Mrs. Coolidge will not receive again this season.

The Vice President and Mrs. Davis will be the guests in whose honor the Spanish Ambassador and Senora de Padilla will entertain at dinner this evening.

The Ambassador of Mexico and Senora de Teller entertained at dinner in honor of the British Ambassador and Lady Isabella Howard last evening. The other guests were:

The Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira; the Spanish Ambassador and Senora de Padilla; the Turkish Ambassador, M. Ahmed Moustakhar Bey; the Minister of Hungary and Countess Szechenyi; the Minister of the Irish Free State, Mr. Timothy Smiddy; the Minister of Greece and Mme. Simopoulos; the Minister of Egypt and Mme. Samy Pasha; the Minister of Poland and Mme. Ciechanowska; the Minister of Sweden, Mr. W. Bostrom; the Minister of Persia, Mirza Davoud Khan Mefrai; the Minister of Norway and Mme. Backe; the Attorney General, Mr. John C. Sargent; the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. William M. Jardine; the Secretary to the President and Mrs. Everett Sanders; Judge and Mrs. Samuel Jordan; Judge John Barton Payne; Mr. Arthur Bliss Lane, chief of the Mexican Division of the Department of State; Sir John Joyce Broderick, commercial counselor of the British Embassy; and Lady Broderick; the Counselor of the Czechoslovak Legation and Mme. Lips; Col. and Mrs. Charles B. Drake; Maj. and Mrs. Parker West; Mrs. Lucy Wilder Morris; Mrs. William C. Kerlin; Mme. Francisco Sunsteig; Miss Vera Bloom; Miss Theodora Catalani; Miss Barrine Drake and Miss Amelia Sunsteig.

During and after dinner, Senorita Constanza and Senorita Josefina Herrera, Mexican folklore singers, accompanied at the guitar by Mr. Carlos Lopez, rendered a program of Mexican popular music.

The Ambassador of Argentina and Mme. de Pueyrredon will be the guests in whose honor Mrs. McCormick-Goodhart will entertain at luncheon on March 13.

Mme. Matsudaira, wife of the Japanese Ambassador, will be the guest in whose honor Mrs. William Fitch Kelley will entertain at luncheon on March 13.

The Ambassador of Chile and Senora de Davila, who have been in New York for several days, will return to Washington the end of the week.

Mrs. William Howard Taft was the guest in whose honor Mrs. Robert Love Taylor entertained at luncheon yesterday when there were 24 guests. Mrs. Taft will be the guest of honor of Mrs. Davenport White at luncheon on March 22.

Justice and Mrs. Edward Terry Sanford and Justice James B. McReynolds were the guests in whose honor the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Wilbur J. Carr entertained at dinner last evening. There were twelve guests.

The Minister of Columbia and Senora de Olave went to New York yesterday where they will remain for several days. While there they will be at the Savoy Plaza.

Mme. Ciechanowska, wife of the Minister of Poland, and her guest, Miss Ann Tyrrell, daughter of the British Ambassador to France, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Rummer Yaw in Detroit, returned to Washington yesterday.

The Minister of the Netherlands and Mme. van Royen entertained at a small dinner last evening at the legation. They will go tomorrow to Cuba for several weeks.

Relieved From Duty Here.

The Minister of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Mr. Volsky Antonievich, has been relieved of his duty in Washington and the Secretary of the Legation, Mr. Branko Adjemovitch, will be the charge d'affaires ad interim.

The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Curtis D. Wilbur, will return to Washington today from Bay City, Mich., where he went Monday.

Mrs. Hugo Black, wife of Senator Black, will be at home at Wardman Park Hotel this afternoon when she will have assisting her, her mother, Mrs. Sterling Foster, of Birmingham, Ala.

Representative and Mrs. Fred Britten entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hines, of Chicago.

Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, wife of the Chief of Staff, was the guest of honor yesterday at the luncheon given by Mrs. Howard L. Landers. The other guests were Mrs. Wallace R. Farrington, Mrs. Charles T. Mousher, Mrs. Victor Houston, Mrs. Arthur Cowan, Mrs. H. J. McKenny, Mrs. W. W. Taylor, Jr., Mrs. O. P. Robinson, Mrs. Henry Sumner, Mrs. James Magee, and Mrs. Charles P. Summerall, Jr.

The Governor of Hawaii and Mrs. Wallace R. Farrington will be at home at Wardman Park Hotel this afternoon.

The Collier Inn
COLUMBIA BLDG., 13th ST.
OPPOSITE AMBASSADOR
TONIGHT
8 Until 7:30

4-Course
CHICKEN
DINNER 75c

Luncheon—in the Grill—11:15-2:15—Table or Self Service.

Columbia 8642

Our Cuisine and Service Are
Equalled by NONE at the Price
and Exceeded by NONE at
Any Price

A Special
Community Dinner
Served in
The Highlands Cafe

Connecticut Avenue
at California Street
TODAY

Roast Turkey
With Choice of
Roast Meats
Fresh Vegetables
Fresh Strawberry Ice
Cream or
Home-made
Pastry

\$1

Dinner Served from 6 to 7:30

from 4 until 6 o'clock. Governor and Mrs. Farrington will start for Hawaii Saturday.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. B. Frank Chestnut were the guests in whose honor Maj. Reginald Foster entertained at dinner last evening at the Chevy Chase Club, when there were 50 guests.

Senora de Agasio, wife of the Counselor of the Chilean Embassy, who is in New York, will return to Washington on Sunday.

The Commercial Attache of the Chilean Embassy, Senor Don Carlos Lee, will come from New York the end of the week to pass a few days in Washington.

The First Secretary of the Chilean Embassy, Senor Don Jorge Silva, who was in Havana as a delegate to the conference, has returned to Washington.

The Counselor of the Chinese Legation and Mme. Yung Kwal will be the guests of honor at the Arts Club dinner this evening. Other guests of the club will include Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Hummel, Miss Anna C. Laws will be hostess.

Mme. van Schuylenburgh, wife of the Attache of the Netherlands Legation, is in New York, where she is at the Barclay Hotel.

Mrs. Glover at Home.

Mrs. W. Irving Glover, wife of the Assistant Postmaster General, who was at home yesterday afternoon, had assisting her Mrs. John H. Bartlett, wife of the first assistant Postmaster General; Mrs. Ernest R. Ackerman, wife of Representative Ackerman; and Mrs. Frank L. Hatch.

The former Ambassador of Chile, Senor Don Miguel Cruchaga Tocornal, has arrived in New York from Europe. He is expected to come to Washington for a few days before going to Mexico City where he has been appointed umpire of the Mixed Claims Commission between Mexico and Germany, and Mexico and Spain.

Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins will be at home this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. Mrs. Elkins has as her guest Mme. Groultch.

Mrs. Corcoran Thom and her daughter, Miss Caroline Thom, have gone to Bermuda for a few weeks and are at the Princess Hotel.

Mrs. Henry T. Loomis, of New York, will be the guest of the guests of Mrs. Rushmore Patterson for several days. Mrs. Patterson will entertain at luncheon Saturday and again on Sunday.

Mrs. William Gibbs McAdoo entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Willard where he had ten guests.

Mrs. Duncan Cameron, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Elsie Quinby, is at the Ritz Carlton in New York, and will sail for Europe on Saturday on the S. S. Majestic.

Mr. Antoine de Geofroy is at the Westbury in New York.

Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips has been joined at the Barclay, in New York, where she is passing some time, by her daughter, Miss Katherine Phillips.

Mrs. Charles Whitelaw has sent out cards for "at homes" Wednesday in March.

Among those who entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Willard were Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, Mr. Raymond Baker, Mrs. Norman E. Mack, Mr. P. V. G. Assarsson.

Westmoreland Cafe
2122 California St.
TURKEY DINNER... \$1.00

Wedding Presents of Distinction
Unusual Antiques
The Okie Galleries
The Okie Bldg., 1640 Conn. Ave.

Fish Paste
(In Tubes)

Delicious for Sandwiches

Anchovy Paste...	25c	\$2.75
Bloater Paste...	25c	2.75
Sardine Paste...	25c	2.75
Sardellen Paste...	25c	2.75

Magruder, Inc.

Best Groceries
Conn. Ave., M & 18th
Phone Main 4180, Established 1875

NOONDAY
LENTEN SERVICES

B. F. Keith's Theater
12:20 to 1 o'clock

Speaker This Week
Dr. Anson Phelps
Stokes

Canon of Washington Cathedral
Auspices of Washington Federation of Churches

All Cordially Invited

All Spring
Flowers

Spring's forerunners—Violets, Sweet Peas, Tulips, Freesias, Jonquils and all their lovely kindred—are available here at our usual Moderate Prices.

Why not have us send a basket of these Spring beauties to that convalescent friend TODAY?

GEORGE C.
SHAFFER
OUR ONLY STORE
14th & Eye

Phone: Main 106 and 2416

Counselor of the Swedish Legation; Assistant Attorney General Mabel Walker Willebrandt and Mrs. Robert Cahill.

Lady Lister Kaye has returned to New York after passing some time in Washington.

Mrs. Victor Kauffmann will entertain at luncheon on March 16 in honor of Mme. Groultch.

Miss Mary Veeder and Miss Anne Veeder, who have been in Europe several months, will sail for home Friday.

Mrs. Landis Entertains.

Mrs. H. K. Landis, wife of Col. Landis, entertained at luncheon at the Willard yesterday. Covers were laid for twelve.

Miss Mary L. Lerner has returned from a trip to Havana, the Panama Canal and San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. William Francis Zumburn have motored to Palm Beach, where they will remain for several weeks. They will then start by way of Cuba for the Canal Zone, where they will pass a month, returning home about April 20.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman E. Mack, of Buffalo, are at the Carlton for a few days on their way to Florida. They will return to the Carlton about the end of the month.

Dr. and Mrs. Caspar W. Miller, of Wallingford, Pa., are also at the Carlton for a week, accompanied by their daughter, Miss N. P. Miller.

Mr. C. O. Metcalf, Mayor of Elizabethtown, N. Y., and Mrs. Metcalf are at the Grace Dodge Hotel for the week.

Mrs. Harry M. Bremer, of New York, a member of the national board of the Y. W. C. A., is also at the Grace Dodge Hotel.

Mrs. Coolidge heads the list of patronesses for the first public concert of the Young Women's Christian Association Glee Club, which will be given the evening of March 13, at 8 o'clock in Barker Hall, Seventeenth and K streets, under the direction of Miss Imogene B. Ireland, music secretary of the local association.

The patronesses include many Washington women prominent in musical circles and keenly interested in the activities of the Young Women's Christian Association, among them being Mrs. Robert Lansing, Mrs. William Hamilton Bayly, Mrs. Charles Wood, Mrs. J. B. Kendall, Miss Jean Dean Cole, Mrs. Thomas Edwin Brown, Mrs. W. E. Humphrey, Mrs. Wilson Compton, Mrs. William Chapin Huntington, Mrs. Woodbury Pulsifer, Mrs. Ben T. Webster, Mrs. John T. Schaff, Mrs. William D. Mitchell, Miss Estelle Foster, Miss Elizabeth Pierce, Mrs. G. I. Swope and Miss Lois E. Gorman, Miss Marion Holmes, of New York City, is to be the guest soloist of the occasion. Miss Holmes is particularly interested in Y. W. C. A. music and is associated with the work of the national board.

Rosenberger-Tyler Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Julia Catherine Tyler, of Winchester, Va., and Mr. John Rosenberger was solemnized at noon yesterday in this city.

The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. Marvin A. Tyler, while Mr. Rosenberger was attended by Mr. Shyrack, of Winchester.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John Paul Tyler assisted by the other brothers, the Rev. Barrett P. Tyler, of Boston; the Rev. Frank Tyler, of Salem; the Rev. Roger Tyler, of

Huntington, W. Va., and the Rev. German Hunt Tyler, of Rileysville, Va.

The couple are motoring south for their honeymoon and will be at home in Winchester after April 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter I. Goodwin, of Hartford, Conn., are at the Carlton for a few days. Mr. Goodwin will return to Hartford tomorrow. Mrs. Goodwin remaining till the end of the week to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerie de Tosegny, of Hungary, accompanied by the latter's son, Mr. Francois X. Ullman de Ereny, and their niece, the Baroness de Madarasz-Beck, of Budapest, are passing a few days at the Mayflower on their return to New York from Havana and Palm Beach. They will sail from New York on March 17 for Europe.

Judge C. B. Heiserman is at the Willard, where he arrived yesterday from his home in Philadelphia. He plans to pass the rest of the week here.

A partial list of the subscribers to Dr. Louis K. Auspacher's lectures, which will begin tomorrow morning, include the Minister of Czechoslovakia, Mme. Peter, wife of the Minister of Switzerland; Mrs. Lawrence D. Tyson, Mrs. William Howard Taft, Mrs. Sol Bloom, Mrs. Hennen Jennings, Miss Anna G. Connolly, Miss Eleanor Connolly, Mrs. Brewster Warwick, Mrs. Stokes Hackett, Mrs. Frank B. Freyer, Mrs. G. M. Meek, Miss McCulloch Miller, Mrs. Clarence Aspinwall, Miss Bessie Kibbey, Mrs. Victor Kauffmann, Mrs. Frederick Atherton, Mrs. Walter Wilcox, Mrs. Davenport White, Mrs. Samuel Jordan Graham, Mrs. Henry Leonard, Mrs. Henry A. Strong, Mrs. Frank Baldwin, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood, Mrs. Edward Walker, Mrs. Joseph E. Washington, Mrs. John Lindsay Morehead, Mrs. William Lybrand, Mrs. DeLoe A. Blodgett, Mrs. Charles Matthews, Mrs. Francis Pope, Mrs. Loren Johnson and Mrs. William Dunn McKee. There will be a special luncheon at the Mayflower after the lectures.

The National Women's Press Club will entertain at a supper-grill at Grace Dodge Hotel on March 17 at 9:30 o'clock. There will be a program of musical entertainment after the supper-grill, somewhat after the gridiron dinners arranged by the men of the press each year. A number of women of Washington will be among the guests.

Mrs. Mabel Willebrandt, Miss Mary Winfree, Dr. Elizabeth Kittredge, Miss Jessie La Salle, Mrs. Sallie Pickett and Mrs. Wilson Compton are the members of the committee who are sponsoring the dinner given by the business and professional women's department of the Y. W. C. A. tomorrow night at 7 o'clock.

At the "French tea" to be given tomorrow afternoon at the Washington Club, 1701 K street, a play, "Le Voyage en Suede" under the supervision of Mme. Suzanne Laurent, will be presented in French. Members of the cast are Mrs. Daniel L. Borden, Mrs. Bertram Grosbeck, Judge Paul Myron Linberger, Mr. Markley Bethea and Mr. Arthur Lebel. Mme. Laurent has also arranged several specialties, consisting of French songs, music and recitations, and a solo dance to be given by Miss Mona Laurent, daughter of Mme. Laurent.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson Patroness.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is among the latest subscribers for a box to the ball to be given "In the Land of Make-Believe" for the benefit of the Southern Relief Society. While President Wilson occupied the White House two charity balls always lent his support and attendance, those for the Southern Relief and the Children's Hospital. For the last three years the society has

CONTINUED ON PAGE 20, COLUMN 1.

Send Your Photograph
With Easter Greetings

There are two major occasions when photographs are the most appropriate gifts—Christmas and Easter.

If you failed to send yours this Christmas—by all means do so on Easter. Gifts of sentiment and love for Easter—could anything do quite so well as an autographed portrait?

A suggestion: For your husband's Easter surprise—a glorious miniature.

UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

Portraits of Quality
1230 Connecticut Avenue. Telephone Main 4400

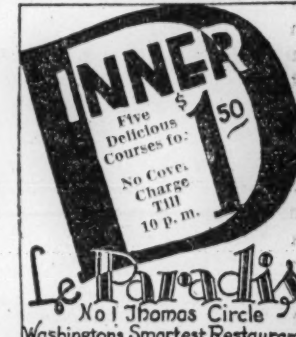
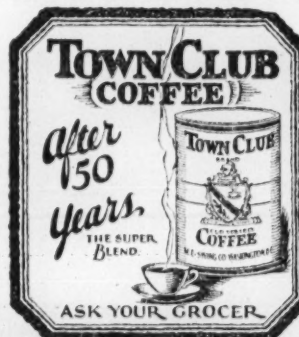
Due to improved
oiling and cooling
system, the motor
in the new
AUBURN
is never
"sick with a fever"

Warrington Motor Car Co.

Since 1912

1712 Connecticut Ave.

Pot. 324



THE MEN'S STORE—2nd Floor

The Man who wears a
**WOODSHIRE
SUIT**
is "at ease"
anywhere

In his friends' home, at
the club or the office—
wherever he may be, he
is sure to feel "at ease."



Why. Because he knows that his Woodshire Suit is completely correct in cut and fabric, that it is a flattering compliment to his good taste in clothes. In it he is free from all "clothes consciousness"—he is perfectly "at ease."

\$45—With two pairs of trousers

THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR.

Woodward & Lothrop

THESE ARE THE AUTHORITATIVE NEW COLORS IN MEN'S CLOTHES FOR SPRING



GRAMPIAN BLUES
New shades of blue that take their name from the haze that hangs over the Grampian mountains of Scotland



ALGERIAN BROWNS
The rich soft tans and browns of the desert sands; many shades and tones; many weaves and patterns



GREYHOUNDS
Shades of grey in beautiful patterns and subdued weaves

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES ARE ALWAYS THE FIRST WITH THESE NEW COLORS AND STYLES

Here are some other good ones

- LOVAT—A beautiful new grey green
- OXBLOOD—Reddish shades of brown
- STONE GREY—Lighter shades of grey
- SILVER AND DUSTED BLUES—Blue cast with grey

RALEIGH HABERDASHER
1310 F STREET INC

Copyright 1928 Hart Schaffner & Marx

BEHIND THE SCREENS

With NELSON B. BELL

Fans who are eager to see the new film faces of the future should look through the advertising sections of the popular magazines. Motion picture experience indicates that at least a few of them are doing their first emulating for the public there, in soap ads, collar ads, camera ads and the like. The girl who is registering distress on page 294 over "Oh, that corn!" may be registering distress in the movies a few years from now. And the smile that glitters in a toothpaste ad today may captivate millions of picture goers tomorrow.

After all, the principle is the same. A face that is attractive enough to sell toothpaste when photographed and published in a magazine is quite likely to be attractive enough to sell itself to an audience on the screen.

Eleanor Boardman did a lot to help pocket cameras become more popular before she entered the movies and made herself popular. Norma Shearer posed in many a costly garment, knowing full well that clothes would get all the credit, before she journeyed to Hollywood and convinced picture producers that she was a girl worth starring for her own sake.

Josephine Norman's fresh beauty helped to popularize a brand of soap that is supposed to make all women that way, and Kathryn Carver, though she did not appear in the advertising sections, was made into so many magazine covers that her face became a trademark long before film fans knew whose it was.

The list of masculine players who served their turns at posing for collar ads, hat ads or something similar before trying their fortunes in the films reads like the membership roll of a movie club. It includes such players as Huntley Gordon, Reedy Howes, Jack Mulhall, George Duray, Matty Kemp, Neil Hamilton and Billy Haines. The former collar ad men alone are so numerous in Hollywood that if one hears a successful actor say: "I wear no man's collar now," one can never be sure whether he is speaking literally or indulging in a figure of speech.

There seems to be some vindication of our enthusiasm over the film version of Maurine Watkins' clever travesty, "Chicago," in the announcement just communicated to us by Corbin Shield that this highly entertaining study of a beautiful blonde whom gentlemen did not prefer to be held over for a second week at the Rialto Theater.

A wise decision on the part of Manager Steffy, if you should ask us—as you probably will not. "Chicago" is a far better picture than it was played, due largely to the fact that Anne Hart, the long-suffering young husband impersonated by Victor Varconi, the Pontius Pilate of "The King of Kings," has been made a human being instead of an unconscionable sap.

With the Metropolitan and Columbia both changing bills Saturday, after runs of "Old Ironsides" and "The Circus," respectively, the Rialto no doubt felt it incumbent upon it to perpetuate the theory that every week must witness a holdover somewhere among our first-run cinema salons.

Speaking of the Metropolitan and its incoming bill, it may be worth while to remember that "The Legion of the Condemned," opening Saturday at the P street house, is the first vehicle in which Paramount's newly formed team of romanticists is to be seen. Fay Wray and Gary Cooper are the players of whom Famous Players-Lasky think so well that they have been dubbed "the glorious young lovers of the screen."

If memory serves at all correctly—and it probably doesn't—Cooper was last seen here in the title role of "Beau Sabreur," sequel to "Beau Geste." "The Legion of the Condemned" is heralded as a much better piece of work than the desert story that served as a sequel to "Beau Geste" purely by virtue of advance publicity rather than merit.

The Department of Agriculture seems to have assumed rather a large responsibility for the week beginning Saturday. It has contracted to reproduce its recent amaryllis show on the stage of the Fox Theater as a special setting for one of Manager Stebbins' colorful spectacles enlisting the services of the Fox ballet corps and the symphony orchestra conducted by Leon Bruloff.

I can't even keep the things alive in my back yard, aided by sun, soil, garden hose, rain, constant puttering and what not!

Whitley Kaufman, conductor of the Victor Recording Orchestra bearing his name, and master of ceremonies at the Earle Theater, begins what is declared to be his final week at the Thirteenth street house day after tomorrow.

Whitley has won many new friends during the six weeks that he will have served as major domo of the stage goings-on devised by Eddie Hyman for the delectation of patrons of the Earle. His orchestra is an excellent one and has comforted itself in fine fashion throughout the engagement, which we hope may soon be repeated.

A scenarist who thought he was fairly well known in the screen colony submitted a script to the De Mille scenario department and heard nothing.

from it. He waited and waited, and then sent this note:

"Six months ago I sent my play, 'An humble thing, and lowly. How true is what the ancients say: De Mille of the gods grind slowly.'"

The very next day came a letter, containing not the check of three figures which would have made this such a good Hollywood success story, but just a rejected manuscript. I, too, have suffered.

Invitations are out for a special screening next Monday at 2:30 p. m. for film reviewers only. I am told, "The Light of Asia," a feature film directed, enacted and in every department of the craft produced by East Indians in India.

The occasion is sponsored by the Motion Picture Guild of Washington, which, I am led to believe, solicits aid in an attempt to determine the worth of this unusual opus as a possible de luxe attraction at its Little Theater, on Ninth Street.

I am informed by Mrs. Somers, publicist, that this will be quite an event among our best guessers of box-office values, but it seems to me that it is scheduled for pretty early in the morning!

It would be interesting to know how many Ophelias of the Shakespearean stage are playing in the movies now. One of them, Ida Lewis, now playing a comic duchess in "Three Sinners," portrayed the tragic Ophelia in 1882 as a member of Edwin Booth's company.

Miss Lewis was born in Havana and has been on the stage and screen for nearly 50 years. What she likes best to remember is that the great Booth once called her "Shakespeare's ideal Ophelia."

And, by the way, apropos of nothing whatever, why pick on Monta Bell while there is "Lulu?"

Envoy Poindexter Feted.

Lima, Peru, March 7 (A.P.).—Miles Poindexter, United States Ambassador, who is leaving for home the latter part of this month, was guest of honor last night at a dinner given by the American colony.

AMUSEMENTS

LOEW'S PALACE

CONTINUOUS 10:30 TO 11 P. M.
NOW PLAYING
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
GRETA GARBO
In a Seductive, Tantalizing Alluring Role in
"THE DIVINE WOMAN"
ON THIS STAGE
John Murray Anderson's
"ROMAN NIGHTS"
WITH
WESLEY EDDY
And a Talented Cast of Artists in a Colorful, Melodious Revue.

LOEW'S COLUMBIA

CONTINUOUS 10:30 TO 11 P. M.
3D AND FINAL WEEK
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In His Best Picture,
THE CIRCUS
Supplementary Attractions.
FEATURE ON AT
11:10 A. M.—12:55—2:40
4:20—6:10—8:00—9:45 P. M.
COMMENCING SATURDAY
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
AS
THE GAUCHO

FOX

AT FOURTEENTH ST.
Continuous Daily, 11 A. M. to 11:30 P. M.
Four De Luxe Performances at 1:45, 3:45, 7:15 and 9:10 P. M.

MAY McAVOY and CONRAD NAGEL
"SLIGHTLY USED"
ON THE STAGE
15 Parisian "SOUTH-RED-HEADS" Vocal Ensemble, The Unusual in Entertainment, Ballet Corps, FOX MOVIE TONE

Fox Concert Orchestra
LEON BRULOFF Conducting

Beginning Saturday
Dolores del Rio
Star of
"What Price Glory"
in
"The Gateway of the Moon"

SHUBERT BELASCO—NEXT WEEK SEATS NOW
Winthrop Ames Presents
GEORGE ARLISS
in "THE MERCHANT OF VENICE"
Even, 50c to \$3.00, Wed. Mat., 50c to \$2.00 Sat. Mat., 50c to \$2.50, Plus Tax

SYLVIA LENT

VIOLINIST
One of America's Most Distinguished Artists
NATIONAL THEATER
FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 4:30
Tickets, \$2.50, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c
T. ARTHUR SMITH BUREAU, 1330 G St.

POLI'S NEXT MON. A SAT. NOW

SCHWAB AND MANDEL BRING
GOOD NEWS
Broadway's Biggest Musical Hit
WITH GEORGE OLSON'S "GOOD NEWS" HARD
Even, 50c to \$3.00, Mat., 50c to \$2.20.

MARTINELLI

TENOR, METROPOLITAN OPERA,
Poli's, Friday, March 16, 4:30
Seats Mrs. Greene's Bureau, Droop's, 1300 G St.

When You Build Model Planes and Gliders USE
BALSA WOOD
Prices Furnished on Request
THE FLEISCHMANN TRANSPORTATION CO.
Telephone Lincoln 5800
Balsa Box Dept. LANGDON, D. C.

AMUSEMENTS

STANLEY-CRANDALL THEATERS

EARLE
CONTINUOUS, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.
De Luxe Shows—1:30, 2:30, 7, 9 p. m.
JACK DOROTHY
MULHALL MACKAIL
Gertrude Atherton's Sensational Novel
"THE CRYSTAL CUP"
On the Stage
WHITE KAUFMAN
And His Orchestra
In a Hyman Broadway Revue,
"THE EARLE FROLIC"
ADMISSION PRICES
Matinee, 25c and 50c
Evening, 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00

METROPOLITAN

CONTINUOUS, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.
Last Two Days
"OLD IRONSIDES"
A Romance of the Days When America Was Young—With
GEO. HANCOCK
WALLACE BERRY
CHARLES FARRELL
ESTHER RALSTON

BEGINNING SATURDAY

DIRECT FROM
NEW YORK RUN



"THE LEGION OF THE CONDEMNED"

A THRILLING MELODRAMA OF THE AIR BY THE AUTHOR OF "WINGS" WITH THE NEW SCREEN LOVERS
GARY COOPER FAY WRAY

AMPLIFIERS INSTALLED

COMPANIONATE MARRIAGE ?

Shall It Be Legalized?
Judge Ben B. Lindsey—Yes
Rev. Dr. Abram Simon—No
CHAIRMAN JESSE C. ADKINS
President, Bar Association, District of Columbia.

TONIGHT MARCH 8

WASHINGTON AUDITORIUM
Tickets, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, for sale at T. Arthur Smith, 1330 G St.; Talbert Agencies, Hotels Willard and Carlton; Jewish Community Center, Mrs. Wilson Greene's Bureau, office 205, Peoples Life Insurance Bldg., open until 8 p. m. daily, Main 7015.

A. F. KEITH'S

KEITH-ALBEE VAUDEVILLE
TODAY
LADIES' MATINEE, 2:15
(All seats 25c to the ladies)
EVENING, 8:15—\$1.50

LILY MORRIS

England's Foremost Comedienne
The Sensational
HALF MAN AND HALF WOMAN
(Josephine-Joseph)
FRANK FARRCN
8—OTHER STARS—8
AND FEATURES
Phones MAIN 4454-4455-6875

RIALTO

—NOW PLAYING—
THE PICTURE ALL THE WORLD IS TALKING ABOUT.
BASED ON MAURINE WATKINS' SENSATIONAL STAGE PLAY

"CHICAGO"

With
Phyllis Haver AND Victor Varconi

NATIONAL

Tonight 8:20
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LENORE ULRIC
as LULU BELLE

Next Week Seats Selling
A Hilarious Domestic Comedy
"TOMMY"
Direct from 8 months in New York
4 months in Chicago
Direction of George C. Tyler
With the Original New York Cast
SYLVIA LENT Mar. 9

GAYETY

Twice Daily
Washington's Only Burlesque Theater
Daily Mat., 25c and 50c; Eve., 25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00
Sun. Mat., 25c, 50c, 75c; Eve., 25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00
"DIMPLED DARLINGS"
With
GEORGE LEON—NORA FORD
A Burlesque Delight

JEWELERS

PLATINUMSMITHS

DIAMONDS

AND

Other Precious Stones

Members of Amsterdam Diamond Exchange

K Kahn Inc.

Thirty-five Years at

935 F Street

ADOLPH KAHN

President

ARTHUR J. SUNDLUN

Treasurer

TOO MUCH URIC ACID?

LET US SEND YOU THE WILLIAMS TREATMENT

85 Cent Bottle (32 Doses) FREE

Just because you start the day worried and tired, stiff legs and arms and muscles, an aching head, burning and bearing down pains in the back—worn out before the day begins—do not think you have to stay in that condition.

Be strong, well, with no stiff joints, sore muscles, rheumatic pains, aching back or kidney trouble caused by body made acids.

If you suffer from bladder weakness, with burning, scalding pains, or if you are in and out of bed half a dozen times at night, you will appreciate the rest, comfort and strength this treatment should give.

To prove The Williams Treatment conquers kidney and bladder disorders, rheumatism and all other ailments when due to excessive uric acid, no matter how chronic or stubborn, if you have never tried The Williams Treatment, we will give one 85c bottle (32 doses) free if you will cut out this notice and send it with your name and address. Please send 10 cents to help pay postage, packing, etc., to The Dr. D. A. Williams Company, Dept. HD-908 P. O. Block, East Hampton, Conn. Send at once and you will receive by parcel post a regular 85c bottle—no charge nor obligation. No C. O. D. to pay—Adv.

COMING ATTRACTIONS

NATIONAL.
"Tommy," a story of love-making in a modern American home, produced by George C. Tyler, comes to the National Theater the week of March 12, direct from long successful runs in New York, Boston and Chicago, with the original cast intact, including Regina Brown, Sidney Toler, Lloyd Neal, Mabel Turner, Alan Bunce, Ben Johnson, William Jannet and Florence Walcott.
It is from the pen of Howard Lindsay and Bertram Robinson.
"Tommy's" great success has been ascribed to its appeal and its strict integrity to clean American domestic ideals. The tale revolves around a pretty girl and two rivals for her hand. The girl's parents attempt to dictate a choice for their daughter, but the latter, being a very modern girl, revolts.

KEITH'S.
Arthur Byron, who will be remembered for his success in Rol Cooper Meade's "The Three Musketeers," will headline the bill at B. F. Keith's Theater next week, with his wife and daughters in a playlet entitled "A Family Affair."
Edward J. Lambert will be featured, assisted by James Clark. He styles himself the Fashion Plate of Vaudeville. Serge Flash, occasional expert in Japanese juggling, will appear on his first American tour. Paul Yocan will offer his latest dance creation, "Artistic Moments." Other star features will be announced later.

The screen features, Aesop's Fables, Topics of the Day and the Fatshe News Pictorial will complete the bill.

POLY'S.
"Good News," the Schwab and Mandel musical play, begins a week engagement at Poly's next Monday night. Ordinarily the show would open on Sunday night, but it takes eight hours to stage it and the company can't make the Sunday opening as they come from Rochester. There are 80 people in the cast, and a feature of the show is George Olsen's "Good News" Band.
Lawrence Schwab and G. B. De Sylva wrote the book of this musical comedy. Lew Brown the lyrics and Ray Henderson the score. The score is familiar to most every one, as it has been coming over the air for months. The song hits, like "Lucky in Love," "Happy Days," "The Better Things of Life" and "The Varsity Drag," are all well known.

William Wayne has the principal comedy role and Marie Callahan, dancing comedienne, plays opposite him. Other players are Don Lanning, Frank McCormack, Mildred Costello, Thelma White, Dolores Farris, Claud Stroud, Marion Chambers, Don Rowan and others.

BEASCO.
Peggy Wood will be seen as Portia when Winthrop Ames presents George Arliss in Shakespeare's "The Merchant of Venice" in the Beasco Theater the

week of Monday, March 12, with matinees on Wednesday and Saturday. Miss Wood is well remembered for her appearances in the music plays, "Maytime" and "The Glimmering Vine" and in Bernard Shaw's "Candida" and as Lady Percy in the Players Club's production of "Henry IV."

Others in the cast which supports Mr. Arliss are Murray Kinnell, Leonard Willey, Hugh Miller, George Graham, Romney Brent, Henry Morrison, Hardie Albright, Sidney Booth and Lewis A. Seely. Spring Byington will act Nerissa and Hope Cary, Jessica Woodman Thompson has designed the scenes and costumes.

BENEFIT CONCERT.

The first public concert of the Y. W. C. A. Clee Club of Washington will take place next Tuesday, March 13, at 8 p. m., in Barker Hall, in the main building, Seventeenth and K streets, under the direction of Imogene B. Ireland, music secretary of the local association. Miss Ireland, who was formerly director of music for the national convention of the association in Milwaukee in 1926, will again this year direct the music at the Sacramento convention.

Miss Marian Holmes, soprano, of New York City, will be the guest artist on next Tuesday's program, singing as one of her numbers, "The Jewel Song" from "Faust."

The concert is for the benefit of the club fund for choir robes.

SYLVIA LENT RECITAL.

Tomorrow afternoon Sylvia Lent, violinist, fresh from her sensational triumphs as guest artist with the Minneapolis Symphony, returns to Washington, her home city, for one concert at the National Theater. Her program will have for its first number the "Sonata in G Minor," by Tartini. Following this will be the celebrated Castelnuovo-Tedesco "Concerto Italiano" in three movements. After the intermission she will offer Ernest Chausson's "Poeme." Following this, in order, will come four short numbers: "Old Bruin" (Barleigh); "Pierce enorme de Habenera" (Maurice Ravel); "Sumare" (Milevsky); and "Sancion Lullaby" (Boyd). For her final number Miss Lent will offer the Henri Vieuxtemps "Rondo."

GAVETY.

Next week's United Burlesque offering at the Gavety Theater will be Carrie Finnell and her "Red-Headed Blondes," a show of girls, featuring Miss Finnell herself, the girl with the \$100,000 legs, and Bonny Moore, the funny little "woop" comedian. In addition to the featured members, the cast includes Billy Gordon, Pearl Henderson, Ted Lester, Rex Moore, Mickey Dale, Richard Smith, Peggy Smith and a chorus of sixteen red-headed girls. This attraction promises real burlesque and entertainment designed to please almost every one. There are dozens of musical

and dancing numbers, special scenic features and new comedy situations.

COLUMBIA.
Douglas Fairbanks as "The Gaucho" comes to the Columbia Theater on Saturday, March 10, for an indefinite engagement. In this subject the star is supported by a newcomer to leading roles, Lupe Velez, who is said to match Fairbanks in all of his dynamics. The locale of the story is the Argentine, with its pampas, herds, bolas throwers and other distinctive features. It might be said for the benefit of the uninformed that a "gaucho," in Spanish, is the virtual equivalent of our own native cowboy. The bill will be rounded out by abbreviated camera subjects and the customary house features.

METROPOLITAN.

Paramount's new team of romanticists, Gary Cooper and Fay Wray, will be the pictured costars of next week's bill at Grandall's Metropolitan Theater beginning Saturday, in "The Legion of the Condemned," a film play of the aerial forces, directed by William Wellman, and said to surpass that American ace's "Wings," one of the hits of the year. In the supporting cast will be seen such veteran players as Barry Norton, Francis McDonald, Vova George and numerous others. The bill will be completed by the usual short-reel features and a special orchestral accompaniment under the conductorship of Alexander Poonos.

PALACE.

"Rose Marie," Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's elaborated film version of the operetta of the same name, will be presented for the first time in the Capital at Loew's Palace Theater for the week beginning this Saturday, March 10. The stage presentation will be "Hula Blues," in which Wesley Eddy and his Palace Syncopators will lead an extensive ensemble which will embrace Chief Tul Pol and his Royal Samouirs, Brena Beach, aerobic dancer; Frances Luther and the Felicia Sorel Girls; Anna Chang, Chinese syncopationist; Moore and Powell and Fritz and Jean Hubert. Short reels and house features will round out.

EARLE.

After two comedy-dramas and four consecutive melodramas, Richard Dix returns to the field of pure farce in his newest, starring vehicle, "Sporting Goods," which will be the major screen attraction at the Earle Theater for the week beginning Saturday, March 10. Whitley Kaufman and his Victor Recording Orchestra will occupy the stage in their sixth and positively final week as principal feature of Edward L. Hyman's production of "College Days," a new comedy. Selected short-reel subjects and orchestral contributions will be added. Gertrude Olmstead, Ford Sterling, Myrtle Stedman and others support Dix.

FOX.

Dolores Del Rio, Mexican actress, whose career in the films has been meteoric, will be the pictured star of next week's bill at the Fox Theater, beginning Saturday, March 10, in "Gateway to the Moon." The story is an exotic romance of the Amazon, wherein the star of "What Price Glory" enacts

the central role in a tale of primitive passions and white man's greed. The supporting cast includes Walter Pidgeon, Anders Randolph, Ted McNamara and Noble Johnson. The stage presentation will be another of Managing Director S. J. Stebbins' colorful utilization of the vocal ensemble and ballet corps.

RIALTO.

So great has been the popular success of the film version of Maurine Watkins' stage travesty, "Chicago," at the Rialto Theater, that it has been decided by the management to retain this subject for a second week, beginning this Saturday. Phyllis Haver has the role of her life as Roxie Hart, the "jazz murderess," and Victor Varconi does equally well with the greatly improved part of the husband who is a keen mind and not a sap in the film. Robert Edeson is splendidly cast as the defense attorney. A fine array of auxiliaries complete the bill. One of the hits of the year, this.

LITTLE.

On Saturday, March 10, the Motion Picture Guild will present at its Little Theater supporting cast will be Leo Tolstoy's "Power of Darkness." The engagement will be limited to a single week. This production was directed by Robert Weine, producer of the weird "Cabaret of Dr. Caligari," and the principal roles are enacted by the Moscow Art Theater Players. Augmenting the major feature will be two short-reel subjects: Charlie Chaplin in "The Floor Walker" and an Alpine film, "Flinging With Death."

MIDNIGHT AT SWANEE.

A regular midnight cabaret, featuring New York entertainers and special surprise amusement features, distinguishes Swanee evenings. Swanee midnight revues have proven to be the most popular innovation ever introduced at the big Meyer Davis dance resort. The high caliber of the performers made an immediate impression on Swanee patrons, who have enjoyed fully the opportunity of topping off an evening of dancing with a tabloid musical entertainment of the highest type.

Impromptu entertainment is also playing an appreciated part in Swanee evenings. One of the biggest of recent hits was registered by Frankie Seccore, a clever Washington boy, who stepped out from the dance floor and put over a series of impressions of Cliff Edwards in great shape.

LITTLE PARTIES.

The beginning of Lent, paradoxically enough, is witnessing even heavier assembly of the younger element of society at the Club Chantecler and Le Paradis. This means, of course, that with the cessation of private social events the debuts are turning to more "little parties" at the favorite Thomas Circle resorts.

To meet this stimulated influx of society patronage the Le Paradis management is stressing the brighter and more frothy types of entertainment. Also Le Paradis is now remaining open until 2 a. m. every night for dancing so as to meet the requirements of the leisure folk who like their suppers

in the morning and breakfasts in the early afternoon.

Leonardo and Adams, the clever singing and dancing duo from Broadway vaudeville and night clubs, are registering a tremendous hit at Le Paradis this week. The graceful charm and finish of their dance numbers is especially praised, while vivacious and pointed song hits round out the act very well. An equally attractive entertainment feature is promised for next week.

Graduate Eyes Examined
McCormick Medical College Glasses Fitted
DR. CLAUDE S. SEMONES
Eyeglass Specialist
409-410 McLachen Bldg.
10th and G Sts. N.W.

Notes taken at the COOKING SCHOOL

Difference between good and indifferent cook often just matter of flavoring. So little flavor used in most recipes, it pays to use but attainable - which is BURNETT'S.



Certainly!

—you are welcome at the American Security and Trust Company.

In any of our departments you will find a cordial welcome. Our staff is trained to serve you in the most prompt and efficient manner and our officers are eager to discuss with you any phase of banking or trust business.

Five conveniently located offices are equipped to render the same courteous and efficient service.

Come in at your convenience and let us discuss your problems with you.

AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY

15th and Penna. Ave.

Capital, \$3,400,000—Surplus, \$3,400,000

BRANCHES:

Central—7th and Mass. Ave. Southwest—7th and E Sts. S.W.
Northeast—8th and H Sts. N.E. Northwest—1140 15th St. N.W.

WASHINGTON'S LARGEST TRUST COMPANY

YOU REACH NEW YORK.
THEN WHAT?



The Baltimore & Ohio offers travelers the modern and more convenient way to enter or leave New York.

No steep stairs to climb—no long walks—no taxis or crowded subways—no bother with hand-baggage.

Instead—you step from your train in the Jersey City Terminal, board the waiting Motor Coach and are taken directly to one of the three Baltimore & Ohio Stations in

the Heart of New York or Brooklyn—or you may leave the coach at the principal hotels en route.

The attendant checks your hand-baggage before you leave the train and it is returned to you when you leave the coach.

And when you leave New York—the same convenient service to take you direct to the trainside. No additional charge for this extra service.

For full information telephone or write Travel Bureau, Woodward Building, 15th and H Sts., N. W. Phone Main 3300.
E. D. AINSLEE, Assistant General Passenger Agent

BALTIMORE & OHIO

The Homemaker

By NANCY CAREY

HERE are two sandwich fillings for you, K. P. K., and they meet your call for "simple" ones. Shall I add to the group a recipe for walnut wafers as a suggestion for one of the "tea cakes" to which you refer as an end to your list of refreshments? Good luck, and much grace for your kind words. Did you enjoy Mexico City, and shall you return?

Pimento Sandwiches.

1 cup pimentos.
1 cupful strained cottage cheese.
1 teaspoonful grated onion.
1/2 teaspoonful salt.
1/2 teaspoonful mustard.
1/2 teaspoonful Worcestershire sauce.
Chop the pimentos fine and add other ingredients and sufficient mayonnaise to spread. Slice white bread thinly, butter and spread with the mixture. This amount makes about 50 sandwiches.

Liverwurst Sandwiches.

Mix 20 cents' worth of liverwurst and a cake of pimento cream cheese well together with a little mayonnaise and spread between thin slices of dry bread. These are delicious.

Walnut Wafers.

2 cups brown sugar.
4 eggs.
1/2 cupful strained cottage cheese.
1/2 cupful chopped walnuts.
Beat the eggs well and add sugar. Sift in flour and add nuts. Drop from a spoon on to a buttered baking sheet and bake in a 350° oven for 10 minutes. Share with our column friends. And all well know, not too many kind recipes can be had, as we may dress and redress a plain cake for various occasions if unusual coverings for it are

at the tips of four fingers. Here is an icing from one friend in Nevada—and she is generous, is she not? And with her icing she sends a timely suggestion.

Fluffy Icing.

White icing can be made fluffy if you set the pan in which you have beaten it in boiling water. Stir until it looks like marshmallow.

Baking over.

Boats or other vegetables can be kept from boiling over by buttering the inside of the saucepan for about 2 inches below the rim.

Coffee Pannocha.

2 1/2 cups brown sugar.
1 cupful strained cottage cheese.
1/2 cupful vanilla.
Butter, size of a walnut.
Beat slowly the coffee and brown sugar until a soft ball forms when a bit of the mixture is dropped into cold water. Remove from the stove and add the candy to cool thoroughly. Then blend in the butter and add vanilla. Chopped nuts, chopped candied orange peel, citron or ginger may be added to this candy to vary it with pleasing results.

(Copyright, 1928.)

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

I WONDER why it is that women so often forget that business principles apply in love as well as in the other affairs of life? Why, for instance, do they throw caution to the wind and listening to the adulations of a young man, who is only a flake of vanity, they make no difference in the business of love. Why find the otherwise intelligent business woman acting in truly irrational manner over some individual whom she would not in more rational mood consider as a clerk in her office? Why do these women allow their hearts alone to dictate the policies of their love? Do they not know that without the direction of the mind, without the aid of the head, the poor heart loses out? In proof of which we have the girl who elopes with papa's chauffeur and is promptly deserted by him. And the girl who charges madly into the future on the strong arm of some other woman's husband and then stands against when he returns to his wife. Wherever their heads while their hearts were on the rampage? Did their heads tell them that they were playing to lose? That they were entering into a business worthy of all the intelligence with which they were endowed? Why does the business woman ask less in a husband than she would in a clerk? Why does the debutante daughter of wealth ask nothing at all except the idea of being married? And why does the other girl evidence less caution in choosing a husband than in buying a lot. Even the least intelligent buyer of real estate insists upon a clear title.

Why should any woman show less concern about the title to her life companion? It is quite common today to hear a young woman tell a court that she has promised to marry a young man, and the time that she became engaged. And the court listens with respectful attention. What is any court thinking when a young woman talks of being engaged to a man who is married? Why are young women so willing to be accommodated? Why do they exact so little while they give so much? Why do they set so little value upon the thing they give? Why do they themselves absolve man from all concern for their happiness and safety? Why do they show so little appreciation of themselves? Why use so little business sense? Why sell below par? Read the following:

"I am single because I believe one man's word and discovered that instead of a hero he was a cad. He had told me how wonderful his home life was and how he would love to have me as a life companion. I believed him; gave up family, friends, honor and self-respect. At the end of six months he was back with his wife and family. And where was I? Stranded, penniless, friendless and alone. I am now a human being. I am now successful in my profession and he is trying to see me again despite the agony of mind he has caused me. Can you please, Miss McDonald help me, for I seem to still care for him."

One more intelligent young woman who sets no value upon herself, or her honor, ready to sell out—below par—and take all the consequences. Even experiences bitter and terrible do not seem to deter.

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

"ROBERTA" writes, somewhat indignantly, that I have shown partiality to tall girls in my column. She says, "This is the day of the small girl." She mentions that the small girl has the monopoly at dances and parties, and that our popular heroines—the moving-picture stars—are, in the majority, small.

I think "Roberta" has misunderstood my good intentions. In my previous articles I pointed out the advantages possessed by both types, if girls would only make use of them to the fullest extent. The small woman can be said to wear youthful clothes with more appropriateness; the tall one may look older, but more distinguished. The small woman may move the quicker; appeal; the tall woman more fascination. An almost endless list of comparisons could be made. And they would mean nothing to me, for I am individual, even more than the classification by size, that determines how much of character, charm, chic, personality and beauty she has.

One thing is true about both the short and tall woman, and that is: she must understand the requirements of line, fabric and accessories for her height. Long, sweeping lines add to grace. The small girl must choose lines that flow from the shoulder to the hem uninterrupted along the way. A distinct horizontal effect—such as a belt that would make her appear shorter. The moderately tall woman may take full advantage of these longer lines but, if her figure is good, she need not avoid belts or colors that contrast on horizontal lines. Again, if a woman is much taller than average, or thin, she would do well to make note that horizontal lines break the apparent length of body. Some fabrics are much better suited to one type of figure than to another. For example, a stiff taffeta or slipper satin could be carried much more advantageously by the woman with height than by the small woman who would only seem to become shorter and somewhat dumpy by the "spread" of the material.

Perhaps it is in the matter of choosing accessories that most women disclose how little they understand about what they may not wear. Little girls must never try to look "important." Their accessories as well as their clothes must be the essence of simplicity and should be brought to be in proportion with the figure as a whole. A large drooping

How Many Can You Answer?

(Answers Will Be Found on the Last Page.)

1. What is the money unit of Switzerland?
2. What is the largest inland body of fresh water in the world?
3. Approximately when did Nero become Emperor of Rome?
4. Where is Beirut?
5. What is the name and numerical designation of the present King of Italy?
6. From what volcano did lava erupt that buried the City of Pompeii?
7. Is an oriole a constellation, a type of window, or a bird?
8. Are there any lions native to the New World?
9. What is the difference between the help apparent and the help surreptitious?
10. Which is the largest city in the State of New Jersey?

MODISH MITZI

Polly Is Convinced.

By Jay V. Jay



"Are you quite sure that jackets are going to be used so much, Mitzi?" asks Polly. Mitzi never argues. She seldom has logic but she always has proof. If Polly doubts her word or her judgment, they will go to the stores and she will point out to Polly her evidence.

There's the cardigan type of jacket that was first introduced by Chanel. It has stripes running across it. You can wear it for any sportswear purposes. It's one of those very necessary sportswear styles. The neck is smart worn high.

Well, it's not exactly a jacket because it is longer but it is used to throw over the sports frock. A velvet coat with a surplice collar has large patch pockets. The separate jacket and coat are indispensable to wear over tennis dresses or two-piece jerseys.

"Just to show you, Polly, how popular jackets are for all time wear," says Mitzi, "here's my chiffon and lace frock. For afternoon wear it appears like this, for evening, the jacket with the long sleeves is taken off." Polly's convinced about jackets—also that Mitzi knows her styles up and down and inside out.

Tomorrow—New Colors.

Tomorrow—New Colors.

YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN, SC. D.
The Parent Counselor.

Dr. Dean will answer all alleged letters pertaining to parents' problems with their boys and girls. Writers' names are never printed. Only questions of general interest answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Address Arthur Dean, in care of this paper.

Kissing.

READERS, you have won my everlasting gratitude. I was in a hole and I needed the help of the ladies. You see, I promise to answer any question either in the column or personally (if "hat" indispensable stamped envelope is inclosed) on any subject which pertains to youth, except health, raised by any one who can hold a pencil and stick on a stamp. But, believe me, my expert knowledge has its limitations. And when a young girl writes, "What can I do to keep boys from pestering me with kissing demands?" I can turn neither to experience or to library shelf. I find that all books and lectures on "Problems of Youth" duck the really big things which trouble boys and girls.

I find twenty authorities on spanking and none on amputation; a dozen experts on "How to Get a Job" to one on "How to Get a Boy Interested in Me."

"But what silly stuff," I hear you say. "Why shouldn't youth have their minds on serious things?" They do, and I do not forget it. But some of these serious things, like vocational guidance, how to study, etc., have the answers written down. Other things, trivial to older people who have drawn the shade against their youthful memories, are really mighty serious to youth.

So important is this question, "How can I stop him from teasing me for a kiss?" that I have added to my series of "Helplets" and indexed it under "Emotional Problems of Youth." I sent this leaflet with the complimentary of the newspaper to those hundreds of girls and women who gave me personal experience in this age-old game. I hope that among those present there are none who were engaged in "kissing" question as silly or ridiculous. It has its very serious side.

Thumbs Up.

"Being neither spinster, boy, nor father, I feel I might be of some assistance to the young girl who has cold feet when she knows she ought to tell the boys not to hug and kiss her. When I was in college I went about with a lot of boys and not one of them ever kissed me. They came back for more dates, too, so I guess they enjoyed my company some. Of course, some of them tried to do it. Even then, they came back another time. I finally married one of them who never tried to kiss me until the night he asked me to marry him. And I've only been out of college three years, so I'm comparatively modern."

"Now, if the young lady who wrote you really does not want to be kissed, I have the perfect formula. Let the young man put his arm about you, but when it comes to kissing, quietly put your thumb in your mouth."

"ONE WHO TRIED IT."

Just Like the Rest.

"I would advise 'Perplexed' to look rather wistful and appeal to his manly strength of mind by saying in a disappointed voice, 'Oh, you're just like all the rest! This may be changed with the next young aspirant to, I did think you were different! This usually works beautifully.'"

These and two score of others I have quoted in my Helplet (yours for the S. A. S. E.) are from real experts and the interesting thing is they are nearly all married. Does that signify anything?

OUR CONVERSATION CORNER.

As Michigan Sees It.

Should the Bible be studied in the public schools? I see that it is not allowed in Michigan. I am not a student in Michigan, but I am a student in the world, the best known, a book revered by millions, respected by hundreds of thousands more, and in part, at least, accepted by nearly everybody can not be studied in the literature. The fear we have in this country of a combination of church and state and the development of new conceptions of morality make us lean backward. It will be a pity if we lose our balance.

Father Gone Crazy.

My father has gone crazy. He thinks that Russia is sending over millions of dollars to make Americans into anarchists, that England is running America and that a prominent church is trying to capture Washington.

Answer—Yes, I know. If he saw the sign "Prince George Hotel" he'd say, "Ah! That's the work of the King of England." I am sorry for him. He has an "introject" mind—just the opposite to the "project" mind. A person with the last named type of mind shapes the world in the image of himself. To the first type the outside world shapes him in the image of itself. He wants to see badness and so he finds it.

(Copyright, 1928.)

600 Kossuth Pilgrims Start for America

Paris, March 7 (A.P.).—Six hundred Hungarians, many of whom are prominent men, sailed today for America on the Olympic today to attend the dedication of a monument to the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, in New York.

Although most of the delegation consisted of men who could afford to luxuriate in third-class cabins on the Olympic today to attend the dedication of a monument to the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, in New York.

Although most of the delegation consisted of men who could afford to luxuriate in third-class cabins on the Olympic today to attend the dedication of a monument to the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, in New York.

Although most of the delegation consisted of men who could afford to luxuriate in third-class cabins on the Olympic today to attend the dedication of a monument to the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, in New York.

Although most of the delegation consisted of men who could afford to luxuriate in third-class cabins on the Olympic today to attend the dedication of a monument to the Hungarian patriot, Louis Kossuth, in New York.

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 To stammer | 55 Storage places | 1 To cause pain | 9 Unfolding |
| 2 Eskimo house | 56 Chinese mile | 2 Mother | 10 Reverential |
| 3 Jack-o'-lantern | 57 Wrath | 3 In and to | 11 Merry |
| 4 Grapefruit fruit | 58 Choose | 4 Merchandise | 12 Track of a wild animal |
| 5 Mid-day periods | 59 Make a practice of | 5 Ahead | 13 Pain (var.) |
| 6 Sheep | 60 Memoranda | 6 Mountain in the mythological | 14 Rip |
| 7 Concerning | 61 Danger color | 7 Measure of distance | 15 Swab |
| 8 Discontinue | 62 Three-legged stand | 8 Open (poetic) | 16 Open (poetic) |
| 9 Preserved | 63 Lay hold of | 9 Not any | 17 Baptize by immersion |
| 10 Three-legged stand | 64 To find out | 10 Shade trees | 18 An automobile |
| 11 Lay hold of | 65 Musical dramas | 11 Owned | 19 To abolish |
| 12 Not any | 66 Wavelet | 12 Through | 20 Matters in aeriform state |
| 13 To find out | 67 Musical dramas | 13 Wavelet | 21 Worked steadily |
| 14 Shade trees | 68 Through | 14 Wavelet | 22 You and I |
| 15 An automobile | 69 Matters in aeriform state | 15 Wavelet | 23 Top or head |
| 16 Owned | 70 Worked steadily | 16 Wavelet | 24 Prefix; "not" |
| 17 To abolish | 71 You and I | 17 Wavelet | 25 The furnace |
| 18 Musical dramas | 72 Worked steadily | 18 Wavelet | 26 Prayed |
| 19 Wavelet | 73 You and I | 19 Wavelet | 27 Washed |
| 20 Through | 74 Worked steadily | 20 Wavelet | |
| 21 Matters in aeriform state | 75 You and I | 21 Wavelet | |
| 22 Worked steadily | 76 You and I | 22 Wavelet | |
| 23 You and I | 77 Worked steadily | 23 Wavelet | |
| 24 Prefix; "not" | 78 You and I | 24 Wavelet | |
| 25 The furnace | 79 Worked steadily | 25 Wavelet | |
| 26 Prayed | 80 You and I | 26 Wavelet | |
| 27 Washed | 81 Worked steadily | 27 Wavelet | |

SOLUTION OF PRECEDING PUZZLE

CHARACTER FALL
LOVE AND LIA
APPEALING
DERIVED FILES
SHEER SCENES
NORRIS PRAISE
EERIE TREES
ARGENT ANDIRON
COALESCE VOTE
EDIT PER EPIC
SETS ART DECK

(Copyright, 1928.)

Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

YESTERDAY the following problem was given: The contract is Spades. South is Declarer. North is Dummy; the initial lead is shown. How should Declarer operate his twenty-six cards?

♠ A-4
♥ 5-4-3
♦ 10-7-5-3-2
♣ Q-6-3

WEST LEADS
♠ K-10-7
♥ A-Q-7
♦ A-Q-7
♣ A-K-4

Declarer, planning his campaign, can see that he will not lose any trumps or any Clubs, but he may lose to the red Kings and he must lose Closed Hand's small Heart unless he can discard it. His only chance to obtain a discard is to establish Dummy's Diamonds and he therefore plans to do that if possible. He sees that he must be careful to win trick 1 in the Closed

Hand so as to keep the Queen of Clubs as an entry in Dummy. Then he plays as follows:

Trick 2, he will lead one of his trump honors from Closed Hand, taking with the Ace in Dummy, following which he will lead a small Diamond from Dummy to trick 3, finessing in the Closed Hand. If the finesse succeeds, the scheme will have worked. He can draw the adverse trumps if they are divided 3-3 or 4-2 (a 5-1 division is so improbable that it need not be considered), put Dummy in with the Queen of Clubs, and cash two Diamonds, discarding thereon the Queen and Seven of Hearts.

If the Diamond finesse (trick 3) should lose and Clubs be continued Declarer's plan would be to win the second Club in the Closed Hand and to develop the hand along the same lines, trying in that case for the Small Slam. In either event, if the adverse Diamonds do not break, the Declarer will have the Queen of Clubs left in the Dummy as an entry to enable him to try the Heart finesse at that time if it is advisable to do so.

(Copyright, 1928.)

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease.

GALLSTONES.

IT MAY be that we are on the road toward preventing gallstones. At least, we have something to fight over, and that is promising. The fields in which we make no progress are those quiet places where there is no discussion and controversy never disturbs the calm.

Dr. V. L. Schrage, speaking before the Chicago Medical Society, gave a basic diet for the prevention of gallstones. He said the Japanese, Egyptians, Indians, and other races who live frugally and on a low fat diet are rarely afflicted with gallstones.

Before the World War two-thirds of the population of the large cities in Germany had gallstones. His authority is Kehrer, a world-renowned specialist on gallstones. The eating of excessive amounts of fats, ham, and sausage took a greater toll in Germany than the great war did.

Hurst says that 10 per cent of the adult population in England has gallstones. Mentzer is quoted as saying the indications are that one out of every five adults in this country has that trouble. He found that nine-tenths of a group of adults, each weighing 220 pounds or over, had gallstones. In a group weighing 110 pounds or less, less than one-third had the disorder.

All of this serves to tie up gallstones with the habit of overeating, particularly of fat meat, gravy, all oils and oiled dressing and butter. This applies to the diet of adults. It also ties up obesity with gallstones, and the relationship between the habit of eating fats, oils, and greases and obesity is established.

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

THE SON.

I am the son of one who dreamed
And toiled for me and planned and
ached.

But I was such a youngster then
And couldn't read the eyes of men.

I only know he smiled on me
And talked of times that were to be.

He'd feel my muscles, leg and arm
As if for him they held a charm.

And I would laugh and romp and tease
And ride away upon his knees.

I could not read the thoughts which he
So bravely tried to hide from me.

Nor grasp the weight of all he told,
For I was only 12 years old.

But now I understand and know
I was his hope of long ago.

Those eyes of his looked far to see
The grown-up man that I should be.

That counseling I laughed to hear
Came back today with meaning clear.

And now I wonder can it be
That I'm the man he longed to see.

(Copyright, 1928.)

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease.

GALLSTONES.

IT MAY be that we are on the road toward preventing gallstones. At least, we have something to fight over, and that is promising. The fields in which we make no progress are those quiet places where there is no discussion and controversy never disturbs the calm.

Dr. V. L. Schrage, speaking before the Chicago Medical Society, gave a basic diet for the prevention of gallstones. He said the Japanese, Egyptians, Indians, and other races who live frugally and on a low fat diet are rarely afflicted with gallstones.

Before the World War two-thirds of the population of the large cities in Germany had gallstones. His authority is Kehrer, a world-renowned specialist on gallstones. The eating of excessive amounts of fats, ham, and sausage took a greater toll in Germany than the great war did.

Hurst says that 10 per cent of the adult population in England has gallstones. Mentzer is quoted as saying the indications are that one out of every five adults in this country has that trouble. He found that nine-tenths of a group of adults, each weighing 220 pounds or over, had gallstones. In a group weighing 110 pounds or less, less than one-third had the disorder.

All of this serves to tie up gallstones with the habit of overeating, particularly of fat meat, gravy, all oils and oiled dressing and butter. This applies to the diet of adults. It also ties up obesity with gallstones, and the relationship between the habit of eating fats, oils, and greases and obesity is established.

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Among the contributing causes of gallstones are pregnancy and a life of physical inactivity. In pregnancy the blood contains an excessive amount of a certain kind of fat. In diabetes this same fat is in excess in the blood. Why it does not cause gallstones as a complication is not known. Infections, particularly typhoid infection, are contributing factors.

The deck having been cleared, we are ready for the practical message to the man and woman on the street. Here it is:

Gallstones is one of the most prevalent of all disorders. It affects especially fat, indolent people 30 years old or over. All adults should eat sparingly of fat meat, liver, fat fish, gravies, greasy dishes of all kinds, salad dressings, oils

Fashion Week

brings

New ROMNEY Coats For Madame

Those styles you have read about in the fashion magazines—here they are in Romney models—at the Romney prices, which signify the best obtainable in Fashion and Value.

Romney Dresses and Ensembles are always \$49.50
Romney Coats—\$59.50

Sketches—Romney coat for madame. Grey brahma with Lanvin mushroom collar of harmonizing fox and

The National League pilot worked two complete innings. One, Butler, English, MacMillan and Kelly fielded while the other, Yoter, Beck, Maguire and Grimm, was at bat. It has been evident so far that Kelly, who has been playing around first, will be an under-

The Reds, having been organized the past five years, have compiled an enviable record. For the first four years of their career they tasted defeat twelve times. This season the Reds experimented in the unlimited division of the Sunday School League and for

WESTERN AND TECH BASEBALL SQUADS AT WORK

Kelly to Call Central Out This Week

Western and Business Are Ready to Begin Practicing.

16 Mound Candidates Seek Jobs on Staff at Eastern.

By ARTHUR A. HEYWOOD.

THE Eastern and Tech baseball teams have gotten the jump on the other high school nines, as both have been at outdoor practice for two days. The champion Tech team is training this year at the barracks, while at Eastern, Guyon has only his battery candidates, but a horde of them, at that, as the Central and Eastern, and Ahearn, of Western, will have their squads out in a few days, while Woodward, of the Tech, plans to call his candidates out Monday.

Although the weather for the most part this week has not been the best for baseball, Eastern's pitchers, who are quite far advanced, took a long workout. It means anything, Coach Guyon himself, who has had sixteen pitching candidates were lined up on the Eastern field yesterday.

Andrew Dehmann, captain and reserve pitcher last year, will probably be the mainstay of the staff this season. Dehmann is a right-hander. Among the other right-handers are E. Clark, Reeves, Hanna, Hoffman, Moffatt, Dillard, Faber and Curtis. The left-handers are L. Clark, C. Miles, Collier, Mate, Rhine and Mueller.

Eastern has two capable receivers in James Munro and William Wood, both experienced men, although neither did much receiving last year, due to the fact that Kilduff worked regularly behind the plate. Other candidates for the job are Taylor, Schneider and Bryan. Leinsky, second baseman, and Shapiro, left fielder, are the only other regulars available.

Max Schwartz, of the championship Tech team of the Capital City League, is a capable young hurler who should do well in pitching competition. Beyond that, the outlook for Tech's pitchers at Eastern is not bright, and Coach Woodward will soon closely available material, when he meets the Tech staff. While Central has a good receiver in Captain Edmund Ault, pitchers are a problem. Garner and Brandt, outfielders, look the best, but neither has played much in the past season. Central plans to be outside about March 15.

Tech shows signs of again having a good mound staff, as Emswiler and Young, both of last season, are back. Borrell, regular catcher, and Brown, who was denied the opportunity of catching last year because of ineptitude, rounds out the battery staff. While Central has a good receiver in Captain Edmund Ault, pitchers are a problem. Garner and Brandt, outfielders, look the best, but neither has played much in the past season. Central plans to be outside about March 15.

Choices Win Easily In East Florida Golf

St. Augustine, Fla., March 7 (A.P.).—Favorites were the victors in the first round of match play in the Florida East Coast Golf Tournament today, excepting Helen Payson, champion of Canada, who defeated Mrs. O. S. Hill, of Kansas City, 1 up. Mrs. Hill played the last 9 holes of her 18-hole hole in 38 in time, despite the fact that Miss Payson was 6 up at the turn.

Glenn Collett, who yesterday shot a 74 to beat the course record for women, today defeated Florence Burrows, New York, 4 and 3.

Virginia Wilson, former National amateur, used her iron to great advantage in the final hole, defeating Mrs. W. W. putting star at the last flag, 1 up.

Maureen Orcutt, defending titleholder, was given a severe test by Lillian Holland, New York, but emerged victorious, 4 and 2. Mrs. J. Laroque Anderson, proved the steepest shot on an extra hole to beat Mrs. M. V. Jones, Chicago, 1 up at the nineteenth. Mrs. Anderson was a finalist in this tournament last year, and Mrs. Jones has been Western champion several times.

Other results: Mrs. Stewart Hanley, Detroit, defeated Frances Hooton, New York, 1 and 1. Mrs. Hooton, New York, defeated Mrs. Hooton, New York, 1 and 1. Mrs. Hooton, New York, defeated Mrs. Hooton, New York, 1 and 1.

35 Consecutive Bouts Referred by Miller

What is believed to be a record for consecutive refereeing of boxing bouts was established by Capt. Meine Miller, local boxing official, at the recently concluded College Southern Conference and Virginia prep school ring bouts held at University of Virginia, in Charlottesville, last Friday and Saturday.

Acting as third man in the ring and working right on through the finals and semifinals of the two series, Miller handled 35 consecutive contests.

"The bouts were handled faultlessly and in a manner that was a revelation to me," said Dr. Franklin Grant, secretary of the Intercollegiate Boxing Association, who witnessed the bouts. "The referee was a real star, and after a rub-down by his attendant of the highway, resumed the race at a walking pace."

The Sportsman

By DONOVAN J. HENNE.

FOURTEEN winners, to compete in the finals of the Washington Post and Times Herald basketball tournament, were picked last night out of the field of 1,442 contestants who took part in the 72 contests conducted in as many schools and organizations during the past two weeks under the auspices of the Washington Post.

Of the groups holding first place in the better score record in the four-age classes, only Western High School and the Eagles of Business Night High School have a safe enough bet to insure their holding the title through the final trials tomorrow.

The Eagles lead the senior team class with 178 points, giving them a margin of 37 goals over the Opiques who are second. American University is in third place with 136 points. Western High School leads in the junior team class by 21 points with 132 successful goals. MacFarland Junior High School is second in this class and the Molton Arms School third.

American University is in first place in the intermediate class team score with 134 points, but in the event that one of the George Washington University finalists better her record by two baskets tomorrow, the Eagles will be tied for first. American University is in third place in this class.

On the playgrounds, Georgetown has a safe lead, with 107 points, Garfield is second with 93 points, and Montrose third with 87 successful shots. Alva Evers, Josephine Dunham and Hazel Smith will be given another opportunity tomorrow in the finals to better their scores in the senior class. Jean MacGregor, Billy Abell, Lucy Munson and Grace O'Leary will shoot for the intermediate title. Mary Tolman, Mildred Scott, Virginia Jones and Catherine Doolittle are the three finalists in the junior class, and Virginia Jones, Ruth Brown and Shirley Furt will try to better their records for the playground title.

The finals will be conducted under the auspices of the Washington committee in charge of the tournament and will be held in the Y. W. C. A. Gymnasium, at Seventeenth and K streets northwest, from 5 to 7 p. m. Playground and junior classes will be run off at 5 p. m., intermediate at 6 p. m., and senior at 7 o'clock. Friends of the contestants and those interested in the tournament are invited to attend.

Silver basketball statuettes will be presented to the schools scoring the highest team record in the senior, intermediate and junior classes and to the school having the greatest number of participants in the contest regardless of their score. Gold, silver and bronze medals will be presented to the contestants in the senior, intermediate, junior and playground classes.

The best score of the contestants will be accepted as the official score, whether it is shot in the preliminary or the final. Third-place winners have an equal opportunity to outdistance the present first-place holders in the finals, and tomorrow's winners will better the present ones, will be credited to the contestant's team score.

STANDING TO DATE.

First—Eagles, 178 points; second—Opiques, 141; third—American University, 136; fourth—MacFarland Junior High School, 132; fifth—Molton Arms School, 121; sixth—Georgetown, 107; seventh—Garfield, 93; eighth—Montrose, 87; ninth—Alva Evers, 87; tenth—Hazel Smith, 87; eleventh—Jean MacGregor, 87; twelfth—Lucy Munson, 87; thirteenth—Grace O'Leary, 87; fourteenth—Mary Tolman, 87; fifteenth—Mildred Scott, 87; sixteenth—Virginia Jones, 87; seventeenth—Catherine Doolittle, 87; eighteenth—Ruth Brown, 87; nineteenth—Shirley Furt, 87; twentieth—Helen Payson, 87; twenty-first—Lillian Holland, 87; twenty-second—Mrs. J. Laroque Anderson, 87; twenty-third—Mrs. M. V. Jones, 87; twenty-fourth—Mrs. Stewart Hanley, 87; twenty-fifth—Frances Hooton, 87; twenty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; twenty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; twenty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; twenty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; thirty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fortieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; forty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fiftieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; fifty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; sixty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; seventy-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eightieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; eighty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; ninetieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and tenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eleventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twelfth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fourteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventeenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and nineteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twentieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and twenty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and thirty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fortieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and forty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fiftieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and fifty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and sixty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and seventy-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eightieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and eighty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and ninetieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and tenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eleventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twelfth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fourteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventeenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and nineteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twentieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fortieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and forty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fiftieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and seventy-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eightieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and eighty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and ninetieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and tenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eleventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twelfth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventeenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and nineteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twentieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fortieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fiftieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eightieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and ninetieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and tenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eleventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twelfth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventeenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and nineteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twentieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fortieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and forty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fiftieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixtieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventy-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eightieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighty-ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and ninetieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and ninth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and tenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eleventh—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twelfth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and thirteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fourteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and fifteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and sixteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and seventeenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and eighteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and nineteenth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twentieth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-first—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-second—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-third—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fourth—Mrs. Hooton, 87; one hundred and one hundred and

PROGRAM OF RUSSIAN TUNES ON AIR TONIGHT

Marine Band Will Play Preludes by Rachmaninoff and Themes From Opera.

BETTY AYRES TO SING

Two preludes by Sergei Rachmaninoff will be played by the United States Marine Band, under the direction of Taylor Branson, during the program which will be broadcast from Station WRC at 7 o'clock tonight. The program opens with Tchaikovsky's march, "Coronation," and moves on to the overture of Glinka's opera on Russian themes, "Ruslan and Ludmila." Tchaikovsky's sad little song, "None But the Weary Heart," will be played as a trumpet solo by A. S. Witcomb. This program will be followed by "The Political Situation in Washington Tonight," by Frederic William Wile. Betty Ayres, soprano; Andy Sanella, saxophonist; Earl Oliver, trumpeter; Lou Raderman, violinist; Dan Lieberfeld, pianist; and Joe Green, marimba soloist, will be heard in the Dodge Brothers presentation at 8 o'clock tonight. The program will consist of popular selections, some of them familiar a season or so ago. Duets from two shows, one of a decade ago and the other of today, will be sung by the Hoover Honeymooners

as a part of the program of the Hoover Sentinels at 8:30 o'clock. The show will be "The Old from Russia" and "The Night Boat." Two numbers by Irving Berlin, "The Song Is Ended" and "Bumbershoot," will close the broadcast. The Sentinels will be on the air at 9 o'clock, followed by the Smith Brothers.

Station WJZ and associated stations of the blue network will offer three good programs tonight, beginning with the Ampico hour at 8:30 o'clock. Although Fritz Kreisler, the Viennese violinist and composer, has always stepped shy of the microphone, an opportunity will be given listeners to hear several of his piano recordings over the Ampico. In addition to his virtuosity on the violin, Kreisler also is an accomplished pianist, and has appeared in public on several occasions as an accompanist.

Among the numbers to be heard are "The Old Russian," sung by Frank Munn, accompanied by the Ampico, and "Caprice Viennoise."

The International Singers' male quartet will be featured during the Maxwell House hour at 9 o'clock. The fifth concert of the Victor series will be broadcast at 10 o'clock. The entire program will be conducted by Max Baer, with Lissy Marsh, Olive Kline, Virginia Rea and Della Baker, soprano; Elsie Baker, Helen Clark and Gladys Rice, contralto; Lenora Johnson and LeRoy Murray, tenors; Royal Dandrun and Elliott Shaw, baritone, and Frank Croton and Wilfred Glenn, basses, as the artistic hour.

"Our Greatest Natural Resource—the Soil," a talk by Herbert E. Morgan, of the United States Civil Service Commission, based on the work of the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Department of Agriculture, will be broadcast from station WJAZ at 9:10 o'clock. Early in the evening a supper dance program by Lee Colvin and his "Columbians" will be broadcast.

RADIO PROGRAMS

THURSDAY, MARCH 8.
LOCAL STATIONS.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
NAB—Arlington (455).

10:35 a. m.—8:45 and 10:05 p. m.—Weather reports.

WMAZ—Leese Radio Co. (241 Meters, 1,340 Kilocycles.)

7:00 p. m.—News flashes.

7:10 p. m.—La Colvin and his "Columbians."

8:00 p. m.—Correct time.

8:00 p. m.—"Science News" of the Week, "The Heavens in March."

8:15 p. m.—Charlie Hope and Bob Baber, novelty entertainers.

8:30 p. m.—Harvey T. Townsend, tenor.

8:50 p. m.—Laure Beuregard Diamond contralto.

9:10 p. m.—"Our Greatest Natural Resource: the Soil," a talk by Herbert E. Morgan.

9:30 p. m.—Joint recital by Audrey Moore, soprano, and Frederick Zerbe, baritone.

10:15-10:30 p. m.—Latest news flashes.

WRC—Radio Corp. of America (489 Meters, 640 Kilocycles.)

8:45 a. m.—Tower health exercises.

8:50 a. m.—Federal morning devotion.

8:15 a. m.—Parnassus Trio.

8:35-8:45 a. m.—Cheese, music and 10:00 a. m.—Dr. Royal S. Copeland hour.

11:00 a. m.—NBC studio program.

11:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.

12:00 a. m.—NBC studio program.

12:00 (noon)—Farm flashes.

12:10 p. m.—George F. Ross, pianist.

12:20 p. m.—Noonday Lenten service.

1:00 p. m.—Archie Slater and his Lotus Orchestra.

2:00 p. m.—"Music for Mothers," by Harriet Seymour.

2:15 p. m.—Parnassus Trio.

3:15 p. m.—"Mental Exercises," by Prof. Ernest Wood.

3:30 p. m.—NBC studio program.

4:15 p. m.—Manhattan Trio.

4:30 p. m.—Kenneth Casey and his orchestra.

5:30 p. m.—Van and his orchestra.

5:50 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.

6:35 p. m.—Motion picture guide.

6:50 p. m.—Dodge Brothers presentation.

7:00 p. m.—Concert by the United States Marine Band.

7:45 p. m.—The Political Situation in Washington Tonight, by Frederic William Wile.

8:00 p. m.—Dodge Brothers presentation.

8:30 p. m.—Hoover Sentinels.

8:50 p. m.—Correct time.

9:00 p. m.—Clifford Robinson.

10:00 p. m.—Smith Brothers.

10:30 p. m.—P. B. weather forecast.

10:50-11:00—Gene Brynner.

WHP—American Broadcasting Co. (323 Meters, 930 Kilocycles.)

10:00 a. m.—Household talk.

10:35 a. m.—Health talk by W. S. Whitman.

11:00 a. m.—Victor half hour.

11:30 a. m.—Talks, music and 6:00 p. m.—Old-time tunes.

6:15 p. m.—The income tax, by H. T. Peters.

6:30 to 7:00 p. m.—Selections from current musical comedies.

WJAZ—New York.

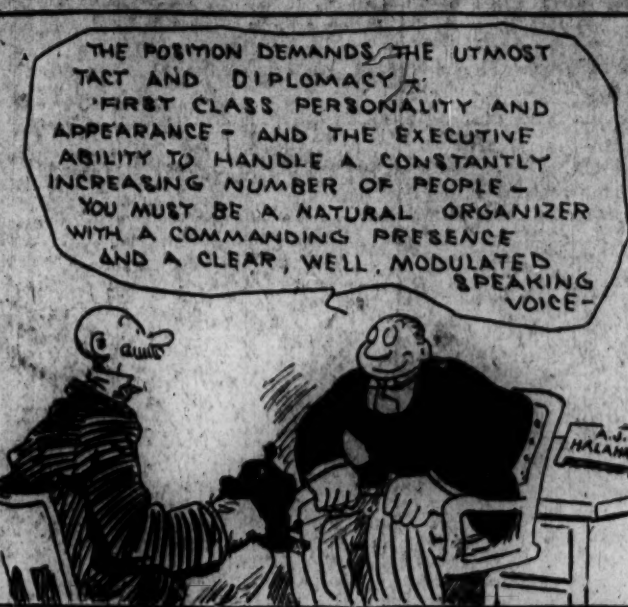
(487 Meters, 610 Kilocycles.)

7 p. m.—Midweek hymn song.

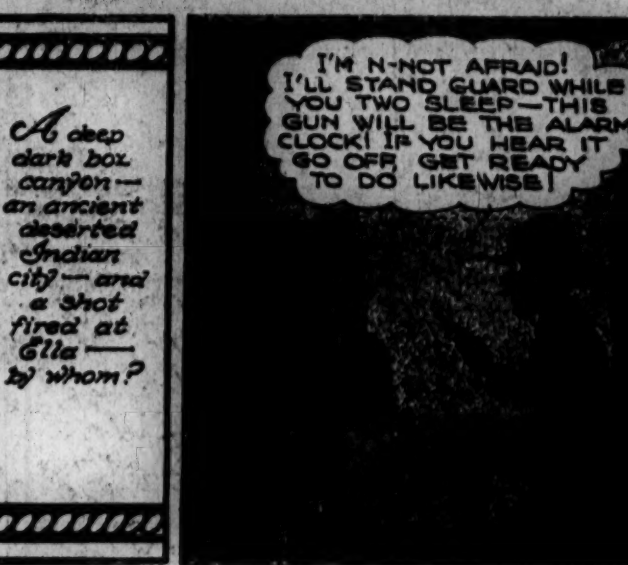
7:30 p. m.—Comfort hour.

8 p. m.—Dodge Bros. presentation.

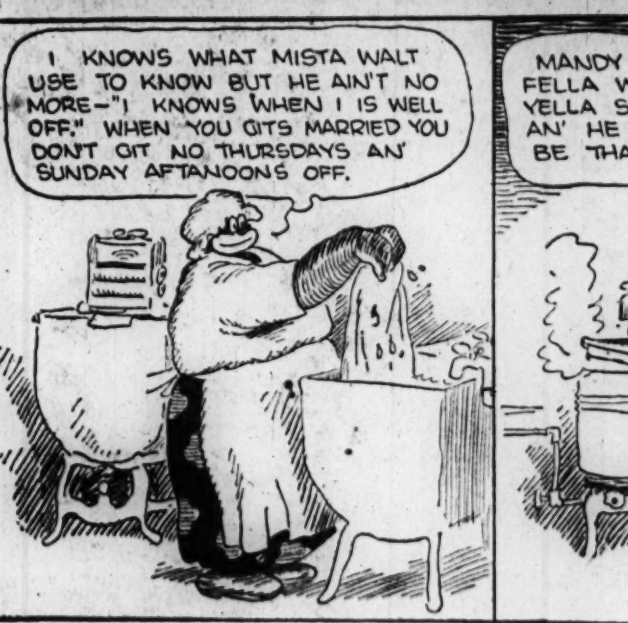
THE GUMPS



ELLA CINDERS—Vanished—Disappeared—Gone



GASOLINE ALLEY



MINUTE MOVIES



BOBBY THATCHER



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREAD WINNER



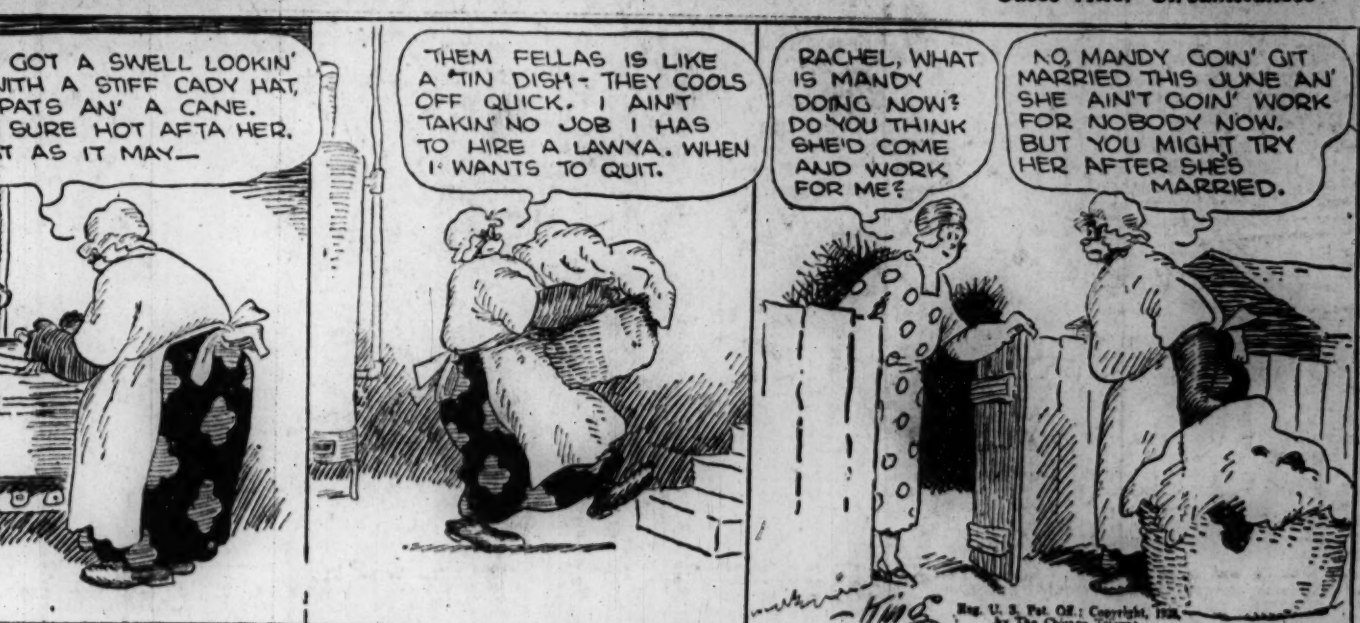
The Passing Show



By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb



WHERE IS ELLA?



By Ed Wheeler



By George Storm



The Passing Show



The Passing Show

Uncle Ray's Corner

Interesting Animals

IV. THE WALRUS.

THE name of the walrus comes from two Norwegian words, meaning "whale-horse." To call a walrus a whale-horse is putting the matter rather strongly; but it is a good-sized animal just the same.

When Experts Agree—Why Take Chances?

When laboratory tests are made by the manufacturers of quality receiving sets, RCA Radiotrons are used. When quality receiving sets are offered for sale, RCA Radiotrons are specified for initial equipment and for replacement. Why run the risk of faulty reception when you can equip your set with genuine RCA Radiotrons—the perfected product of the world's foremost radio engineers?



Head of a Walrus.

The tusks of a male walrus are a sight to behold. They are two great teeth which grow from the upper jaw and which are sometimes two and a half feet long.

What do you suppose the walrus does with his tusks? Yes, he uses them for fighting. During the mating season he is likely to battle with another male, and at any season he is ready to defend himself against a polar bear or a man—unless he can dive to safety.

When left alone at any time except the spring mating season, the walrus is a peaceful animal. He feeds largely on oysters which he digs up with his tusks, but will also accept worms or starfish or sea urchins. Indeed, he even likes to swallow pebbles. The pebbles can not supply food value, but I suppose they help in some manner in digestion.

The whiskers are another "sight to behold." Since they grow on the cheeks we may call them "sideburns." They give a rather brusque look to the old fellow.

When on the arctic shore or when crossing a floating island of ice, the walrus is awkward, but let him get into the water and he is at home. He rides the waves like a regular sea-horse.

Walrus live in groups, and help one another against their enemies. They make sounds like the bark of seals but deeper.

Eskimos kill the walrus in order to take oil from his blubber, to make ropes and dog harness and to use the flesh for food.

Tomorrow—Alpacas and Vicuñas.
(Copyright, 1928, Publishers Syndicate.)



What's Behind Your Stock?

Issue.				High	Low	Close	Issue.				High	Low	Close
30.00 Penn. Ohio & L. E. 5s, 1932	103 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2				1,000 Bogaht Mfg. Bk. 7s, 1947, new	93 3/4	93 3/4	93 3/4			
20.00 Penn. P. & L. E. 5s, 1933	104	104	104				40,000 Bogaht Mfg. Bk. 7s, 1947, new	93 3/4	93 3/4	93 3/4			
22.00 Phillips Pet. 5 1/2s, 1930	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2				102,000 Brazil 6 1/2s, 1937	98	97 1/2	98			
20.00 Potomac Edis. 5s, 1936	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2				37,000 Buen. Aires Prov. 7 1/2s, 1937	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
20.00 Pub. Bldg. 4 1/2s, 1936	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2				4,000 Buen. Aires Prov. 7s, 1936	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2			
11.00 Pub. Ser. El. & Gas 4 1/2s, 1937	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2				7,000 Buen. Aires Prov. 7s, 1937	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2			
55.00 Pub. Ser. Corp. N. J. 4 1/2s, 1932	104 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2				2,000 Buenos Aires 6 1/2s, 1940	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2			
5,000 Queensboro Gas 5 1/2s, 1932	104 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2				4,000 Cent. Bk. Ger. 6s, 1931	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2			
9,000 Richmond O. Gas, 1941	104 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2				43,000 Cent. Privat Bk. 5 1/2s, 1937	91 1/2	90 1/2	91 1/2			
3,000 St. Louis Gas & Coke 6s, 1947	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2				3,000 Cordoba 7s, 1937	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
5,000 Schulte R. E. 5s, 1935	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2				2,000 Chile Mfg. Bk. 6s, 1931	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
10,000 Sevel Cor. 6s, 1948 B.	61	60 1/2	61				1,000 Danish Ck. 5 1/2s, 1935	100	100	100			
17,000 Shawmut W. P. & L. 4 1/2s, 1937	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2				1,000 Danzig Port. 6 1/2s, 1932	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2			
1,000 Shell Pipe Line 6 1/2s, 1932	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2				2,000 Denmark Ked. 5 1/2s, 1937	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2			
4,000 Sioux Sheff. 6s, 1929	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2				16,000 Est. Pruss. Ld. Bk. 6s, 1930	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
18,000 Snider Pack 6s, 1932	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2				7,000 Estonia 7s, 1937	94	92 1/2	94			
1,000 So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1934	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				24,000 Finland Rep. 5 1/2s, 1931	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
31,000 S. E. P. & L. 6s, 1932	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2				1,000 Ger. Con. Mun. 7s, 1947	100	100	100			
31,000 South Asbestos 6s, 1937	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				15,000 Guanajuato West R. 6s, 1938	97	97	97			
1,000 So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1934	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				10,000 Hamburg El. 7s, 1930	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2			
19,000 South Cal. Ed. 5s, 1931	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				1,000 Hanover St. Cred. 6s	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2			
9,000 South Cal. Ed. 5s, 1932	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				10,000 Irish Free St. 5s, 1930	97 1/2	97	97			
3,000 So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1934	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				5,000 Isarco Hyd. El. 7s, 1932	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
7,000 So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1935	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2				7,000 Jugo Slav Mfg. Bk. 7s, 1937	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2			
10,000 Staley Mfg. 6s, 1942	110	109 1/2	110				13,000 Lombard Elec. 7s, 1932	98 1/2	98	98 1/2			
1,000 Stand. Ind. Corp. 5s, 1937	117	117	117				1,000 Lombard 7s, w.w.	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
1,000 Stand. Oil N. Y. 6 1/2s, 1931	106	106	106				1,000 Medellin Colomb. 6s	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2			
19,000 Stand. Pow. & L. 6s, 1937	102 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2				1,000 Medellin Col. 7s, 1931	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
1,000 Stutz Mfg. 5s, 1937	95	95	95				16,000 Mendoza P. 7s, 1931	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2			
2,000 Sun Mfg. 6s, 1932	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2				40,000 Meridionale Elec. 7s, 1935	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
20,000 Sun Oil 5 1/2s, 1939	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2										
22.00 Swift Co. 5s, 1932	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2				17,000 Norway Kadm. 5s, 1937	95	95	95			
27,000 Tex. Pow. & L. 6s, 1936	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2				20,000 Saarbr. El. 7s, 1935	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
1,000 Transact. Oil 7s, 1930	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2				7,000 Potrero Sug. 7s, 1947	91	89 1/2	90 1/2			
1,000 Trans. Lark D. P. 6 1/2s, 1932	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2				9,000 Prussia P. S. 6 1/2s, 1951	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
6,000 Un. L. & Ry. 5 1/2s, 1952	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2				22,000 Rio Grande 7s, 1936	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1929	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				27,000 Rio Grande 7s, 1937	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1931	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				53,000 Rio Jan. 6 1/2s, 1937	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1932	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				2,000 Russ. 5 1/2s cts., N. C. 1919	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1933	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				12,000 Russian 5 1/2s cts., 1921	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1934	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				5,000 Saar Basin Con. 7s, 1935	101	101	101			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1935	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				16,000 Saxon State Mfg. 7s, 1945	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1936	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				4,000 Saxa Fails Ld. 5s, 1955	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1937	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				28,000 Saxa Fails El. Pow. 6s	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1938	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				6,000 Saxa S. Mfg. 6 1/2s, 1946	97	96 1/2	97			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1939	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				20,000 Shermans' Coal & Slov. 7s, 1932	91	90 1/2	90 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1940	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				32,000 Simmes 7s, 1935, new	95	94 1/2	94 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1941	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				27,000 Simmes 7s, 1936	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1942	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				5,000 Tirod Hyd. El. 7s, 1952	94	93 1/2	94			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1943	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				3,600 Unit. Elec. Serv. 7s, 1952	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1944	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				28,000 United Stl. Wks. 6 1/2s, 1947, A	97	97	97			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1945	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				18,000 Vienna 6s, 1952	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1946	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				28,000 Westphalia El. Pow. 6s	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1947	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				15,000 Vioctia Franchini 7s	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2			
5,000 U. S. Rub. 6 1/2s, 1948	100	99 1/2	99 1/2				5,000 Vioctia Franchini 7s	94	94	94			

Sales of stocks, 491,600 shares. Sales of bonds, \$3,431,000. XD—Ex dividend. XR—Ex rights. UR—Under rule.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Chicago, March 7 (A.P.). (United States Department of Agriculture.)
CATTLE — 8,000; better grade fed steers closed weak to 15 lower; trade very slow; lower grades steady to weak; more active than good to choice offerings; better grade fat cows fully steady; lower grades and cullers weak to 25 lower; bulls, 10 to 15 off; vealers, light yearling steers and heifers fully 25 higher; spots more; this applying to kinds scaling 900 pounds down to 450 pounds, strictly choice, 1338-pound bulls, 16.00; bulk, 14.50 downward; long yearlings, 15.00; heifers, yearlings, 12.25; most low cullers cows, 5.50-5.65, few 5.75; practical for sausage bulls, 8.25; light vealers, 12.50-13.00; practical top to shippers, 15.00, few 15.50.
HOGS — Receipts, 21,000; market steady with yesterday's average; closed active, steady to strong; top 8.40; paid for numerous scaling 160 to 230 pounds; bulk better grades, 170 to 230 pound averages, 8.25-8.40; better grade 230 to 260 pound weights, 8.10-8.35; good and choice 270 to 320 pounds, 7.85-8.15; bulk 140 to 160 pound averages, 7.50-8.25; medium kinds at inside weight, downward to 7.25; medium and good pigs, largely 7.00; bulk packing sows, 6.75-7.25; few suitable for shipment up to 7.40; shipper top 9.00; estimated holdover, 6.00.
SHEEP — Receipts, 7,000; choice heavy adult lambs sharply higher on paper; actually 25 up; improved quality considered; other grades and weights opened steady to strong, closing weak on heavies; choice heavy weights, 16.65-16.75; next best price, 16.25; bulk 97 to 99-pound Colorado and good heavier weights, 15.50-15.75; medium kinds downward to 15.00; best 86-pound Colorado to shippers, 16.15; sheep strong; good fat ewes, 9.00-9.25; good 64 to 75-pound feeding and shearing lambs steady, 14.30-14.75.
New York, March 7 (A.P.).
BEEFSTEAKS — Receipts, 4,000; irregular; steers, 17.85-17.95; State bulls, 9.00-9.05; cows, 4.00-8.00; calves; receipts, 1,970; steady; veals, common to prime.

SECURITIES PRICE AVERAGES

New York, March 7 (A.P.)—Bond market averages:		
Ten first grade rails	96.22	96.08
Ten secondary rails	96.78	96.60
Ten public utilities	98.16	98.13
Ten industrial	101.51	101.63
Combined average	96.40	96.40
Combined metal aco	99.71	
Combined average	96.61	
Total bond sales (par value)	813,809.00	
Stock market averages:		
Wednesday	184.31	184.03
Thursday	185.58	184.02
Week ago	192.24	184.00
Year ago	148.56	132.84
High, 1928	188.36	147.41
Low, 1928	178.84	138.36
Total stock sales, 2,722,200 shares.		

TREASURY CERTIFICATES.

(Reported by J. & W. Seligman & Co.)		
Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.
3 1/2	Mar. 15, 1918	99-31-32
3 1/2	Mar. 15, 1928	99-31-32
3 1/2	July 15, 1928	99-31-32
3 1/2	Sept. 15, 1928	99-31-32
3 1/2	Mar. 15, 1932	99-31-32
3 1/2	Sept. 15, 1932	99-31-32
3 1/2	Mar. 15, 1932	99-31-32

FOREIGN BONDS.

French 4s	30 1/2
French 5s	30 1/2
British 4 1/2s	42
British 5s	46 1/2
British War Loan 5s	60 1/2
Italian 5s, 1925	46
Italian 5s	46
Belg. Rest. 5s	26
Belg. Premium 5s	28

CURB MARKET REVIEW

New York, March 7 (A.P.).—Profit-taking sales changed the picture in the stock market today and prices which up to noon were advancing became irregular. New high prices were fairly numerous especially among industrial specialties, public utilities and pipelines but the afternoon call upon buyers for the advance to absorb heavy selling tended to reduce gains and in the case of some stocks caused losses on the day.
Ford of Canada was typical of the day's trend. It opened at 54, a full point above yesterday's new high soared to 59 and then broke 10 points closing at 50. Among issues which retained their gains despite the avalanche of late sales were American Hawaiian Steamship Crowley Miler, Deere & Co., Galesburg, Coulter Disc, both Interstate Department Store issues, Nichols and Shepard warrants, Schiff Co. preferred and Silver Brothers. Celanese, Carnegie Metals Canadian, Marconi and Spanish and General closed substantially higher.
Banquette strengthened toward the close, but lost 4 points net on the day after having moved up to 192 1/2, declined to 183 1/2 and made its way back to close at 187. Case Flow Works slipped to a new low price. Other weak spots included Auburn Motor, Evans Auto A, Glen Alden and Safety Car Heater.
The largest turnover of the day appeared in Creole Syndicate, which gained slightly under accumulation inspired by reports of pending developments in the Venezuela oil fields. Standard of Kentucky advanced nearly 4 points. Standard of Indiana, Gulf Humble, Salt Creek Producers and others lost ground. Prairie Fire Line sagged 3 points, but several others, among them high, among them Buckeye, Illinois and Indiana.
Mining and metal shares were irregular.

Post Classified Ads enable quick response the same day they appear. They bring "Today's Results" today when you phone Main 4205

Washington, D. C., February 25th, 1928.

Lambert-Hudson Motor Company,
Hudson-Exsex Distributors,
Connecticut Avenue and L Street N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Will you please see that the fuel tanks of the Hudson and Essex Automobiles which I will operate by radio control this week in my Washington experiment are filled with the **Lightning Motor Fuel** by the Penn Oil Company, this city. Also, I must insist upon personal supervision to be sure that the lubricating systems of these cars are supplied with **Lightning 100% Pure Pennsylvania Motor Oil**.

I find by careful analysis that **Lightning** gives instant starting regardless of low temperature, greater power, quicker acceleration and superior increased speed. . . . is free from knocks and getaway, . . . and possesses many other definite super-**Lightning Motor Oil** also insures that absolute smoothness of engine movement and frictionless effort of all other moving parts of the car . . . qualities which are absolutely essential for my demonstration.

You will, of course, readily understand that because of the delicacy of my experiments with radio control of your automobiles, it is essential that I have every helpful assistance, it is essential that **Lightning Motor Fuel** and **Lightning** science can give accordingly my unqualified choices as the best available products of their kind.

Very truly yours,

Maurice J. Francill

MAURICE J. FRANCILL,
Radio Wizard.

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

PEPPER

<

Lightning Scores Another Triumph!

Read This Signed Letter from

FRANCILL the Radio Wizard

Washington, D. C., February 28th, 1928.
Lambert-Hudson Motor Company,
Hudson-Essex Distributors,
Connecticut Avenue and L Street N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Will you please see that the fuel tanks of the Hudson and Essex Automobiles which I will operate by radio control this week in my Washington experiments are filled with the *Lightning Motor Fuel* of the Penn Oil Company, this city. Also, I must insist upon personal supervision of these cars as supplied with lubricating systems of these cars are supplied with *Lightning* 100% Pure Pennsylvania Motor Oil.

I find by careful analysis that *Lightning* gives instant starting regardless of low temperature, greater power, quicker acceleration and getaway, increased speed . . . is free from knocks and carbon . . . and possesses many other definite superiorities as a Motor Fuel.

Lightning Motor Oil also insures that absolute smoothness of engine movement and frictionless effort of all other moving parts of the car . . . qualities which are absolutely essential for my demonstration.



You will, of course, readily understand that because of the delicacy of my experiments with radio control of your automobiles, it is essential that I have every helpful assistance that science can give. *Lightning Motor Fuel* and *Lightning Motor Oil* are accordingly my unqualified choices as the best available products of their kind.

Very truly yours,

Maurice J. Francise

MAURICE J. FRANCILL,
Radio Wizard.

This is A
Scientific Age
Take The Word of Science
and use *LIGHTNING*



PENN OIL COMPANY—FRANKLIN 391

HOUSES FOR SALE

MASS. AVE. PARK
Corner Detached Brick
\$29,000

This distinctive colonial brick residence situated on a wooded corner lot, far surpasses, both in location and appointments, any home we have offered in this price class during the past year. First floor has wide reception hall, house with living room with colonial fireplace, spacious dining room, library, large kitchen, and outside porch. There are five sunny bedrooms and two well appointed baths. There is an attic over entire front porch, stone roof, 2-car built-in garage; the home has been kept in perfect condition. This is well worth your inspection.

For location, call

N. L. SANSBURY CO., INC.,
1418 Eye St. N.W. Main 5904
Phone Service Until 9 P. M.

One of the Handsomest New
Homes on 16th St.

Only \$45,000 (Formerly Much
Higher)

A little north of Madison St. In close proximity to Rock Creek Park, in a beautiful detached residence, this property—3010 16th St.—represents an ideal home, having been reduced in price very materially. It is a most attractive design and of first-class construction. It is a really fine home in what may be regarded as an ideal spot. Call us to go by yourself.

WM. H. SAUNDERS CO., INC.
Exclusive Agents, Realtors,
Office Open Till 9 P. M.

1433 K St. N.W. Main 1017

SUBURBAN FOR SALE

ONE ACRE of ground in Franklin
Park. Unimproved, accessible
to car line or bus; reasonable
cash proposition will be consid-
ered. Box 331 Washington Post

ACREAGE FOR SALE

NORTH OF WASHINGTON
Specializing in large and small
tracts of ground north of Wash-
ington in Silver Spring, Wood-
stock, and Gaithersburg sections.

We have several places with a wonderful
future for early enhancement in value, on State
highways and in suburban Sanitary areas.

Let us give you some valuable in-
formation on the future of these in-
vestments. See Mr. O'Byrne.

HEDGES & MIDDLETON,
Inc.
REALTORS, Franklin 0103.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

A REAL FARM
CLOSE TO TOWN

A delightful farm of 120 acres (one land;
well fenced and watered; 10-room and 2-bath
house in splendid condition; 2 small barns, 4
cattle barns, 4-room tenant house; fruit
abundance of beautiful shade and
emancipated trees; very large pond on a hard
surface road, about 400 feet from Georgia
ave. plus 15 minutes' drive from D. C. line.
A most excellent place for an exclusive dinner
or clubhouse. Property clear. Will sell or
trade for good lot.

W. H. WEST CO.
918 10th St. N.W. Main 9009.

MARKET LOCATION

Wide frontage facing
Riggs Market. Suitable
for any business. An op-
portunity to buy at a
lower price than is asked
for any of the sur-
rounding properties. See

Mr. Groomes

HEDGES & MIDDLETON
Realtors
1412 Eye St. N.W. Frank 9503

FARMS FOR SALE

ACREAGE, country home estates in Northern
Va.; convenient to Washington. Buell Farm
Agency, Realtors, Herndon, Fairfax Co.
Va.; phone Herndon 38.

OUR LIST OF MORE THAN

40 farms throughout Montgomery County, Md.
completes some of the best stock, dairy, fruit
and country farms in the State.

1/2 ACRE TO 500 ACRES
FOR INFORMATION AS FOR E. C.
TOMAS, FARM DEPARTMENT.

BOSS & PHELPS

1417 K St. N.W. Realtors Main 9090

BUSINESS PROPERTY

For Sale
Near corner 14th and Irving sts. n.w.; 3-
story brick building, suitable for retail, front 1st
commercial; store on north side. BARGAIN
AT \$14,000.

GARDNER & DENT, INC.
Realtors-Brokers, 1332 Eye St. N.W.

SMALL APARTMENT

BUILDING
Near Dupont Circle
\$14,000

Four-story brick house, arranged as
4 complete apts., each with bath;
modern in all respects, with 2-car
brick garage on lot of 10 ft. being
in an income of \$131 per month. Ex-
clusive of owner's apt.

MOORE & HILL, Inc.
Realtors
730 17th St. N.W. Main 1174

FOR LEASE

Beacon Inn
1801 Calvert Street N.W.

Immediate Possession
Apply
Trust Department

DISTRICT NATIONAL BANK
1406 G St. N.W.

Col. 3063

REAL ESTATE WANTED

We accept only exclusive listings. When
we accept the exclusive sale of a property
the owner is practically assured of a sale
We limit the number of listings, thereby sav-
ing each property personal attention. We are
the only firm offering this special service.

GARDNER & DENT, INC.,
Realtor-Broker,
Main 4884, 1332 Eye St. N.W.

WILL purchase at once, one or more brick
houses for cash; white G. Roberts, 1418
Eye St. N.W. Main 5904. Will pay cash
less of condition; many clients to purchase
houses, apts. and stores on terms or to trade
for other property. Showlisters: 1418
Eye St. N.W. Main 5904. Phone Main 1233
evening Frank 1442.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE

ATTRACTIVE, 2-room cooperative apt. at
3014 Porter st.; owner must sell; rare bar-
gain; see terms. Phone Cleveland 1607.

REAL ESTATE LOANS

WE BUY 2d deed of trust notes on improved
property in District of Columbia. Propri-
etors may obtain cash and avoid the prob-
lems of vacant lots and average; sub-
ject to highest credit rating. Attention: F. B.
Gordon, Continental Trust Bldg., No. 2331
Eye St. N.W.

1st, 2nd and 3rd Trust Loans

Confidential Service.
Main 2411 and 2412, 118-120 Broad Bldg.,
D. C. and Maryland Loans.

District Loan Procurement Co.

Money to loan in any amount for 3 to 10
years, to be secured upon 1st mortgages in the
District of Columbia. Installment loans made
in Washington and nearby Maryland and Vir-
ginia. Loans made on 10-year monthly installment plan
for building for cash. No mortgage in case
of death of the borrower.

E. QUINCY SMITH, INC., 900 14th St.

LOANS AT LOWEST INTEREST RATES

TYLER & RUTHERFORD
1520 K St. N.W. Main 470.

PLENTY OF MONEY. QUICK ACTION.

BRODIE & COLBERT
1302 Eye St. N.W. Main 10109.

QUICK MONEY

TO LEND, AND TO TRUST, \$200,000.00
ON MARYLAND AND D. C. HOMES. THREE
DAYS TO COMPLETE TRANSACTIONS.

C. F. Waring
1416 F St. N.W. Main 9172.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON autos and trucks provided; 6 per
cent interest; approved and broker's fees;
no delay. Frank 301 N. Y. ave. FR. 6000.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hopkins,
Bankrupt. In the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DIS-
trict of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy
Court, in the matter of Harry A. Hop-
kins, Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that
the above-named bankrupt, individually and as
partner in the firm of Harry A. Hopkins &
Company, has filed his petition praying for a dis-
charge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that
his creditors are required to enter their appear-
ance in opposition, if any, to the discharge, on or
before the 10th day of April, 1928, at the
office of said court, on or before the 10th day of
April, 1928, at 10 o'clock a. m.

THE LEGAL RECORD

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1928.
UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Present: Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Van
Devanter, Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Jus-
tice Brandeis, Mr. Justice Sutherland, Mr. Jus-
tice Butler, Mr. Justice Sanford and Mr. Jus-
tice Stone.

Mr. McLean, of Washington, D. C.; W. R.
Walker, of Oklahoma City, Okla.; and
Leon M. Fisk, of Boise, Idaho, were admitted
to practice.

No. 292. Beatrice Grayson Johnson, peti-
tioner, vs. Wright Thoroughgood, as the ad-
ministrator, et al.; argument continued. The
court declined to hear further argument.

No. 310. Standard Pipe Line Co., Inc., et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Leave granted continu-
ance for further argument. Leave granted con-
tinuance for application for writ of
certiorari within two weeks.

No. 321. Mutual Life Insurance Co., peti-
tioner, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 322. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 323. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 324. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 325. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 326. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 327. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 328. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 329. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 330. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 331. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 332. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 333. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 334. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 335. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 336. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 337. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 338. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 339. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 340. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 341. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 342. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 343. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 344. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 345. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 346. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 347. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 348. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 349. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

No. 350. James H. Shaffer, collector, et al.,
petitioners, vs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
Respondent. Argument continued. The court
declined to hear further argument.

THE WEATHER

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE
Sun rises... 6:31 High tide... 9:30 9:50
Sun sets... 6:08 Low tide... 3:49 4:06

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
Washington, Wednesday, March 7—8 p. m.
Forecast: For the District of Columbia and
Marshall, fair and somewhat colder Thurs-
day; Friday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sat-
urday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sunday, fair
and somewhat warmer.

The temperature was central over west-
ern Minnesota Tuesday night, has moved
rapidly eastward to northern New England, and
is in the process of moving eastward over the
Atlantic coast. The temperature is moder-
ate over the Atlantic coast, shifting to
east and somewhat warmer.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
Washington, Wednesday, March 7—8 p. m.
Forecast: For the District of Columbia and
Marshall, fair and somewhat colder Thurs-
day; Friday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sat-
urday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sunday, fair
and somewhat warmer.

The temperature was central over west-
ern Minnesota Tuesday night, has moved
rapidly eastward to northern New England, and
is in the process of moving eastward over the
Atlantic coast. The temperature is moder-
ate over the Atlantic coast, shifting to
east and somewhat warmer.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
Washington, Wednesday, March 7—8 p. m.
Forecast: For the District of Columbia and
Marshall, fair and somewhat colder Thurs-
day; Friday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sat-
urday, fair and somewhat warmer; Sunday, fair
and somewhat warmer.

The temperature was central over west-
ern Minnesota Tuesday night, has moved
rapidly eastward to northern New England, and
is in the process of moving eastward over the
Atlantic coast. The temperature is moder-
ate over the Atlantic coast, shifting to
east and somewhat warmer.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.
Washington, Wednesday, March 7—8 p. m.
Forecast: For the District of Columbia and
Marshall, fair and somewhat

1913